## ropular Science

INVENTIONS
DISCOVERIES
RADIO
AUTOMOBILES
AVIATION
HOME WORKSHOP

WALED MONTHLY

1872



SEPTEMBER

Giant plane designed to cross Atlantic in a day

25 CENTS

\$10,000 Prize Contest-See Page 31



Instantly, with a turn of the wrist, you retighten the head of any Plumb Tool. V shape of wedge expends would at hundle against ab sides of eye all the way in.

Look for the
Red Handle
with the
Black Head
(Color Combination
registered av
trade merk
to U.S. Parent Office)
8XCLUSIVELY
PLUMB

Black head on red handle means a better hammer

SEE what PLUMB has done to give particular tool-users a hammer they will appreciate.

A hammer, too, that will retain its good qualities through a lot of hard use.

With its larger face, for accuracy;
Its shorter neck, for better balance;
Its claws improved in pulling power;
Its head specially tempered—hard for service, tough for wear—
AND THE TAKE-UP WEDGE TO KEEP IT NEW.

The Plumb Take-Up Wedge retightens the black head of this hammer with a turn of the wrist. It keeps all Plumb heads tight on Plumb red handles.

The Take-Up Wedge preserves balance and hang and accuracy.

It keeps Plumb tools (exclusively) good as new!

FAYETTE R. PLUMB, Inc. Philadelphia, U. S. A. The PLUMB
Balenced Nail Hammer
At good hardware stores
\$1.30 (except in Far West
and Capada)

0



Startling! Revolutionary!

These new developments of Powel Grosley Ir.

This compact, efficient receiver is an improvement of the famous Crosley one tube set, with which Leonard Weekr, of Minot, N. D., heard the MacMillan Polar expedition while the rest of America

The employment of the double circuit not only reduces radiation to a minimum, but radically improves selectivity. It can be tuned through local stations more readily. Under average conditions, its

You can use the "PUP" to check the performance of your larger set; to entertain that youngster whose curious fingers cannot resist the lure of dials and switches; to install in the maid's room, or even your office—for the air is full each day. You can take it on cance trips, pienses, outrings, and on your business journeys-for it's only half the size of a shoe box,

It is not offered as superior to the higher priced sets. There is

a difference in volume of sound—but no difference in receptivity, selectivity, tonal qualities—or the enjoyment it offers.

The Crealey "Pup" is offered as a real selective, long distance receiving set. It requires one dry cell, one "B" battery block, one WD12 tube, a pair of head phones and antenna.

double circuit receiver

A Genuine Armstrong Regenerative Crosley owns and operates Super-Power Breadcasting Station WLW

## New CROSLEY Super-TRIRDYNS for 1926

3 Tubes Do the Work of 5 or 6

You have not heard the perfection of radio reception until you have listened to these two new Super-Trirdyns. In them the need for more than three tubes is eliminated by the famous Trirdyn hook-up-which combines tuned radio frequency, Armstrong regeneration and reflex amplification. There is no radiation. Distant stations come in clear and sharp on the loud speaker and can be accurately logged. Offered in solid mahegany cabinets of exquisite beauty and design, these new models are the aristocrats of radio reception at democratic prices,

#### New Super-Trirdyn Special

The finest development of the famous Crosley Trirdyn-beautifully done A magnificent cabinet of solid mahogany-simple in design. Richly finished with engraved metal dials. The case is large enough to contain all needed batteries if dry cell tubes are used. Price, without accessories - -





#### Add 10°J. to All Prices West of **Rocky Mountains**

It is expected than 500,000 tool speake plants! by the Mills Maskanse of the M homan vok c nithent the c turing it r just ments n butsevies 7 turiting utilit tingting utilt
its fapthful to
all tones.

Come. Bewas to lon

come speaker

basic patent.

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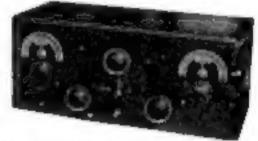


#### TRIRDYN Combination De Lusy

new France Triplets Special

#### The New Super-Trirdyn Regular

A beautiful cabinet job! Simple, yet rich. Oil rubbed solid mahogany. Art metal dials give distinctive finishing touch. With new Trirdyn features incorporated it is a wonderful walse at the price, willhout accessories -



#### Radical Improvements in Other Popular Crosley 2 and 3 Tube Models!



#### New 2 Tube—51 Special Deluxe

These law priced models represent radical improvements in selectivity, performance, approximate and other selectivity contents and improved respirity have been achieved by the tast of the new worm type tighter, the new Country vernier plate are desert and the double circuit. Price without accessories.

#### New 3 Tube - 52 Special Deluxe

This model the Ore III cantalys the III cantalys the new Creater to prove service also as the III the for dry and had-turine in buil-metula. Price is



#### THE CROSLEY RADIO CORPORATION

Crostey manufactures receiving sets which are Borned under Armetrong U. S. patent No. 1,333,349 and priced from \$9.75 to \$40 without accessories.

CINCINHATI

Write for descriptive catalog

Crity Unit rules

See the Crosley line at your dealer's

This seal on a radio or tool advertisament signifies the approval of the INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS. See page 19.

## Popular Science Monthly

The Magazine of Invention and Discovery

SEPTEMBER, 1925; Vol. 107, No. 3 25 cents a Copy; \$2.50 a Year



Published in New York City as 250 Fourth Avenue

### Coming Next Month

In the Wild-Animal Hospital—The remarkable experiences of a daring surgeon who has performed more than 1500 operations on lions, elephants, monkeys, and many other wild animals. A story packed full of dramatic episodes.

Long Life to Your Tires-In another entertaining "Gus and Joe" story next month, the two proprietors of the Model Garage give some valuable tips on how to take care of your tires. If you haven't met these two fascinating characters, you can make their acquaintance on page 76 of this issue.

What Radio Set Shall I Build? - That's a question many a radio fan is asking himself this fall. In an article next month our Radio Editor will help you answer it.

More than 200 other fascinating articles and pictures, giving you all the news of radio engineering, science and invention, strange and unusual things people are doing, together with practical ideas for the automobile, the home, the home workshop, and the use of tools and machinery.



Repairing the broken leg of an ape—one of many interesting in-cidents in next mouth's story of the experiences of a wild-eni-mal surgeon, who has performed more than 1500 operations

HE world's most mysterious man is writing his story for POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY; one of the most fascinating in the whole wide field of science. The secrets he reveals answer questions that have been rising in the minds of most of us since childhood. Watch next month's issue, on sale September 10, for the announcement of this amazing series.

#### POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY

Insteed progethly. Bingin copy. 25 ccots. Yearly sobscription to United States, its possessions, and Canada, \$1.50; foreign connected, \$3. Entered as accord-class matter Dec. 24. 1916, at the Peet Office at New York under the act of March 1, 1879; additional entry as eccord-class matter at Department, Canada. Printed in U.S.A. Copyright, 1925, by the Popular Science Publishing Co., Inc. The constants of this magnetise must not be reprinted without permission. In presenting in its estimated science products of speed science. Provides Science Mourant does not underwrite the business methods of the individuals or concerns producing them. The use of Populan Science Mourant articles, or quotations from them for stock-sciling schemes is never authorized.

(C. H. Capen, President and Transport; R. C. Whom, Vice-President; A. L. Cole, Sciencimy.

## In This Issue The Power that Lies in Your Eyes... By Arthur Grahame Can We Pump Power from the Earth! By Erned Welker Can We Pump Power from the Earth! By Ernet Weller! America's First Rotet Rost Twisted Paper Box and Aviation. By John R. McMakon Henring Wild Beasts by Flashlight Horrist Pipe Contest Marvels of Marine Workmanship The a High Presence Job. By Pranch Parket Sinchleridge Hore Fan Can You Go! By Robert E. Marila Sea Guders—The Last Word in Aircraft Poissons that Lark in "Boorleg Booze" By Norman C. McLoud Ship Lanther From Sharks He Staged More Bettles than Napoleon. By Fred Gilman Japa Antonatic Instrument Sanda SOS Cathe Sanda Lort to Deal Automatic Instrument Sanda SOS Cathe Sanda Lort Resource Schools Nation Side Rayer Strop Pierres Powers for Schools Male Side Rayer Strop Figure Pointer for Schools Malti-Side Razer Strop Los to Shave Your Own Neck Spring Short It Lett of Put. Nevelties of the Road Spring Shee Is Lett of Pull. Auvelium of the Read For Fighteet Co. to School Battering Baja Aids Engenger. See Schibetee Motor Fuel. Pipe Wrench Has Reversible Jaw I Square Held by a Magnet Parking Towes for Autos Latest Josephan in Avantos Latest Josephan in Avantos Latest Josephan in Avantos Solit Are His Steplander Stock Toids Into Handbag Drawing Device Trains Student's Exp. Laid's Chair in Adaptable to Many Games He Does Two Things At Once Yamum Cleans Furnace Flues Dustpersof Hood for Chanding Furnaces. "Mystery Lamp" Lights when Picked Co. Solits Device Short Olf Gas Rolling Fin for Weight Reducing. Metal Honorocomb Doubles Bees' Output Sen Ideas for the Kitchen. Camp Stove Heated by Blowterch [199] Watt Lamps Grow Grass Coling Insert of Size! Olingwide Hand-Cutt Largest Fower-Camerating Station folding, Unainkable Rowbout Auto Converted into Fire-Engine Goseline Tiller Replaces Horse. Monsetrap Set by Foot For Farm and Gatden They Doe t Come Any Bigger. Hot-Lappin Lat. Know Your Car. Know Your Car. Hot-Lunch Art.... KINDS YOUR CRE. Patent Grapper for Cambing Girders. Beart-Shaped Glauss for Actors Three-Pointed Pen Aids Bookheeners. One-Piece Suit for Tennis. Smithing-Tube is Latent Fad. By John Carr When Is a C Battery Worth While?.... By Alexander Sensube, M.K., E.E. Radio Sparks How to Make a Wave Trap. By Alfred P. Loue By Alfred P. Loue Newest Auto Improvements. Tricks in Shifting Gears. By Marris Buns Uneful Hints for the Autrior ................................ ZR

The Home Workshop..... Batter Shop Methods..... And Other Timely Articles and Pictures





## A Personal Message to Men Who Want to Earn More than 57,000 Every Year

By J. E. Greenslade

WHEN a civil service clerk earning only \$25 a week suddenly surprises his friends by increasing his earnings to nearly \$200 a week—when a farm hand earning only \$60 a month begins to earn \$1,000 a month—when a railway mail clerk earning \$1,000 a year changes his job and earns \$1,000 in thirty days—when bundreds of others quickly jump from small pay to magnificent earnings—then blame yourself if you do not do equally well.

There is nothing exceptional about any of these men. They'll tell you that themselves. Many had been clerks, bookkeepers, me-

Earns \$1,350 a Month

"Last month. I carned \$1.300 as a salesman. Have averaged \$1.000 a month the last year. I couldn't have done it without N. S. T. A. training."—A. H. Ward, Chicago.

\$1,000 in 30 Days

"After ten years in the railway stall service I decided to make a change. My carnings during the past thirty days were more than \$1,000."—W. Hartle, Chicago, Illinois.

First Month \$1,000

"The very first month I earned \$1,000, I was formerly a farmhand."—Charles Berry, Winterset, Iowa.

More Than \$10,000

"Your training has enabled me to learn more, carn more and be more. I am now president of a national organization, and my earnings for 1925 will easily exceed the five figure mark."

—Charles V. Champion.

City Salesman

"I want to tell you that the N. S. T. A. beloed me to a good selling position with the Shaw-Walker Company."—Wm. W. Johnstone, Jr., S. Minneapolis, Minn,

\$554.37 in One Week

"Last week my caroings amounted to \$554.37; this week will go over \$400."—F. Wyon, Portland, Ore.

\$100 a Week in Only 3 Months H. D. Miller, of Chicago, made \$100 a month as stenographer in July. In September, 3 months later, he was making \$100 a week as a salesman.

\$10,000 a Year

O. H. Malfroot, of Boston, Mass, stepped into a \$10,000 position as a SALES MANAGER—so therough is this training.

chanics, farm hands—in fact, they came from all walks of life. And then in a very short period of time they found themselves making more money than they had ever dreamed possible. Today they know the thrill of money-making.

#### I Pledge You My Word You Can Do It

What these men have done, hundreds have done, hundreds are doing today, and hundreds will do tomorrow. And you can be one of them. The same opportunity is yours with no possibility of your failing to do equally as well if you follow my advice.

But first let me tell you why the same opportunity exists for you. In 12 months the National Salesmen's Training Association received requests for more than 43,000 salesmen from wholesafers, manufacturers, and jobbers—representative concerns all over the United States and Canada. Surely that is a tribute to the manner in which we train men for Master Salesmanship.

There are countless openings for men who really know how to sell—unlimited opportunities to make real money. And once you pomess the secrets of Master Salesmanship you, too, can do equally as well as any of the men mentioned on this page.

#### A Foolish Notion About Salesmen

For some reason the average man imagines that, in order to make good in selling, he must be a "born" salesman. Nothing could be further from the truth. There is no such thing as a "born" salesman.

There are certain principles, certain rules, certain secrets to selling just as there are certain principles in mathematics and medicine. Once you know these principles you can quickly make good in the selling profession.

And through the National Demonstration Method—an exclusive feature of our System of Training—you gain the equivalent of actual experience in overcoming sales problems of all descriptions. Then, through the N. S. T. A. System of Electives, you get

the proved selling plans of Master Salesmen in the line or lines you want to sell.

Step by step this result-securing system of salesmanship training takes you through every phase of selling, and secrets of selling that have made millions of dollars are unfolded to you in a manner so simple and easy as to be immediately grasped.

easy as to be immediately grasped.

Then there is the Free Employment Service at your disposal when you are

qualified and rendy.

#### Remarkable Book, "Modern Saleamanship" Sent—FREE

With my compliments I want to send you a most remarkable book, "Modern Salesmanship." It will show you how you can easily become a Master Salesman—a big money-maker—how the N. S. T. A. System of Salesmanship Training will give you the equivalent of years of selling experience in a few weeks; how our Free Employment Service will help you select and secure a good selling position when you are qualified and ready. And it will give you success stories of former routine workers who are now earning amazing salaries as salesmen. Mail the coupon

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## See How Easy it is to Quickly Become a Powerful Speaker

Powerful Speech has shown thousands an amazingly easy way to win advancement in salary and position, a remarkably quick way to gain popularity, standing and success. You, too, can quickly conquer stage fright, self-consciousness, timidity and bashfulness and become a powerful and convincing speaker who can bend others to your will and dominate one man or an audience of thousands,

HERE is no magio, no trick, no mystery about becoming a powerful and convincing public speaker. Those who believe that the ability to speak forcefully belongs only to a few lecturers are making a

What 15 Minutes a Day Will Show You

How to talk before your club or lodge

How to propose and respond to tourts flow to make a political speech How to tell entertaining atories

How to develop self-confidence How to acquire a winning personality How to accondition your will-power and

How to become a clear, accorate thinker How to develop your power of concentra-

How to be the master of any situation

flow to make after dinner speeches

low to address bond meetings

How to converse interestingly

How to entarge your vocabulary

Row to write better letters

How to train your memory

ambition

serious mistake. I will prove that you, too, can quickly become a powerful speaker and can use that gift to win promotion, salary increases, popularity, power. By an amazing five minute test I will show how to discover whether you are one of the 7 men out of "hidden knack" and do not know it. Men in al-most every profession and line of business have made this test and then taken their first step toward soocess in a large way.

#### Why Powerful Speakers Are Always Leaders

It is the man who can put his ideas into convincing appeach—the man who can sway others at his will and dominate one man or a thousand—who is sought out and asked to fill big, important, high-malaried positions. He is a leader; he stands head and shoulders above the mam. I am going to prove that you can be such a man by simply bringing out your "hidden permanality" which is fighting for recognition but which

you keep becamed in by self-consciousness, tack of confidence in yourself, timidity and bashfutness.

#### It Is Amazingly Easy to Quickly Become a Powerful Speaker

You do not need a college education not any pre-

come a powerful speaker.
I will show you the secret that causes one man to rise from an obscere position to the head of a great corporation; another from the runk and file of political worker to catheral prominence; an ordinary trades union member to the mitional leadership of seed to-but unions, a time! retiring man to change suddenly into a popular and much applicated after-dinner as I banquet speaker Mented & Thousandshave accomplished. just such

amaring things due to this simple, easy, yet effective training,

#### You Become a Good Speaker— Or I Don't Want a Penny

I do not care what line of business you are in; how bashful, timid and self-conscious you now are; I will guarantee to make you a powerful, convincing and easy speaker within a few weeks if you will give me 15 minutes a day in the privacy of your own home. I know what I have done for thousands of others and what remarkable results have been secured often in a month's time. Therefore, if I can not make you a powerful speaker I guarantee to return every penny you have paid me and you owe not him.

#### Amazing Book Free Mail Coupon

If you will fill is and mail the coupon at once, you will receive a remarkable new book called "How to Work Wonders with Words." This book gives you an amaging test by which you can determine for yourself in five entoutes whether you are one of the seven men out of every nine who possess the "hidden knack" of powerful speech, but do not know it. Decade for yourself if you are going to allow 15 minutes.

a day to stand between you and success. Thousands have found this to be the higgest step forward in their lives. If it has played such in important part in the lives of my big seen, may it not in yours?

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# Electrical Will Train You experts are in

#### Look What These Cooke Trained Men Are Earning Makes \$700 in 24

Days in Radio

"Thunks to your interesting Course I made over \$700 in 24 days in Radio, Of course, this is a little above the average but I run from \$10 to \$40 clear profit every day, so you can see what your training has done for me."

FRED G. McNASD, 548 Spring St., Atlanta, Georgia



#### \$70 to \$80 a week 🖦 Jacquot

"Now I am specialising in Auto Electricity and battery work and make from \$70 to \$50 a week and am just getting started. I don't believe there is another school in the world like yours. Your lessons are a rest joy to study."

ROBERT JACQUOT, ROS W. Coloredo Ave., Colorede Springs, Colo.



#### \$20 a Day for Schrock

"Use my name as a reference and depend on me as a boost-er. The biggest thing I ever er. The biggest thing I ever did was answer your adver-lisement, I am averaging bet-ter than \$500 a month from my own business now, I track to make \$18.00 a week."

A. BCHRECK, Phoenix, Arisana



#### Plant Engineer-Pay raised 150%

"I was a dumbbell in electricity until I got in touch with you Mr. Cooks, but now I have charge of a big plant inhave charge or a big plant mecluding 600 motors and direct a force of 14 men—electricions, helpers, etc. My salary has gone up more than 150%. GEORGE HAINGWORTH, all Calumet Road, Helpote, Many

It's a shame for you to earn \$15 or \$20 or \$30 a week, when in the same cix days Electrical Experts make \$70 to \$200-and do it carier-not work half so hard. Why then remain in

the small-pay game, in a line of work that offers no chance, no big promotion, no big income? Fit yourself for a real job in the great electrical industry. I'll show you how.

#### Be an Electrical Expert They Earn \$3,500 to \$10,000 a Year

Today even the ordinary Electrician—the "screw driver" kind—is making money—big money. But it's the trained man-the man who knows the whys and wherefores of Electricity-the Electrical Expert-who is picked out to "boss" the ordinary Electricians -to boss the Big Jobs-the jobs that pay \$3,500 to \$10,000 a Year. Get in line for one of these "Big Jobs." Start by enrolling now for my easily learned, quickly grasped, right up-to-the-minute, Spare-Time Home-Study Course in Practical Electricity.

#### Age or Luck of Experience No Drawback

You don't have to be a College Man; you don't have to be a High School Graduate. As Chief Engineer of the Chicago Engineering Works, I know exactly the kind of training you need, and I will give you that training. My Course In Electricity is simple, thorough and complete and offers every man, regardless of tage, education, or previous experience, the chance to become, to a way short time, an "Electrical Expert," able to make from 370 to 1800 a week.

No Extra Charge for Electrical Working Outlit

With me, you do practical work-at home. You start right in after your first few lessons to work at your profession in the regular way and make extra money in your space time. For this you much tasks, and I give them to you to big complete working confits, with tools, measuring instruments, and a real electric dester—I confits in all.

#### Your Satisfaction Guaranteed

Bo some son I that you can learn Electricity—so care and that army studying with me, you, too, can get into the "big maps" state in the state at week, that I will granders under bond to return every sing a pecusy made us to the non-II, when you have for short my together you are not satisfied it was the best investment you ever made. And look if my granders, stands the Charge Englisher ing Works, Ind. 5 two points do not best interesting works. Ind. 5 two points do not best interesting to every suggestion that interesting to every suggestion would not only a wonderful trusting in Floring ty, but an appropriated Student Service as well.

Get Storted New-Mail Couper

Section I lead and Proof Leanne, both Free, These cost you Works Fire. These cost nothing and yea'll enjoy them. Make the Works 3150 Lewronce Ave., Dept. 16

Dept. 18 Chleage elari teday for a a height future in Electricity.



Dept. 36 2150 Lawrence Ave., Chicago

Send me at once without obligation. your big Hustrated book and com-

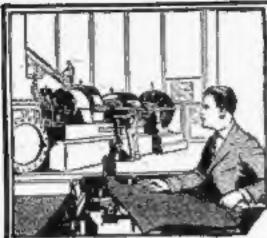
Course in Electricity, including your outfit and employment service offers.

Name.....

Address

MAIL

This seal on a radio or tool advertisement signifies the approval of the INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS. See page ...



Be Superintendent of an Electrical POWER PLANT

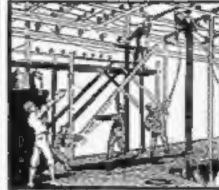
\$10Motor-4Big

everyStudent

Nota Penny ExtraCost



Own Your Own Electrical REPAIR SHOP



Boss Electrical Construction Jobs



Be an Electrical CONTRACTOR

### Train At Home for a fine ECTRICAL JOB and abió RAISE

#### Go Into Electricity -the business of a million opportunities

Be an Electrical Expert. Go into the one greaindustry where it's easy to get to the top, to mak money, to make a real success. You don't nee money in the bank or "pull" to get ahead in Electricity—all you need is training, honest, complet training, such as I guarantee you,

#### Big Jobs open everywhere!

Look at the building business. Thousands of Electrical Contractors are getting rich. Their me are making \$10 to \$20 a day. Look at the fortune being made in Radio. Look at the great foctoric building every kind of Electrical machinery. Who the work of the world is being done by Electricit and the call for trained men exceeds the supply

#### If you are now earning less than \$40 a week

-if you want to be an ELECTRICAL EXPERT-if you want to step quickly into the class of men carrier from \$60 to \$250 a week-write me at once! This million-dollar school offers ambitious fellows their big of portunity to learn every branch of Electricity at home in spare time by a wonderful, new, practical JOI

#### Learn Electricity quick by Dunlap "Job-Method"

My training so simple a school-boy can grasp it instantly. Common schooling all you need. No previous experience required. But my students make rapid progress because I train them on actual Electrical jobs with standard size tools and materials which I supply without extra cost. The first half of my training is APPLIED ELECTRICITY—a complete course in itself. In the second ball I give you Electrical Engineering subjects, I give you Electrical Drafting, Radio, Automotive Electricity, and many other variable subjects all for one small price, and on easy terms.

#### Train for these Jobs!

Power Plant Superintendent \$5,000 to \$15,000 a year Construction Ference \$3,500 to \$10,000 a year Chief Electrician

\$5,000 to \$12,000 a year Electrical Draftaman \$5,000 to \$10,000 a year Automotive Electrical Expert
\$3,500 to \$12,000 a year
Electrical Contractor
Profits \$5,000 to \$50,000 a year

> Earn Money while Learning

Dunlap-training combines money-

Dishlap-fracting companies exceedmaking, practical companies exceeding
last sweeten IN A NEW WAY. I call
the JOB-METIEDD and it gets
results—sneet quickly and casely
than old fashioned ways of tracking. Early in west tension I give
free special instruction in house
wiring. Backs building dec.
trical repair work, etc. I
show you have to get spatetime work—work you will

#### 4 Big Electrical Outfits given

to me without one penny of estra charge. Not a premium one continue whething FREE to induce you to enroll. But costly, standard, full-size tools, materials, and equipment. The man-age motor of the same type as the hig fellows in a power plant. Not

a toy, but a regular power-motor. Runs on Alternating or Dire Current, or Jz calt farm electric system. Comes to you knowkalow it's part of your job to wind the armsture and assemble it. That the way you tears all subjects in Electricity by the Dunian Job-Metho

#### Get my Pay-doubling Offer!

I GUARANTEE to train you at home for hig pay position as ELECTRICAL EXPERT! Chief Engineer Dunlag. Chief Engineer Dunlap.



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at no untra coat to students and graduates

During the past 38 years we have supplied thousands of jobs to our students and graduates without one penty extra charge. This JOB 2010 VICE to the penty out of the penty of

graduates without one penny sairs charge. This JON-SERVICE keeps in close touch with Electrical employers all over the U. S. The day you surell, this JOB-SERVICE department registers you, finds our what kind of joh you seem, where you want to work at Ami when you upply for the job you sant, we back you with our excentional top and help you make good in it after you get it.

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TRAINING Institutions in the world. You will be actonished

at the many ways we belp our students and graduates progress to

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I want to be an Electrical Expert. Ple-rush catalog, job-service lacts, compli-information, money-saving offers.

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#### Training built by 21 Noted Engineers

This is no one-man, one-idea school. 22 notical engineers, educators, and enco-tivity of the Indicators produced and enforcement and enforcement have bedged Chief Engiver Duning make this training complete and spin-ti-wisses. Ask any well posted Electrical Engineer about the quality and standards of AMERICAN SCHOOL borne-training in Electricity.

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  Cutler-Hammer
  Mfg. Co. 12
  American Telephone 33.
  & Telegraph Co.
  Wortinghaum Electric Mfg. Co.
  Vestern Electric Co. 14.
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  Laboratorica, 1ms. All
  - Calumbia University Dertmouth College Manushumtta In-stitute of Tunk-
  - resingy Labigh University University of
  - Armont Institute of Technology University of Kanapa
  - AND MANY OTHERS



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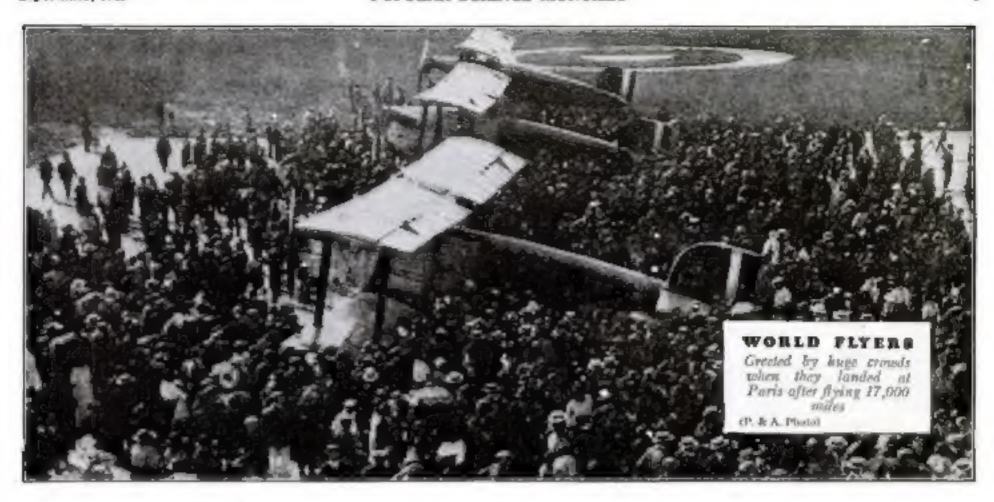
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## Daring Young Men Needed in Aviation

Aviation in America is on the threshold of an amazing new development. The prediction of pioneers is now an actuality—for in the past few months the newspapers have announced the establishment of gigantic commercial air lines. The biggest capital and business forces in the world are behind this enterprise. And now, even in the beginning, thousands of young men are needed. For those who can qualify there will be thousands of highly paid jobs which will lead quickly and surely to advancement and success.

THERE in no field of work in the world today which offers auch amazing opportunities

adventure as does Aviation. Although still in its infancy, there is a crying demand in Aviation for young men with courage, nerve and selfreliance. For those who can qualify there will be thousands of highly paid jobs which will lead quickly and surely to advancement and success.

#### Big Opportunities Await the Trained

Look over the fields of work which are open

to the young man today. You will find that Aviation is the ONE FIELD that is not overcrowdedthe ONE FIELD in which there is plenty of room at the top. Think of it! Only 21 years ago Orville and Wilbur Wright made the world's first airplane flight. Now airplanes

fly around the world. Yes, Aviation offers the same wonderful opportunities today that the automobile and to young men of daring and who love motion picture industries did 15 and

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Aeroplane Mechanician \$40 to \$40 per week

20 years ago. Men who got in on the ground floor of those industries made fortunes before others woke up. AVIA-TION IS NEW! clamors for nervy young men-and the trained man has the world before him in Aviation.

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You can qualify now quickly for one of these exciting highly paid jobs

through a new, sure, easy method of training. The study of Aviation is almost as interesting as the work itself. Every lesson is fascinating and packed full of interest. That's why Aviation is so easy to learn-you don't have to force yourself to study—once you start, you can't get enough of it. Only one hour of spare time a day will give you the basic training in an amazingly short time.

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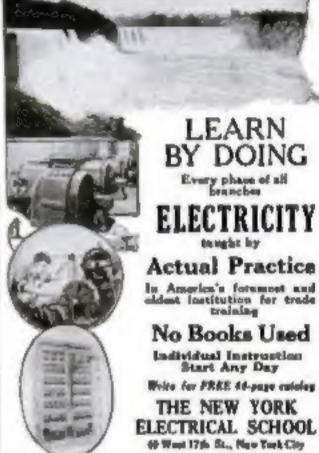


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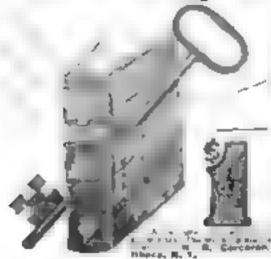
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Then write a short letter, not more than seventy words, telling us why the advertise ment you pick interests you most. Remember that ten prizes will be awarded. You have a good chance of winning one of them. Be sure to mail us your answer before Sept 1st The prizes will be awarded in the order of their merit, for the letters that are most interesting and best expressed.

The names of all the prize winners and the letters that win the first two prizes will be printed in this column in the Nev music. Address your prize letter to

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The winners of the other seven prizes are

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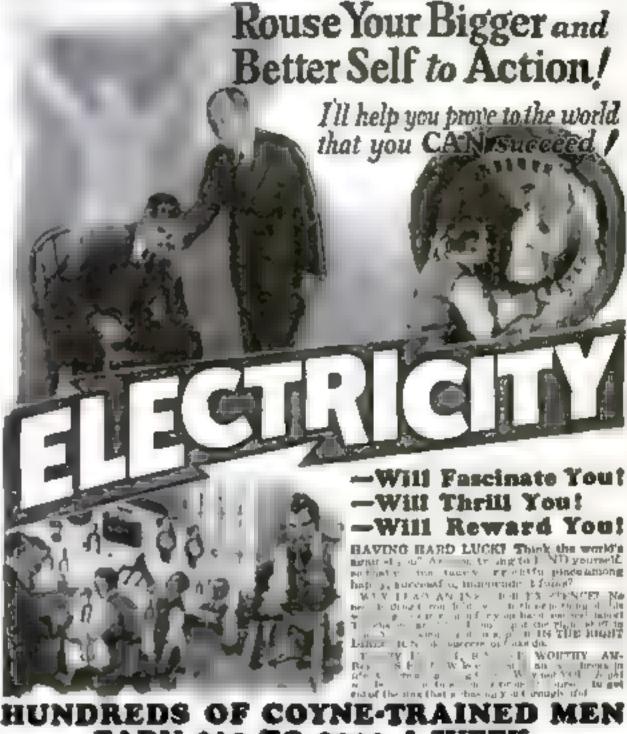
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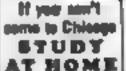
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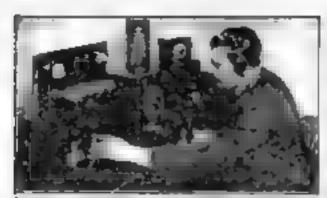
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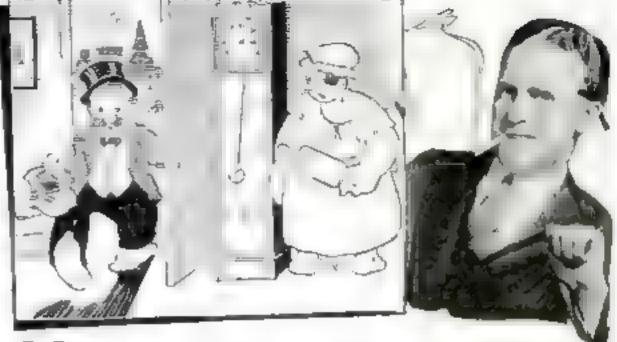
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on pages 10 to 16



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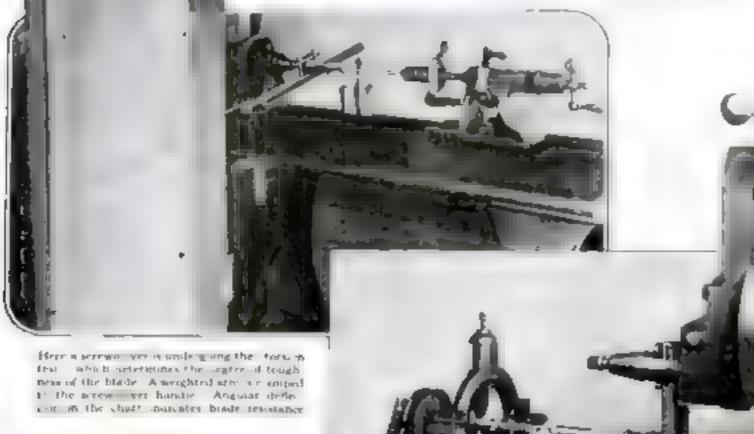
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## Putting a Screwdriver through the Mill

By DAVID B. PORTER, Ph.B. Popular Science Institute of Standards



iE acrewdriver is pechaps our samplest tool—so sample, in fact that its misuse is mastered readily and we sumetimes wonder if it is not misused more than used

When some ice is wanted, and the pack has relied under the icebox, the feminine members of the family invariably sense upon the acrewdriver and harmour. Or, when that new piece of furniture arrives firmly crated with stout carls, the acrewdriver again is resorted to with the harmour following it up. This time it is not only used as a crowbar, but tried out as a cold-chisel when some insidirected blows drive the edge half through a pail

In devising tests for screwdrivers, it is obvious that the Popular Science Institute of Standards can consider only the legitimate uses for which they are designed. But, as our tests have proved, there are any quantity of screwdrivers on the market that will not stand up under even normal usage. Such acrewdrivers (as well as other tool and radio products that do not pass the Institute's tests cannot be advertised in Popular Science Monthly.

THE chief requirements for screwdrivers are that the blades be sufficiently hard to resist wear and prevent rounding corners, and tough enough to turn the screw without being twisted. There is a limit, however, to the degree of hardness, because brittleness also increases with the hardness and a brade that is too brittle soon breaks at the corners.

The degree of hardness is measured by the scleroscope—an instrument that has had very wide commercial use in testing the hardness of steels. From the results of such tests, it is possible for the engineers of the Institute to tell whether the blades have the right degree of hardness.

The toughness of the blades, or their

The wearing qualities of the spiral mechanism of this sutchet acrowdrives been are subjected to a test in a few boars that equals many years' ordinary manual

ability to resist twisting, is determined by our "Torque Test," which is illustrated at the left of the page. An arm is clamped to the acrewdriver handle and successive weights are applied. For each weight the angle of twist is read on the scale behind the pointer, and from this the load in pounds-inches is determined. The angular deflection on the chart tells instantly how the steel of the blade is acting as the

## POPULAR SCIENCE Monthly Guarantee

The above seal on an advertisement indicates that the products referred to have been approved after test by the Popular Science Institute of Standards.

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load increases. The torsion applied in this test exceeds that which could be exerted by the strongest mechanic.

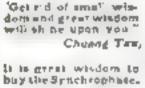
In the case of the spiral ratchet acrewdriver it is necessary to go further than a test of the blade, and to determine the wearing qualities of the spiral mechanism By use of ingenious tests devised by the engineers of the Popular Science Instituto of Standards, it is possible to give this mechanism many years' wear in a single afternoon.

THE Blustration on the right shows how this is done. The tests are carried out on a shuper, the traveling head of which gives the reciprocating motion needed to produce the kind of wear that would develop any defects in the mechanism of the tool. Exact measurements are made of the amount of wear occurring in the spiral mechanism. The pressure against which the reciprocating head works has been predetermined by establishing the pressure exerts 1 by a mechanic in driving a screw into an oak block.

In addition to the above tests, the screwdrivers are inspected for finish and workmanship, the handles for security, and ratchets and locks are carefully tested to see that they function easily after the screwdrivers have been subjected to further severe torque and wearing tests.

Send for List of Approved Products

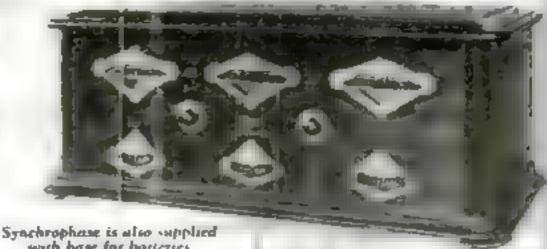








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#### POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY

SUMNER N. BLOSSOM, Editor

September, 1925



## Cracks in the Earth Menace Big American Cities

Scientists See the Need for More Widespread Knowledge of Earthquakes and Their Causes

By Arthur Selwyn Brown, Ph.L., LL.D.

ABOUT the last thought, probably, that occurs to the average American is that he may be living in an area of earthquake danger. It is only following disasters such as the recent ones in Santa Barbara, Cast., and Montana that people in this country realize that earthquakes are phenomena not confined exclusively to the more remote regions of the earth.

As a matter of fact, earthquakes occur in the United States every year—many of them. More than that, they occur in places that point to the existence of definite lines of earth weakness passing through or near some of our greatest cities. New York, Washington, and Boston, for example, its along one of these lines, and consequently are not entirely removed from the danger of earthquake.

Other similar lines are found stretching across the continent from southern Casifornia to the Atlantic Coast, sweeping up through the Musimppi Valley to the Great Lakes, and cleaving the center of New England. Within these areas live millions of teople

To alarm them is not my intention. What I wish to do is to call attention to the preming need of an intensive semmological survey of the United States and Canada a work that too long has been neglected because its importance has not been foreseen.

There is need, too, for our architects, engineers, and builders to develop proper foundations and earthquake-proof houses for regions where earthquake dangers exist. It is the ground, not houses,

that moves, and resilient houses wear usually not be injured by an earth tremor. A severe shock in any of the cities that listleng the faults or lines of earth weakness in this country would have most calamitous results with buildings of the existing type.

A few far-sighted men have recognized this danger. Thus, almost immediately following the Santa Bashara carthquake the owners of one of New York's most famous akyserapers obtained a large insurance policy against possible damage to the building from earthquake

Seigmologists have, during the past It years, given attention to the world's principal volcanic zones. They have mapped the areas where the most numerous and pronounced earthquakes are recorded. These show that there is a

line of weakness encompassing the earth, starting in the Aleutian Islands and running through Alaska to California, Mexico. South America, the south polar continent, New Zealand, Tasmania, the east coast of Australia, Japan, and thence northward to the Aleutians again.

THERE is another belt around the Mediterranean, running to Persia and thence northward to Nova Zembla and the North Pole. The Mediterranean iself is maked with the Pacific belty a zene traversing the northern portions of South America and running under the Atlantic to Morocco. Another line parallels this to the north, It runs through the Caribbean Sea, across the Atlantic to Great Britain and then along the Norwegian coast until it connects

with the Asiatic line passing Nova Zembla

A study of the annual reports of earthquakes in the United States plainly chows that there in also another important lind of weakness starting in the southern parts of California, travensing Arlnons, following the thirty-fifth degree of stitude, sending a spur up the Massasippi and Ohio rivers, then running eastward to the sen, and thence following the constal ranges up to Prince Edward sland and Newfound-

Another line of weakness in North America
may be found in Canada. The Great Lakes
and the St. Lawrence
were formed along fault
planes that are still
hnes of volcanic weakness. The activity of
the Saguenay fault in
the St. Lawrence River
is well known. It is



not so well known, however, that a similar line of faulting is shown by the great rivers, lakes, and waterways stretching through Canada from the Atlantic to the polar seas near the Alaskan boundary. Whenever there is earthquake activity in California or in our southern and eastern states, we may be sure to find similar activity in Alberta, Saskatchewan, and Manutoba.

The influence of earth faults in

developing rivers and lakes was been shown lately by seumologists who have studied the volcanic bistory of the eastern scant of Africa. Rift valleys containing lakes, swamps, rivers, and other water bodies run from Cape Town, through Nyansa, Taranki, Rudolph, and other hkes, to Abyssinia, where a large rift valley, triangular in shape, exists between Abyssinla and Somaliland. The Nile runs almost parallel to this East African earthquake zone, and that river apparently courses glong a perion of faults.

NEW YORK affords a clear case of river development by faulting. The Harlem River, which joins the Hudson and East rivers, flows through fault gorges in guess and limestone rocks. The dropping of large areas of rocks, just as those that followed the earthquakes in San Francisco and Santa Barbara, undoubtedly preceded the first flowing of the Harlem River Here is one established fact

showing the structural weakness of the earth in New York. The valley of the Hudson appears to follow lines of faulting also. These faults are connected closely with the rising of hills and mountains in

the same or distant localities.

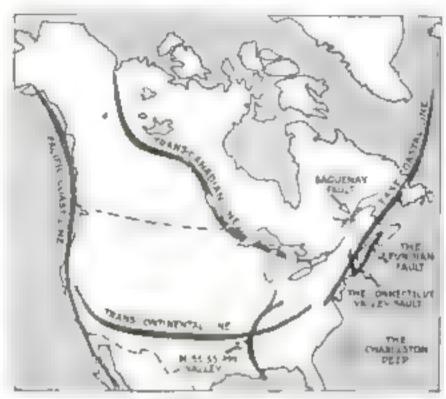
The earthquakes in California are They parsiong lines of faulting. allel the sea and the coastal mountains. in the sea are deep depressions called on the charts "deeps," which are points of earthquake activities. The majority of severe quakes in recent years have occurred along lines of weakness near one or more of these deeps. There are many such deeps in the Atlantic, off the eastern states of America, and in the Pacific, off our western coast. There is one off the Antilles: others are off Charleston, Cape Lookout, the Great Bank of Newfoundland, and the Azores, Canaries, and the Cameroons in the Atlantic. Still others are off Sun Francisco, Alaska, and Mexico, in the Pacific, besides many more off the coast of South America, in the South Seas, and around Australasia.

Similar points that play prominent parts in disturbances in India and the Himalayae occur in the Indian Ocean, off Java, and in the Malay Archipelago. When the mountains rise, these deeps sink, indicating that earthquakes are not merely local phenomena, but are evidences of forces exerted upon the whole unstable crust of the earth

What these forces are has not been determined. The best evidence indicates that earthquakes are caused by electrical disturbances originating for

down in the earth's interior. These disturbances recur in violent outbursts about every 10 or 12 years and always are accompanied by marked changes in change.

The present summer of 1925, during which the Santa Barbara earthquakes and the ahocks in the eastern states and elsewhere occurred, has been remarkable for its humidity, high barometric pressures, and frequent thunderstorms and electri-



Earthquake Belts in the United States

This map of the United States, based on northquakes that have occurred in the past above the principal lines of earth weakness. Some of them pass through or near sums of our greatest riters. New York Washington and Boston, for example its along one of these lines that follow the Atlantic courtal ranges to Canada.

cal displays, all over the United States.

There is such a close correspondence between the periods of earthquake activity and the appearance of spots and prominences on the sun that some observers have assumed that earthquakes are caused by sun-spots. The truth, however, is that the nun-spots and volcanic activities on earth are merely evi-

denom of the same universal forces of

nature in operation.



Where the Earth Cracked

The recent severe earthquakes in central Montana opened up great fasures near the town of Great Forks, where the property damage was estimated at \$500,000. The crewice shows here is 100 feet long, in some piners from two to five fact wide and from two to eight feet deep The earth carries a great weight of alr. Any increase in this weight must make a considerable difference in the strains acting upon the thin crust of the earth. All who have worked in deep mines know that when there is a high barometrical pressure, the column of air in a deep shaft greatly increases in weight, and work in deep mines becomes increasingly arduous. When unusual climatic conditions occur in any given locality, there must be

enough added pressure on the earth strains to cause the rupture of many weak somes that must cause a sinking, sliding, faulting, or folding of the rocks.

FLECTRICAL and magnetic forces operate in a similar manner. The earth is a large magnet surrounded by innumerable and powerful lines of magnetic force, These lines of magnetic force are surrounded by electric lines of force beginning at the south magnetic pole and winding spirally to the north magnetic pole. The rocks and molten material of the earth's interior are charged with magnetism and the earth's rotation serves to generate vest electric and magnetic currents.

Here we have a great natural dynamo constantly creating enormous electric and magnetic currents that are sent off into space to create new stars, suns,

and planeta.

And we may view the sun, planets, and sters as acting in the same way. The sun alone

sends down to the earth enough electric and magnetic energy to cause engrmous disturbances in the earth's magnetic and electrical fields and to profoundly change the position of the earth's aper and intensify the strains on the earth's crust, It a electric and magnetic waves of this character, coming from the sun and other stellar bodies, or, perhaps in some cases, from electrical suptures in the clouds, that cause the principal earthquake and volcanic activities on the earth's surface. To be able to predict earthquakes, we should have world-encireling climatic and electrical observation stations to secure data to use in conjunction with seismo- V logical and astronomical data. The study of seismological data alone will never enable us to unticipate new volcanic

KNOWING that earthquakes occur in their greatest intensities along lines of earth weakness, we should study the lines of weakness in the United States so as to be able to anticipate those parts that are most likely to be visited. To simplify this work, we might aketch a map to show the principal lines of faulting and the locality where earthquake shocks are of frequent occurrence in North America.

The whole western coast, between Alaska and Mexico, is well known to be on one of the greatest lines of weakness. The Pacific bed is falling, the coastal ranges are increasing in height, and the seacoast is bearing the greatest of the compression strains. The oceans grad-

(Continued on page 124)

## New York to Paris in a Day!



By Truman Stevens

TITHIN the next five years we shall see giant transatiantic airplanes that will carry at least ... sampers from New York to Paris in . hours, and at a cost sess than present passage on large steamshipe!

This prophecy comes, not from an idle dreamer, but from a hard-braded, practical designer of air; lanes, a punneer in aviation. He is Louis Breguet, French arplane manufacturer, whose factory in Paris is said to turn out more machines on a commercial basis than any other plant in the world.

The working plans for such an air monster already have been completed, according to reports from Paris, but M Breguet expects that the machine will not be built, tested, and ready for trial flight before five years.

issue our artist has pictured bow the great passenger plane as described by M Breguet, may appear in flight over the sea The machine wil, he of all-meta, construction, with twin bodies, capable of alighting on either land or water. With a load of 75 passengers, freight, and baggage, it will weigh 55 tons. Power will be supplied by night motors develop-

Luxurious passenger quarters in the two hulls and in the rings will include eight first class cabins 52 second class, and 15 third-class. The first-class cabins will began feet high, six feet wide, and 10 feet long. In addition, there wall be a festal rant with electrical cooking equip-On this page and on the cover of this - men throughout, and a reading room and botinge where smoking will be permitted

The crew of the grant seacraft will Madade, besides the commander, a chief Plactrician and assistant, two pilots, eight merkanies, four cooks, and a wireless operation .

It has been estimated that the cost of building the plane-about \$2,000,000will be covered by receipts from 2000

ing a total of about 2000 horsepower hours' flying time. The spassanger fare for each trip, it is predicted, will average

Accepting to present plung, the transaffants flight in summer was be charted an a gin-stop course between New York and Butis by way of Newfoundland, while in the winter a conthern route will be taxen by way of the Azores.

As you look at the artist's fascinating picture you can imagine yourself boarding the hig ship at a New York flying-field, some morning in the near future, soaring out over the sea, plunging through the aky at terrific speed for a day and a night above the vast expanse of ocean, and finally arriving in Paris bright and early on the following morning.

## The Power that Lies in Your Eyes



commandingly at the tiger. The tiger glares its hatred for a moment, then looks away. Most dangerous of all the jungle clan, it could tear its termentor to shreds with a few swift strokes of its mighty claw-armed paws. Instead, it cowers, trembing and, anything but submissive, goes through detested tricks.

Thu man who, armed with no weather more deadly than a light-wise, dark to match his will against the refrength and ferocity of the most dangerous of animals is no professional tames of will be sate. He is Charles W. Beast senior vice president of an old and conservative Wall Street banking house.

Many of the big men of New York a financial district have their hobbies. Some and facing-yachts on Long-Island Sound Some play pole at Meadowbrook. Others collect paintings. Mr. Beall trains wild animals. Instead of a pole stable be maintains a menageric

Standing with him in the building at Woodhaven, L. I., where he keeps his animals—at present the collection includes two tigers, three lions, three elephants, six leapards, one jaguar, and two monkeys—I saked him what gave him his unusual power over the lords of the jungle.

"Oh, just 'animal sense,' I guess," he replied. "A combination of a love of animals and an understanding of them,"

A GOOD answer from the practical animal - trainer's viewpoint, but science has one even more convincing. From a London laboratory comes news that Dr. Charles Russ, an English physician formerly connected with the electricity department of the Male Luck Hospital in London, has proved that the gaze of the human eye contains energy in some form—probably electro-magnetic energy

#### By Arthur Grahame

powerful enough to awing a wire con through an angle of 60 cores. Such proof of ragget on of power a wind human eye its intensity or any will individuals would record to or plant to apparentiate subdue and dominate the strongest and most victous of animals.

A few momental tails with Mr. Beall convinced me that he was a man of exceptional personal magnetism and that it had been his unrealized powersion of this very power of the human eye that had first turned his thoughts toward his avecation of animal training.

"Other boys collected stamps," said Mr Beall 'I collected animals I can hard y remember the time when I didn't have animals. I grew up with them."

Where" I asked, with victors of a

How Human Gaze
Moves Wire Coll

THREAD
MAGNET

Doctor Russ' experimental apparatus—a wise cod suspended by a thread anode a metal case and held steady by a magnet. The fixed gaze of human eyes, it was found context the coil to move from as former position.

boy! I at some African trading-

"here I New York City," replied Mr. I, subset "We lived in a high my menagerie in the cellar is the with a bewl of goldfish. A that I had dogs and rabbits and repliered. But such pets didn't satisfy me for long I wanted something more unusual

FOR a long time 1 had followed the doings of the great animal trainers of that period with the same interest that boys of to-day follow the pitching of Walter Johnson and the home-running of Babe Ruth. I got to know some of these animal men'—fellows who made their living by capturing, training, and dealing in rare and dangerous beasts. Through one of these men I made my first real wild-animal acquisition—a pair of bear cubs.

"A little later I got a young leopard. A puma cub and an alligator followed, Before I was out of my teens I had added hyenas, panthers, and more leopards. By this time the cellar menageric had become impossible. I had to move my animal collection to a farm in New Jersey, where I kept it for many years."

SO PERFECTLY trained are Beall's animals that he puts them to work for a part of each year. They have delighted thousands of visitors to New York's great playground, Coney Island, have performed in the New York Hippodrome, and have been rented to motion-picture production companies.

"And all those years, while you were working up from squirrels and bear cubs to elephants and tigers, you were learning how to control animals?"

"Learning' is not exactly the right word," replied the banker-trainer. " 'Developing' would be more accurate. You see, it is largely a matter of instinct. The real secret of animal training is bluff. If you can keep up your bluff, you are safe even in the rage with a tiger, the most treacherous and dangerous of all wild beasts. I never 'learned' to train animals, I developed a natural abouty "

JUST what is this mysterious natural ability? The experiments conducted by Doctor Russ during the last eight years supply an answer—the electric power of the human eye

Doctor Russ claims to have proved that the ordinary man can move a suspended manimate object by looking at it stead; y. Developed to high intensity, it is probable that this electric eye power is what enables men like Mr. Beall to quell the natural ferocity of dangerous

benutu

Most of us, at one time or another, have experienced the sensation of being stared at, and have turned to discover the identity of the persistent gazer. This common experience convinced Doctor Russ that there must be a real force emanating from the human eye. His besief was strengthened by the well-known fact that two persons cannot look into one another's eyes for more than a few moments without mutual and scute discomfort.

The evidence or modern science supports the belief that the human body is actually an electric power plant. All the muscles show electrical currents and variations of potential during action. There is an electrical change with each heartbest. The retina of the eye has been shown to exhibit minute electrical activity during vision. Whatever the force coming from the eye might be, Doctor Russ decided, a part of it probably would radiate in the form of electricity.

Unlike Mr. Beall, Doctor Rum did not attempt to demonstrate this power by making a tiger lesp through a hoop. Instead, he constructed the simple piece of apparatus shown in the illustration

on the opposite page.

TO DEMONSTRATE his theory, it was necessary that an object should move when the human gaze was directed on it, and to do this the object had to be placed under such eo — ns that nothing but eye power cou — account for the movement. Doctor Russ made a wire coil and suspended it by an unspun silk thread in-



was fastened to a cork at the top of the "chimney"; at the other end hung the coll. Just above the coil he fastened a small magnet, which, taking a north-nouth position, held the coil alrady. The coil itself was so adjusted that it was in an east-west position. A chiad window in the metal case allowed the gaze to be directed at the coil, and made possible the observation of any movement. A scale was arranged below the coil for accurate measurement of the movement.

Electrical science has taught us that if a varying magnetic field meets a coll of wire, an electric current is generated within the coil and the coil becomes a magnet,
if this magnetic coil is free to move, it
will turn into the earth's magnetic meridian—into a north-wouth position. To
do this, the coil in Doctor Russ' appararus would have to overcome the force exected by the magnet above it. This
magnet, areaffe is its proper north-south
position, would object to being swang out
of it if, when the experimenter s) gaze
was directed on the coil, it moved against
this force, it would prove the electric
power of the human eye.

DOCTOR RUSS took his station a short distance from the metal case and began to gaze steadily through the window at the coil. One accord no movement. Two, three, four seconds—still no movement. Five seconds—the coil started to awing! Within 10 seconds it had turned several degrees toward a north-south direction, forcing the little magnet above it out of its proper position.

Doctor Russ looked away. The coll swung back to its east-west line. Deprived of the power from the eye, it could not keep the magnet from asserting its

not keep the magnet from asserting its pull.

Continuing the trials with improved apparatus, Doctor Russ found that the

first result had been no freak. For the wire coil be substituted a cylinder made

Wrestling with a liner

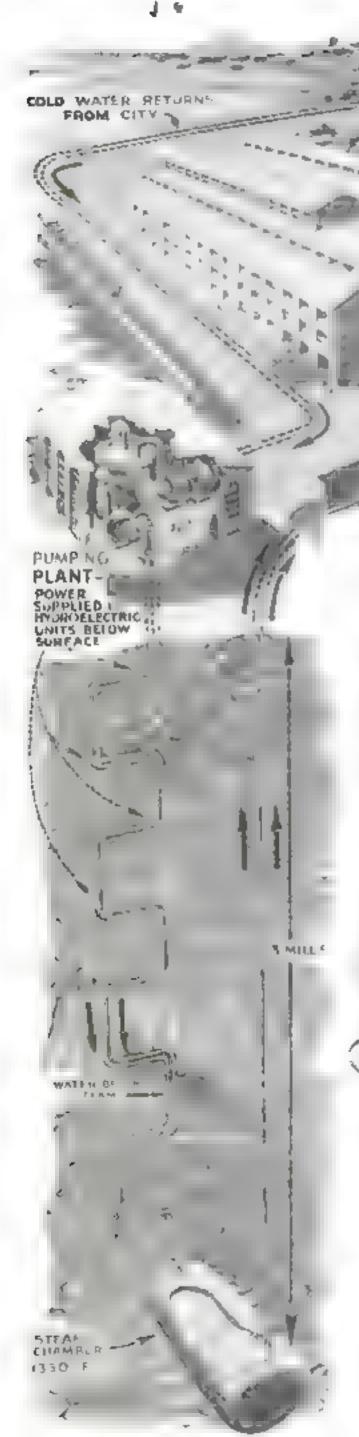
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(Continued on page 121)



The proposed plea to utdue the earth's interior best. Detred see and arrows show circulation of water that is turned as a steam of a chambe were more down

LE WITH PLWFK

## Can We Pump Power from the Earth?

By Lanest Wellick

world's natural reponded in the world's natural reponded in stored fuel coal, oil and greengineers and scientists in recent months have been turning to the problem of tapping and harnessing the wast reserver of heat in the laterior of the earth

of heat in the laterior of the earth.

The attest plan and the of the most ingenious and a nitorated developed by Raipi Languel a German eng neer, a streamed here it proposes de ling two shalls, one straight, the other with a narrower of respongular mends, to a depth of three more. This depth is about 2 1/2 fines that of the deepest shafts ever deligit Both shafts lead to a large subterminean chamber cut out of solid rock. If we estimate that with every 100 feet downward the temperature rises one degree Centigrade, the temperature of the walls of that chamber will be approximately 166° C or 330° F. At a depth of three miles the air pressure is estimated at nearly two atmospheres, or about 30 pounds to the square inch. The boiling point of water under this pressure would be 248° F., more than 80 degrees lower than the temperature of the chamber.

FROM a reservoir on the surface, water a sent down through a pipe that follows the benda and turns of the stepped shaft to the chamber at the bottom. As the water rushes downward, it becomes gradually hotter, and at a depth of nearly two miles it turns to steam, which is forced into the chamber by pressure of the column of water above. In the high temperature of the chamber the steam is

superhydred and expanded. It seeks an outset through the straight shaft,

Reaching the surface, the superheated strain is distributed first to the turbines of a light and power station, then to various industrial establishments and to residences and public buildings, where it is used for heating purposes.

HAVING given up its heat energy, the water is collected again in a reservoir, from which it is pumped back to the pipe, resuming once more its voyage to the natural heat plant and completing the cycle—water, steam, water.

Even on its downward flow to the underground steam chamber, the water is put to work. At the lower end of each vertical section of the staggered conduit, a turbine driving an electric generator is inserted. The turbines in the upper two miles are water turbines; those in the remaining part of the shaft, steam turbines. The electric power thus generated is conducted to the surface to be used for driving pumps and other machinery required in running the heat and power plant.

The energy to be derived from a plant of this description, of course, depends on the volume of water available. Assuming that a constant flow of 13 cubic yards a second is obtainable, as it is in many existing hydraulic power plants, the potential energy made available by heating that volume of water to 330° F would be equal to nearly 8,000,000 kilowatte a day, representing an economic value equal to 70,000 tons of good coal a day.

## America's First Rotor Boat

#### Naval Officers Embody New Ideas in Odd Craft

HE interest with which the strange rotor ahlp designed by Anton Figure was greeted a few months ago, when It sailed out into the Baltic Sea, little surpassed that of the spectators who recently watched the trial voyage of the first rotor boat in America, on the Charles River at Cambridge, Mass. This American boat, constructed by two young naval officers, was the first actual demonstration in this country of how a revolving metal tower can replace can-Ves suits.

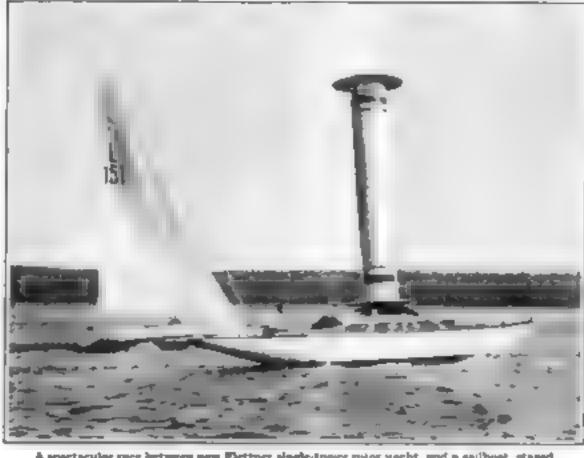
Lieutenants Joseph M. K. Kiernan and W. W. Hastings, atudents in naval architecture at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, were greatly interested

in reports of the rotor ship. They decided to build one for themselves. They acquired an abandoned navy cutter about 30 feet long and eight feet wide, and with discarded materials from other boats fixed up the rotor apparatus.

In designing the tower they used data gathered in exhaustive experiments in aviation at Langley Fleid, Va., where for some time the United States Army has been studying the application of the Magnus theory of air pressures to aircraft. The American boat employs the Magnus effect, just as the Gorman boat does.

The Magnus principle, as applied to a rotor boat, may be expressed as follows

The wind hitting the side of a rotating cylinder goes around with the cylinder Decreased air friction on one side of the cylinder creates saction, and increased air friction on the other side causes pressure.



A spectacular race between new Flettner single-inver rotor yarht and a sailboot, staged recently near Berlie. The sailboot was. Flettner's fest roter ship had two towers

These two forces, together, inche the beat. The American boat differs in several respects, however, from Flettner's craft. While the German inventor used two cylinders on his 500-ton boat the Americans decided to use only one on their cutter. They believed that when two cylinders were used, one interfered with the other's action. Flettner also apparently has some to this conclusion, for he

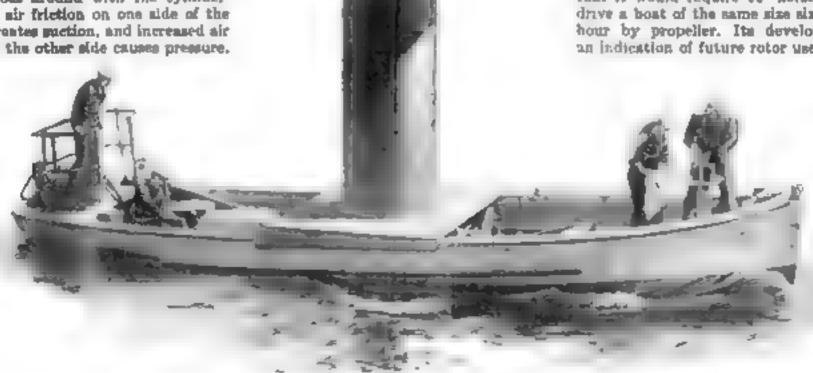
is experimenting now with a single-tower system of propulsion as indicated by one of his latest designs—a rotor yacht that recently appeared in Germany in competition with assing-yachts.

The cylinder designed by Lieutenants Hastinguand Kiernan for the American graft is 314 feet in diameter and 9 14 feet high. This is smaller in proportion than the tower used on the original Flettner ship. and it revolves at greater speed. On the Flettner ship, at the top of each of the cylinders, was a rim projecting about 14 Inches. The purpose of this was to maintain the auction and pressure zones extending up and down the opposite sides of the cylinder, and to prevent

ar from entering these somes from above and disturbing them. These rims reolved with the cylinders.

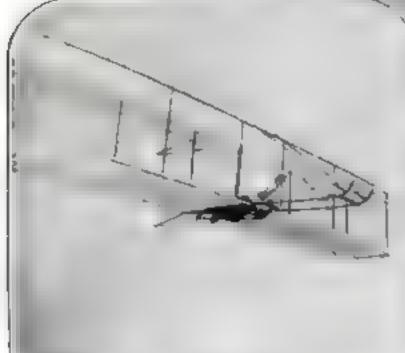
The disk used on the top of the American's rotor tower is stationary. The rotor tower is mounted in the middle of the boat on a ball-hearing base and is supported by an interior column. It is driven by a five-horsepower motor located at its base.

In the first test of the boat on the Charles River, its estimated speed was about three knots (nearly 8 % land miles) an hour. With the tower rotating at 360 revolutions a minute in a 16-mile wind, the designers believe their boat will attain a speed of seven knots (about eight land miles, an hour. They estimate that it would require 10 horsepower to drive a boat of the same size six miles an hour by propeller. Its development is an indication of future rotor uses.



America a first rotor host on its trial trip. It was designed and built from an old 30-foot naval cutter by two voong naval affects, Lexits, Joseph M. K. Kreman and W. W. Hastings. Die wo mated speed was about 3 to miles an hour





#### Where the Airplane Was Born

The original camp built by the Weight brathers in 1900 at Kitty Rawh W C. In the series of the amplane. Circuite and W thus are seen hard a work on one of their numerous experimental plater module, with a small boy at speciment

# How a Twisted Paper Box Gave Us Aviation

By John R. McMahon

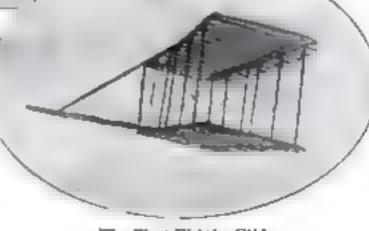


Writter Wright Gyorg the successful glader of 1901. The operator lying on the stream was a fine to be at a successful as a fine to be affected as a fine to be affected as a fine to be a f

hounced last spring that he would present to an English museum the pioneer airplane in which he and his brother Wilbur made historic flight on December 17, 1903, there was quite a stir in this country and abroad, President Coolidge hoped that the machine might be kept at home,

There was promise of Congressional action, both to retain patent models in America and to investigate Mr. Wright's charge that the Langley relic in the National Museum at Washington had been refurbished improperly, manipulated and labeled to support a priority class.

We can wait for Congress to clear up the Langley matter, which, after all, is a question of "might have" or "afterward also" rather than "did fly first." Meanwhile it is interesting to have a bit of light thrown on the yet obscure details of the Wright brothers' independent and marvelous achievement. Their story, despite world wide publicity, is still to be told One reason for this is the death of Wilbur, the elder brother, in 1912



The First Wright Gilder

The first actual however-thou-sir machine built by the Wright brothers, embodying their idea of wasping, was this glider flown in 1906 at Enty Hawk. Its wing span was in feet, with a church of five feet. Thes picture shows one of the experimental flights, with the glider used as a kite, operated by cords from the ground

The young bicycle men of Dayton, Ohio, had been discussing the problem of flight for about three years when the first real idea came to them in June, 1899. They had spent Sundays lying on their backs beside the Miami River, hoping to learn something from the stately maneuvers of bawks and buzzards in the blue overhead. Then came that first real idea, which was Orville's—to obtain lateral balance by hinged wings.

"The kinge is a good idea, but not practical," agreed the brothers after debate. This was their judgment as expert mechanics.

The bicycle shop that the young men conducted was kept open late evenings to cater to the trade of factory employees. W hur was on duty one night in July, some weeks after the hinge concept had been argued and seemingly discarded

A customer came in. If he had asked for the tale, a weeps in a pump, the course of history mag t have been changed. But this customer asked for an inner tube for his bleycle tire. That tube was packed in a rectaugular pasteboard box. Wilbur head the empty hox by its ends while the customer examined the contents. Wilhar s bands were inclined to be nervously active. He looked down and suddenly realised what he was doing with an empty box-twisting itwarping it. What was this? Can't hinge wings? Never. But you can warp them! Eureka!

Wilbur closed the shop in a hurry

and rushed beme to tell Orville

Usually each brother, in the interest of truth, savagely assailed the other's idea. This time Orville heard the hox story, made no argument, and just accepted Wilbur's warping amendment to the hinge principle. Then and there one-ball of the problem of lateral balance of the airplane was solved for all time. It was simply a great inspiration, like Newton's falling apple.

THE Wrights had a coxy home on Hawthorn Street and there was much affection among its four dwellers brothers, sister and father. The mother had died some years before. Katharine had taken her place as far as possible. Fascinating
Glimpses of the
Airplane's Birth
Revealed for the
First Time by One
of the Early
Associates of the
Wright Brothers

Home love and unity were also factors in the birth of aviation. The "boys" always found their recreation and deepest enjoyment in the home circle. They tinkered around and improved the frame dwelling with their own hands, adding a porch among other things.

Within a month after the warping acheme came to them, the Wrights tried it out on a box kite that they flew from Seminary Hill in Dayton. A large audience of small boys begged to assist. The kite, a five-foot biplane, acted badly from the small boys' viewpoint—it accorded here and darted there like mad, but satisfied its makers, since it responded to the control corde that twisted its frame.

EXT in order was to test the idea in a man-carrying glider, which the brothers started to build the following winter.

Wilbur pioneered the first trip to Kitty Hawk, N. C., in the fall of 1900 and on the way was almost wrecked in a fishing boat. Mrs. Tate, wife of the local postmaster, let Wilbur use her sewing-machine to stitch together the wing



In Camp at Kitty Hawk-A Room Full of Great Ideas

Interior of the short enemy do have at Kitty Rawk in 1960, theoring Wilbur Wright at work on the glider of the previous year. In this comp Overlie officered to the running his kitchen mathematically

coverings of the glider. In return for this courtesy it was only fair that next year the postmaster's little girls should be wearing very fancy detuces of creambued sateen, made out of glider wings. And if those dresses still remain, they are cortainly herrlooms'

The brothers had agreed to take turns in going up. Withur had the first air ride, Orville holding a rope tied to the machine. How that winged broncho bucked! It danced, it cavocted. Alarmed by its gyrations at the disay height of perhaps 10 feet above ground, the co-sire of aviation yelled in his sharp staccato:

"Lemme down | Lemme down!"

Afterward, when tensed by his family for "Lemme down!" Wilbur always had an alibi, that he had promised his father to take care of himself; and everybody, including himself, would laugh.
While the warping principle passed the
test is pluneer voyages, the brothers now

test is ploneer voyages, the brothers now saw flaws in the classic air tables on which curves of planes and other things depend Home again they tried to solve the mysteries of air pressure with a whirling wind-vane attached to the front of a bicycle. A young man pedaling around Dayton with such a contraption naturally gave pleasure to spectators. One of the latter must have been class-voyant of the secret purpose, for he was heard to state:

"That fellow can run his gizzard out, but he'll never make that thing go up!"

At a later period, amid a skepticism almost universal, the brothers found one true believer, Charles Webbert, landlord of their bicycle-shop quarters. It is

touching to think of this first convert—a landlerd to boot. How it must have encouraged the young experimenters! They did thank him for his faith, regardless of its basis. It seems Mr Webbert was a spiritualist and thought the brothers flew by aid of the spirits.

A larger glider was planned for the next year and again Wilbur stitched up the wing covers, but this time on the temily sewing-machine and on the side porch of the Wright's homestead. Any passerby on Hawthorn Street could see that lean, sharp-eyed young man laying out mushe on the grass. enipping it in bles

Continued on page 128)



An Epoch-Making Moment Start of the First Power Flight

This is one of the most prized photographs in the world. It was suppose at Katay Hawk December I 1903 but as the Wrights' first power plane took the air at the end of its momental runway. Orwite was the pilot. As the machine started down the track and into the wind, Wilbur ran at the side holding the wing.

to behance the mechine. He was able to stay with it until it lifted after a 40-foot run. A member of the Kill Devil Hell life saving error suspend the camera an instant after the mechane had left the truck and had risps about two feet. Wilbut is seen still running at the aide, watching the bestoric first Hight. Here Maper Dugm e a seen selfing the flashinght device with which he made his remarkable cases by photographs of units

because an may we markets

## Hunting Wild Beasts by Flashlight

Thrilling Jungle Photos at Close Range



time from a verial brain



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Man give a server of the party of the party



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Hippopotamenes, sunning themselves on the bank of a river, all unaware of the photographer

# Still to Be Won! 444 Cash Prizes

in Our Remarkable \$10,000 Contest

"I'VE been so busy making mistakes in a new home of my own that I haven't had time until now to worry about the mistakes of John and Mary Newlywed," writes a Detroit suburbanite. "Am I too late to try for a prize in your \$10,000 picture contest? And if not, how can I get in?"

No doubt others have let the weeks slip by since our great cash prize contest was announced in the June base and are

asking a similar question.

There is still plenty of time for everybody. Although the fourth and final set of "What's Wrong" pictures appears in this issue, on the next two pages, there still remain exactly 444 out of the original 580 cash prizes to be awarded. That means that you have an equal chance with everybody else to

win one or more of 444 prizon totaling \$8000

The first thing to do is to turn this page and look at the eight contest pictures for September. The contest has to do with the enthusiastic but inexperienced efforts of John and Mary Newlywed to do odd johs about the home they have just moved into. Each picture shows John or Mary doing one of these jobs in the wrong way. And in addition, our artist has deliberately drawn one thing in each picture incorrectly. What you are to do is to find what John or Mary is doing wrong, why it is wrong, and what mistake the artist has made.

You can practise on the picture at the bottom of this page, which was printed as an example, to show you how to go about the contest. First, what is John doing wrong? Obviously, he is varpishing a table in the amoke from the back yard

Incinerator. If you don't know, you can easily find out why this is wrong and how it should be done. Next is the observation test. What mistake has the artist made? What about the shadows? Is it right that the shadow cast by the varnish can should fall in a direction opposite to that of all other shadows?

THE eight pictures published this month form a complete contest in themselves. Similar sets of eight pictures appeared in the June, July, and August issues, making four complete monthly contests in all. And, in addition, there is a Grand Prize Contest in which \$6000 in prizes will be awarded for the best answers a sibmitted for all 32 pictures in the four monthly contests. The last two of the monthly contests, as well as the Grand Prize Contest are still open for your entry.

You have until August 30 to submit answers to the pictures in the July contest, and you have



Practise on This Picture

In this sample "What's Wrong" picture, Jobs is seen vartushing a table in the smoler of the back-yard incinerator. Why is this wrong? You will see too that the artist has made the shadow from the varnish can full in the wrong direction.

#### Your Last Chance to Win One or More of These Big Prizes

IN THE June usue we offered \$10,000 in 580 cash prizes for the best answers submitted in this contest. Of these prizes 444 still remain to be awarded. The prizes offered in each monthly contest are:

First Prize	\$500
Second Prize .	\$100
Third Prize	\$50
5 Prizes, \$10 each	\$50
60 Prizes, \$5 each	\$300
Total, four months	14000

In addition, cash prizes in the Grand Contest will be paid as follows.

First Grand Prize	\$2500
Second Grand Prize	\$1000
Third Grand Prize	. \$500
5 Grand Prizes, \$50 each	\$250
50 Grand Prizes, \$10 each,	\$500
250 Grand Prizes, \$5 each	\$1250
Total Grand Prizes	\$6000

until September 30 to submit answers in this month's contest and in the Grand Prize Contest. If you have mislaid your copies of the June, July, and August numbers, and if your newsdealer cannot supply you, copies of these imues may be examined free at the offices of this magazine or in the public libraries. If you wish, you may obtain copies at 25 cents each from the Picture Contest Editor, Popular Science Monthly, 250 Fourth Avenue, New York City

It costs you nothing to enter. All you need is to be ob-

servant and alert. You can submit as many sets of answers to the pictures as you wish, and if you run into difficulties you can call on members of your family, your friends, or neighbors for assistance. But before you start to write your answers, be sure to read the rules of the contest These you will find on page 122 of this issue.

THE names of the price-winners in this month's contest
will be announced by the judges
in the February issue of Popular
Science Monthly. Winners of
the Grand Prizes will be announced
as soon as possible after the
close of the contest. Three judges,
members of the staff of the Popular Science Institute of Standards, will decide on all awards.

Remember the final date— September 30. Better sit down now and write out your answers while there is still plenty of time. You are sure to find the contest fascinating and profitable,

COMPLETE RULES FOR THIS SENSATIONAL "WHAT'S WRONG" CONTEST ON PAGE 122

## A \$10,000 Test of Observation and Alertness

## What's Wrong in

In Each John Is Doing Something
Made One Error



1. John ien't satisfied until the garage door is padiocked against auto thieves. He purchases a hesp and stople, and is seen here as he energetically tightens the last of the screws



2. Mary's desire for an extra shelf in the bedroom gives
John another chance to use his new set of tools. Here he
is starting the last screw in the angle bracket shelf support



3. This is John's first experience in removing a tire from its rim. But with the aid of a couple of tire irons and a harmor he sets boldly and confidently to work on the job

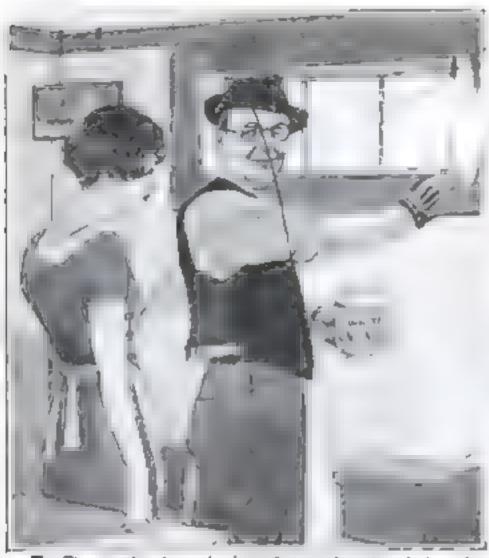


4. John loses no time in adopting Mary's suggestion for a catch-lock on the door. It looks so easy that he anticipates nothing but a perfect job when he has finished it

## These Pictures?

Wrong, and in Each the Artist Has in the Drawing

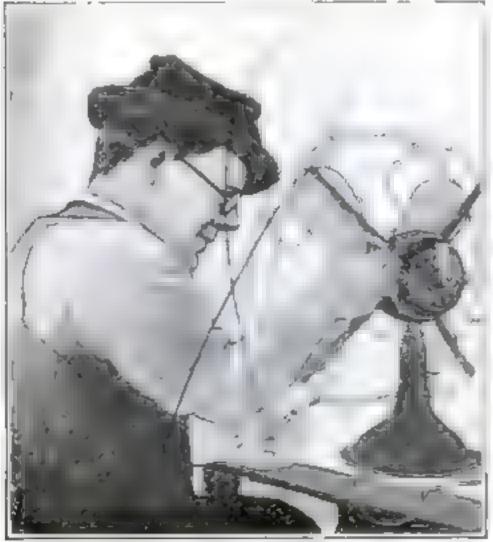
Read the Rules of This Amazing Contest-Page 122



5. The woodwork in the breakfast nook is too dark and gloomy Mary thinks, so John gets a can of white enamel and starts enthusiastically pointing the trim around the window



6. Mary's electric fron refuses to work. Taking it apart, John discovers that a wire is broken in the heating unit. Eagerly, though with little experience, he proceeds to solder the break



7. Though he knows little about electrical appliances, John determines to give the noisy electric fan a thurough oiling. Here he is undertaking the job with enthusiasm



8. Mary protests at the appearance of the radio storage battery in the hving-room. Eager to please her John conceals the battery in the closet and runs the wares under the rug.

## Marvels of Marine Invention



#### Latest Rivals of Naval Warfare

Despite elegate counts and by expects that the wallship in tempt the expect was a self-and being in a manage or letting ever before The farmet tipe business of qualification by the material of the expectation of the expect



#### Two Boats in One

A racing subbant with a double him two puntoons a uncerted by cross braces as the naver mea of an Itahan inventor, Long Penco

#### A Floating Lighthouse

The floating brick residence shown at the right is one of the words of feet agotherses. It is located of the coast of New London, Countries





# Where Half an Hour Is a Day's Work

# Thrilling Experiences of a Veteran Sandhog, Who for 30 Years Worked Deep in Caissons and Tunnels

"SURE I like it. Why shouldn't It Short hours, big pay, an' easy work into the bargain. Who wouldn't like a job like that, I'm askin' ye?"

Paddy Ryan, veteran "sandhog," spat emphatically into the gutter as he delivered that eulogy of his day's work. Paddy was just through with his job in the Hudson River vehicular tunnels, the biggest tunneling project ever completed, with the twin 30-foot tubes making an under-water roadway for automobile traffic between New York City and the New Jersey shore. And being the higgest of all under-water tunnels, it was the biggest sandhog job on record. Twelve hundred of these men, doing their day's work below the river-bed, had burrowed those mile-long holes through the mud, and some of them-Paddy Ryan for one -were proud of their achievement.

From where we stood, in West Street on the New York water-front, we could see the towering steel skeleton of the city's newest skyscraper. The clatter of the pneumatic riveting bandners resounded like the tattoo of a flock of giant woodpeckers. Paddy took a long puff

### By Frank Parker Stockbridge

at his pipe, removed it from his mouth and waved it in the direction of the sound

"Now, them boys," he said, with an inimitable burr that defies type, "them boys taken their lives in their hands every time they goes to the top. When they fall they've got a long ways to drop. Now, is lads that works in the tunnels an' existing don't take no chances like that. There ain't no place for us to drop. We're already at the bottom, an' then some."

Paddy laughed at his own joke. There was no doubt of his belief that the sandbog's job of sinking causous and digging tunnels under compressed air was far superior to the risky business of climbing aloft among the beams and girden.

'Yes, sir," he went on, "there sin't no place for a sandhog to fall to, without he lets go of the ladder goin' down into a causon, though I mind me of Dan Murphy that was killed by a wooden plug, no bigger than would stop a jug, fallin' 80 feet un' hittin' him on the head when he was at the bottom o' one o' the causons o' the Manhattan Bridge, crossin'

the East River, at New York. Them was monsters, them caimons. Ever been down in one, master?"

I pleaded ignorance. Paddy beamed with a superior air

bottom, a causen is," he and. "At the top is the air lock, an' at the bottom is the muck—earth or sand or gravel or hardpan or rock—whatever stands between the surface of the earth an' bedrock. Y see, the purpose of the caisson is to clear averything away, down to the backbone o' the world, so they can have somethin' solid to rest their steel an' concrete on. What good would all that be if it wasn't on rock at the bottom?"

He waved his pipe again at the skyscraper. "Them boys wouldn't have no jobs at all if it wasn't that its sandhors did our job first," he went on. "Now it stands to reason that when you get down a certain ways underground you strike water, an' that 's why you've got to use caussons, unless the bedrock comes above the water line. Ninety-four feet, them Manhattan Bridge californ went down,

That's two tour-nous manager hours' rest between 'em. All sandhog jobs are two shifts, for nobody can stand the pressure for a full workin' day. An' the higher the pressure, the higher the pay an' the shorter the day. In calmon work the pay's a bit higher, and there's seven kind o' days, one for pressures up to 18 pounds an' eight hours' work; the next is six hours, from 18 to 26 pounds, an' so on up to premures above 48 pounds. That's some pressure! An' how long do you think a day's work is under that tnuch air? Half an hour! Two 15minute shifts, that's all. But the pay goes up 50 cents a day for every step up in pressure, so a miner—that's me—gets 314 dollars on top of his eight-fifty, for half an hour's work. Twelve dollars for 30 minutest

"IT AIN'T often we have to work under top pressures, though Deepest job I ever worked on was the Pennsylvania tunnels, from the Jersey shore to the Pennsylvania Railroad terminal in New feet. That was only about 40 pounds pressure."

Paddy paused and relighted his pipe nonchalantly. Evidently working "under air" agreed with him. Unlike the structural-steel workers, few of the sandbogs are of the ciender, wiry type. They run rather to fat than otherwise, and Paddy Ryan is no exception to the rule.

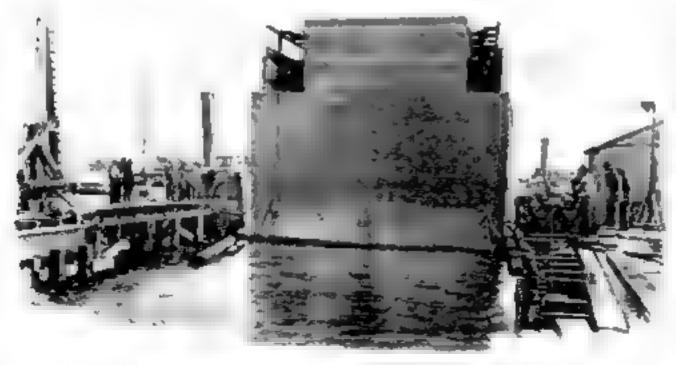
"Sure we get fat, an' why wouldn't we?" he responded to my comment. "Men, what an appetite it does give you, workin' under air! A company doctor explained it to me once. It seems it's because we inhale more oxygen every time we breathe the compressed air than we do on the surface, an' it's the exygen that burns out the waste in our blood an' tissues. There must be somethin' in that, for any kind of a fire burns faster under the air. My pipe, now-three puffs an' it's burned out, under 80 pounds pressure. They don't stand for smoldn' on the job, though. A sandhog that does is blacklusted. In the old days,

"SAY, that reminds me of a funny thing," Paddy went on, after a few reminiscent puffs at his pips, "There was a sandhog named Louis Cassari, an Austrian. He was an old-timer, and he held the record for the longest time under air—16 hours, under 30 pounds. Well, Louis blew out his candle in the casson one day an' put it in his packet, an' you can call me a Dutchman if it didn't light up again in his pocket. First Louis knew about it was when he felt his leg burnin', and there was his pants half burned off!

"Ym, sir; it's the oxygen in the compressed air that burns up the food we eat, so we have to be sure to sat enough. An' I suppose it's the same thing that makes it easy to work under air. Kind o' like a stimulant; everything's easy to do. Fellows that are too lasy to shake down the kitchen stove'll do a big day's work in a causen or a tunnel an' think nothin' of it. You don't get tired at all "

"Pretty dangerous work, though, isn't it?" I ventured. "Doesn't it knock a man's system to pieces, if he keeps it up?"

"You're thinkin' about the 'bends,' that there used to be so much about in the papers," replied Paddy. "Well, it's the same with this sort o' work as with any other—a man's got to take care of himself. Everybody has to. You have to, don't you? Well, then, a sandbog that doesn't take care of himself off the job'il die sooner than the ones that does, but



Que to the big stud calenous for the rehicular rounds, seved into position for disking

there's nothin' in workin' under air to hurt a fellow. Look at me, now. I've been workin', caisson an' tunnel jobs, on the other side an' over here, for 30 years, an' I'm good for 20 years yet.

"TAKE your time in the air lock, and pecially comin' out, an' don't let the lock-tender change the pressure too fast, an' you're all right. There's an air lock at the top of the causeon or the shore end of the tunnel. When you go in, they cross the door bekind you, an' turn on the air till it gets up to the premure inside the workin'. Comin' out, it works the other way. Goin' in you can take it faster than comin' out; that's where the boys used to get into trouble and get the bonds,' comin' out of the air too fast. Thirty accords in the air look for every pound of pressure in the rule, but sometimes a sandhog that's in too much of a hurry'll turn the valve when the locktender inn't lookin'

'That's not much this side o' marder, for while it might not burt him, it might kill some o' the rest o' the gang in the lock, or cripple 'em for life. That's when you get the 'benda'; by comiz' out too fast. It's like the jumpin' toothache an' the worst kind o' rheumatem combined, an' if it bits you in the bead you go daffy. If it gets you in the belly you have the worst colic you ever heard of There's only one way to cure it, an' that's to go under the air again, and ease off the pressure gradual. It's little bubbles of air that gets into the blood, under the pressure. They work out through the lungs if you give 'em time."

Paddy's pipe called for attention again. There was the far-away look in his eyes not my sollivan, the best foreman I ever worked under. He was an old-time sandhog, only they call 'em all miners over there. He'd worked in the calmons of the Forth bridge an' come over here, once, in 1890, when an English company was tryin' to run a tunnel under the Hudson, the one McAdoo took hold of afterwards an' finished—what they call the Hudson Tunnel now.

"Well, we had the tunnel through, though the air was still on, while we was puttin' in the bning, when two members of the London County Council thought it would be a mee thing to make a tour of inspection. They were fat, red-faced blokes, retired coapmakers or somethin' like that, an' their idea of an inspection tour was to bring a big hamper of lunch along, with some whaky an' champagne to wash it down with, an' eat lunch in the tunnel.

"WELL, the air pressure was so heavy champagne cork wouldn't pop, but had to be pulled out, an' they were complainin' about how flat the stuff was. It wouldn't fixe at all. But they drank it, or one of 'em did. The other stuck to whisky, an' emptied about half the bottle. Then they went back to the air lock. I was gom' off shift, so I was in there with 'em.

"Pretty soon, as the

Then you come out of \$0 degrees as end of your shift an' maybe it's around zero outside, but you're so het you don't notice it at first, an' you don't wrap yourself up like you ought to. Then you get a chill an'—good night!"

"But what about the risk of drowning?" I inquired. "Don't the camons and tunnels get flooded, sometimes?"

"A fellow has to take some chances on any job," replied Paddy; "but It's no worse on this job than on any other—

Continued on page sur-



Sandbogs builting together the great east from segments that form the liming of the great under river runnel

EVERYBODY who drives a motorcar or rides in one is familiar with the "speed limit"—the rate beyond which the law says a motor vehicle may not travel.

Has Nature, though, also her speed limit? Is there a rate beyond which a human being may not travel without breaking one of Nature's laws?

In other words, could a man operate an airplane or a motor-car at a speed of 1000 miles an hour, say, were science to produce a vehicle capable of going that fast?

It is doubtful, says science. The thousand-mile-an-hour atraine is mechanically possible, but there are speed limits set up by nature beyond which the human body cannot go. Various physiological processes of the body are the traffic cope that will force man to obey the speed laws of nature, no matter how fast he may build his vehicles, no matter how ambitious he may be to surpass previous speed records.

These physiological processes issue unmistakable warnings in the form of pain, dizinces, nauses, and even unconsciousness, when man approaches the speed beyond which he may not go. To proceed faster would be suicide.

WHEN Lieut. Al Williams, U.S. N., former big league pitcher, reached the unprecedented speed of 286.59 miles an hour in his sirplane, not long ago, he heard the warnings of the traffic cope of nature

"When I rounded a turn," he reported, "I went out cold."

And there, according to science, is the hub of the whole matter. The straight-away speed that man can stand may not yet have been approached, but it is likely that Lieutenant Williams came very close to the rate at which nature will permit a man to speed and turn.

When me light rate of speed, it is in thrown over on his side quite as mo. as if he were east from a catapult. The circulation of the blood must adapt itself to the sudden change of position. It is slow to do so. The body is going one way; the blood is circulating in a way that corresponds to quite a different motion of the body; the result is distinguished.

Moreover, centrifugal force draws the blood away from the brain. There results a condition known as brain anemia At 266 miles an bour the brain's blood supply can readjust itself. At 1000 miles an bour, though, science says, the terrific pull would draw the blood from the brain with such force as to result in permanent injury, possibly death

Major L. H. Bauer, of the School of Aviation Medicine, Mitchel Field, N. Y.,

is one effective who is ready to predict that excessive speeds will cause permanent injury or death

What nature's speed limit for the human body is, Doctor Bauer says it is impossible to state. But there is a limit, and probably it never will be reached because of nature's warnings.

When Al Williams made 286 59 miles an hour—a mile in a little more than 13 seconds—be traveled faster than a human being ever went before or since. Other aviators have approached that speed, but



More than Three Times Faster than Man

The receivers: Charry Pic, which holds the world's record for a competitive mile, made this distance in 1 minute 35 3/3 accords. Minute heat record for the stage distance about in 4 minutes 10 2/5 accords

Can YOU GO?

New Discoveries Show that Nature, Not Mechanics, Limits Man's Speed

By Robert E. Martin

in no other vehicle has anything like such a speed been attained.

The closest approach to it, according to official records, is the mile in 23 07 seconds that Tommy Milton made in his automobile Automobiles never will travel much fester than that. It is not a question of maxing a car mechanically capable of attaining the speed; it is a matter of obtaining a road on which such a speed can be negotiated with comparative safety.

The possible speed of metor-cycles. Though motorcycles are used by the police in keeping automobile speeders in order, so far as speed records are concerned, the motorcycle must take second place to the automobile among vehicles that travel the road. For the fastest motorcycle speed recorded is a mile in 32.63 accords made by Jim Davis.

Mechanical vehicles—whether in the air, on the ground, or in the water—make the efforts of man to attain speed through his own

while much has successed in traveing a mite in approximately 13 seconds in an automobile, the best time that Phavo Norm the last word in runners, has been able to make for the same distance is a maderality worse than four minutes. Charley Paddock, probably the fastest consistent runner that ever lived, can better Norm's best speed, but only for a short distance. The dissy speed that has carried this



He Came Close to Nature's Speed Limit

When Lieux Al Williams U S M (right) reached the unprecedented speed of 166-59 miles as hour to his surplane he "west out cold" at a turn-rendence of nature a speed limit



The Greatest Sprinter
Charley Paddock, prohably the
fastest ronner that ever lived, has
traveled 100 yards in 9 3/5 seconds;
yet he could not maintain such
speed for the further man goes the

slower his pace must become



His Car Traveled a Mile in 23.07 Seconds

The morest approach to the fastest eirplane speed is the mile in 23.07 amounds made by Tommy Milton (above) in his automobile. Automotive engineers believe that automobiles rever will travel much faster than this record. This remarkable picture shows Milton's cut traveling at top speed

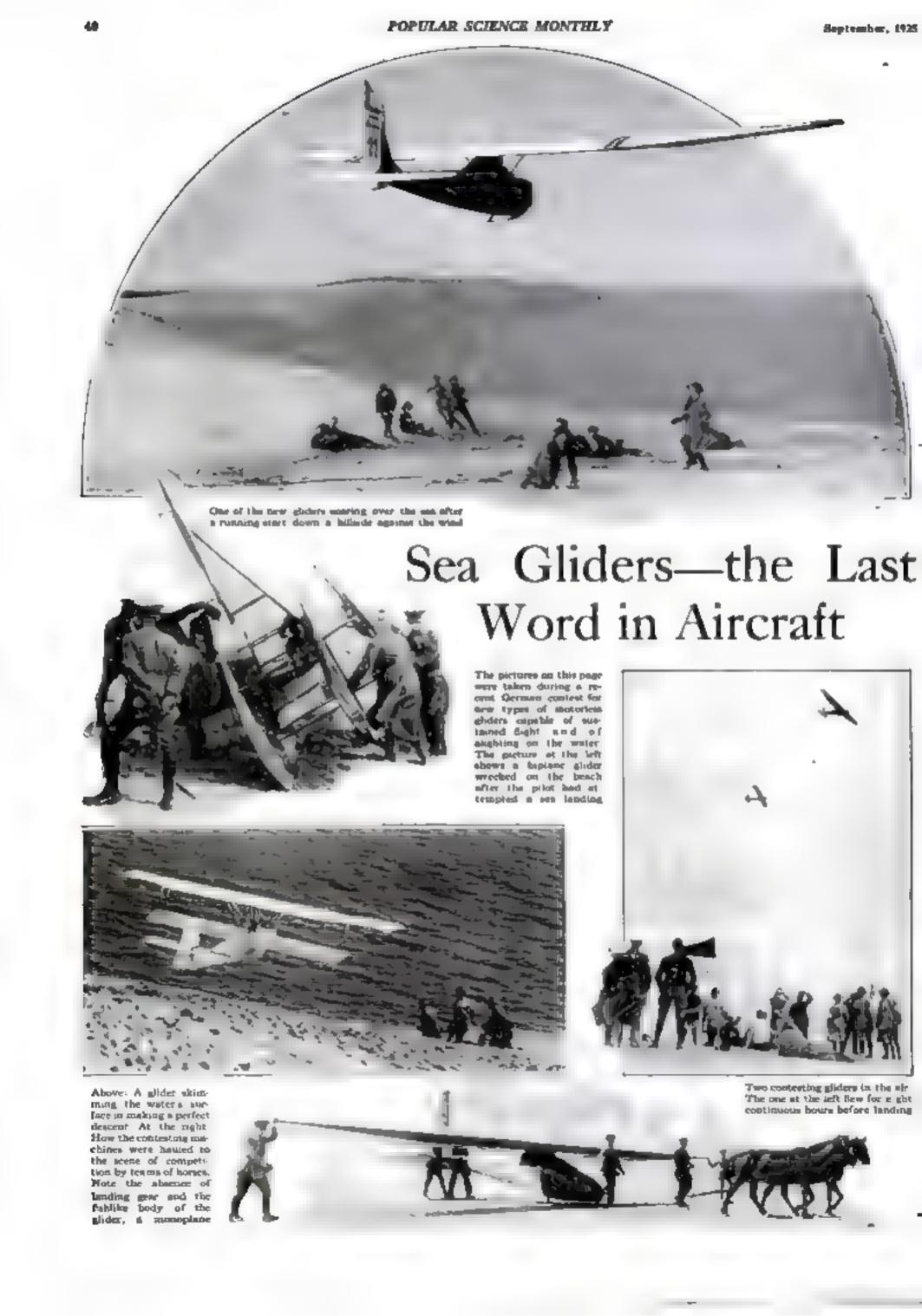
California athlete 100 yards in 9 5/5 seconds cannot be maintained by him for a mile—or even for an eighth of a mile, for the farther man goes, the slower he goes.

In the water, man's speed depends entirely on his method of navigation. In a motor-boat he can reach express-train speed. The speed of the greatest swimmer, however, cannot be compared with the speed of the average walker. Thus Johnny Weismuller, who has eclipsed all records at the shorter distances, required 51 2 6 seconds to make 100 yards in his best effort.

A fish, of course, could circle round and round this greatest of swimmers and beat him at any distance. Similarly, most animals can eclipse the best speed of which man is capable afoot. Thus, Cherry Pie, the racehome, which holds the world's record for a competitive mile, accomplished the distance in 1 minute 35 2/5 seconds. Nurmi's best record for the same distance is 4 minutes 10 2/5 seconds.

With some mechanical aid, man can better that latter time. Thus, Reggie McNamara has gone a mile in 1 minute 45 seconds on a bicycle, while Arthur Staff has made a mile in 2 minutes 35 seconds on ice skates.

There seem to be very definite limits, though, to what man can accomplish with his muscles. Only a small fraction of a second usually separates the new record from the old.



Poisons that Lurk in "Bootleg Booze"

# Federal Chemists Reveal the Perils of "Imported" and Homemade Liquors

By Norman C. McLoud

ET the national water supply become as foul as bootleg liquor, and the population will be in a state of complete panic.

In this circumstance lies one of life's mysteries. Civilization basks at drinking polluted water. The mere suggestion of impurity brings consternation and dismay. A hint of typhoid germs in the water supply will terrify an entire community.

Bootley liquor, though, in a different

proposition.

Ninety-nine per cent of the stuff is off color. Much of it is the sort that kills. Not more than one quart in a hundred meets the standards of the days preceding prohibition. More than that, much of it contains actual, active poteons, among them carbolic acid, formaldehyde, pyridine, acctons, and lodine—chemicals that are used in denaturing the sleebol from which much of the bootleg stuff is fabricated and which the bootleg manufacturer cannot remove when attempting to turn the denatured alcohol into a beverage.

Lye is another posson that is found in hooting boose. Lead as to, sinc suits, and tin salts, absorbed either from the cost and apparatus or ir in the costs of requests of the staff is suppose frequently contains a time were a teat are soin

This is not propagands. This is not propagands. The statements are cold facts, stripped of argument, and based on scientific research. They are the product of applied chemistry seeking the truth about the national liquor supply. They are facts unbiased by personal opinion on the prohibition question.

There is a government laboratory in Washington that devotes itself to the job of learning what's in bootleg boose. I have lived with the chemists in this laboratory. I have seen them taste "bootleg"—as a part of their day's work—

and epit it out as they would the rankest poison. In the process of observation i have seen them cheat death by seconds through the simple expedient of getting rid of the stuff before it could get them.

"We learn to taste without swallowing," government chemists explained to me. "Chemical analysis is exact, but





"Less than One Per Cent Is Genuine"

Dr W V Linder chief of the Chemical Section, U 3. Internal Revenue Sureau examining typical spectroms of mountaine, In the dot year Dr Linder and his chemists have analyzed more than 65 000 samples of booting liquor. "Less than one per cent of the stuff new sold—he says, "is ganging liquor."

there are some questions that it does not answer. The sense of taste must be employed also. We can taste the contents of 25 or 30 hottles without swallowing a drop. If we did swallow it, there would be delly vacancies on the payroll."

In my study of contraband boose I have enjoyed contact with Dr. W. V. Linder, chief of the Chemical Section of the Internal Revenue Bureau, In the last year Doctor I index and his chemistal have applicated in the train \$5,000, samples of tentileg square.

"IESS than one per cent of the staff now Logold 'Langer tool me or genmen aquer Des ate all you hear on the consts about sever that is just off a slep, or in other parts of the courtry al- out to pier that has just been smugg oil across the a reer or francilerty with-Serior from a remodel ware a use," contegyers samply can't get 1 ld of the real stoff. The supply today is made up of moonshine, dar lied under the most filthy and insentery conditions imaginable, or mixtures of densitured alcohole mered and flavored to represent whisky, or containing jumper to make it pass as Phot this stiff is not as pure as notine brust be a new ed-

issues? Of some The degree of preson varies but the there had the etills a name alow. We have had go less art gut ons here, one grow I will be in the transmission of the maximum to be drunk requarly for menths perhaps refere the possons became effective. Somer or later though they would become effective

"The death certificate of the drinker might not show booting liquor as the cause of death, but it would be the cause neverthelem. For the effects of many of these poisons are cumulative. They attack the liver or kidneys, undermine the entire system.

"It has been claimed that bootleg liquor is no more harmful in this respect than the alcoholic beverages consumed in other days. This contention, though, is wrong. The baneful effects of the present type of liquor are far greater."

Lander has a staunch ally in the official person of J M Doran, head of the

Prohibition Unit's Industrial Alcohol and Chemical Division Doran backs the statements of the chemical chief and makes startling declarations of his own

MUCH of the whisky, gin, and kindred drinks peddled by bootleggers," this expert told ric, "have as their basis either moonshine, with its attendant poisons, or denatured alcohol, a non-beverage liquor intended for industrial use. The latter consists of pure grain alcohol to which has been added various denaturants rendering it unfit for beverage purposes.

"These denaturants are impossible of elimination by any process employed by the bootlegger. The majority of cases of instant death from alcoholic poisoning are the results of drinking this class of concoc-

"Wood alcohol produces paralysis and atrophy of the untle perve, with total blindress, inflammation of the kidneys and bladder, nephritis, and cystitis In some cases it produces death. It is known that death has been caused by as little as three ounces. Detection of the presence of wood alcohol is impossible except by thorough analysis performed by a skilled chemut in a wellequipped Inboratory

"This product is diluted, flavored and colored, bottled in containers hearing fake caps, labels, and stamps, as a sold as well known brands of liquor

IN THIS last statement is found the tack that punctures the transumers bubble of security produced by fare ar labels. Nobody should let himself to fooled by an honest appearance on the outside of the bottle. Counterfeit pauges are the essence of the bootle, ger's trade.

"Almost every brand of label has been imitated," Doran told me. "Whether domestic or foreign, the labels have been made and sold by the tens of thousands. Few tabels known to American consumers have been over ooked."

One source of supply for take materials was discovered in the shadow of the United States Capitol. In this establishment the representatives of the Treasury Department found a stock of merchandase that constituted a bootlegger's delight. There could be obtained any desired variety of bottle he might require—

exact counterparts of the bottles that designated various brands before liquor became an outlaw

Dressing the bottles received the same careful attention at the hands of this enterprising dealer. His counterfeits included labels, tinfoil, stoppers, and everything that might be required for giving the bottle an honest appearance. Even the packing was not overlooked. The supplies embraced the peculiar Scottish hads used oversess for fastening

Not long ago a rum ship was captured, which contained a complete outfit for fabricating "Scotch" of almost any desired brand—There were alcohol, flavoring chemicals, bottles, labels, corks, cases; everything that was required to give the appearance of genuineness to the ship-made bottles.

From at least two points—one in New Jersey and the other on Long Island—bootleg "Scotch" made on United States soil, I am told, is transported

> regularly to the rum fleet by mot at and carried back again () the rum rathers and discussed of as imported staff

PIE woot egger as a good advertiser Much of ass the period areas from stores sent thousand regarding the arge amount of hijtor being smagg of acts the Intest States, and would states of large unusuota feurica ptry withdraws from based of ware Louses. These at mes, though Lander Doran, and R. A. Haynes, beceral Prehing r Compressor recognitional page. were made of thesa ne material that any live the bady of much of the legacy that is peddled these days machine

It is almost impossible to get real that r, said Doran "Even though it may have been real once, it does not reman that way for more than a few hours after coming into the possession of the boot-

segger for the bootlegger is not gong to lose fabulous to its 15 selling good a ser as a when he can of the or cut' t with record bed decatured a sobol, would a sobol or column matter and make of it four up her times the accordance.

In the Storehouse of Fakes

I W Quiter Uncle Same chief in the New York inbostory at his buge state of her ex. May better hear furnish abels them however tent on take of which in purionous garden.

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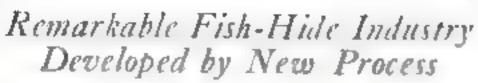
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# Shoe-Leather from the Sharks



has caused leather manufacturers to transcal has caused leather manufacturers to transcal through experiments under the different of Funeries, the aking of sharks,

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### Perfects N w Tanning Process

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### Was and the Fish Hides

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### Softening Hides

On the time rate of he left he makes are made phases from a gun metal facult suitable for short. Officers are tabled for in ing worther and cordoran

IKE a wild-animal tramer, in a cage full of potential death,"Slim"

is the most dangerous job on the movie lot " Upon las skill often derend the lives of him dreds of actors. "The only trick," he says, "la knowing what your explosive will do, then timing the mixture with the action of players and that of the camera."



He Has Staged More Battles than Napoleon

How "Slim" Hoffman Makes Dynamite Do Astonishing Tricks for Movie Thrillers

### By Fred Gilman Jopp

BLINDING flash lights up the inky horizon. Another! The shrick of shells with stunning crash of detonation. The numb earth throbs. Flames! Destruction! Horror!

The deathly silence that follows is broken only by the grinding click of cameras straving to catch the last then wan of smoke. The movie battle s over

Not long ago a big freighter, formely the S. S. Gorrollin, salou serenery off the coast of and Hook. A man watched over a switchboard. He pressed a key Holf an hour elapsed, as the movie capt one say, and doating bits of debris were the only token of the vessel that had been shattered and sunk. Ten tons of dynamite and 1000 pounds of managements. mite and 1000 pounds of gunpowder had done their work. All to provide a moment's thrill for you some night at the



Blowing Lp a Steamship for a Thrill

Ten tons of dynamics and 1900 pounds of gunpowder set off by one man with the pressthe of a key president this spectacular explosion of the steamship Correcting a few weeks ago of Sandy Area. And all to provide a moment a three for you in the movies

One man blows up a hore steamship. A single man creates the carriage of a whole battle in the movies. He is a powerful person and important for he plays who me most dangerous tools on the "lot." On his skill often depend the lives of hundreds of actors

Here is the time to introduce Walter J. ("Slim") Hoffman, screenland's explosive engineer, the man who has staged more battles than Napoleon, but who differs from the Little Corporal in that he has yet to cause his first casualty. Hoffman can make dynamite do a whole bagful of tricks.

Everything has charged in motion picture production, including methods ( destruction. Movie sets used to be race. by pulling wires or cutting ropes. T never was satisfactory, because human beings all react differently. The pull of wares or the chopping of ropes never was uniform, and time after time a balding would fall halfway and then stop in mid air because some rope or wire had caugh on a projection

Then the method of using fuses camin. While this was an improvement, still it was unsatisfactory, because fuse



Blieft ahre met atte of der goodere met personwert work remarkabile realism. by the explorive responser to making it becausing of his provide minimizer.

would go out at the wrong time. Often when a whole building was to be razed, one portion of it would remain standing because the explosive failed to explode Accidents occurred from delayed fuses, causing serious injuries in some cases.

Today explosions are created by electricity and powder. All parts of a building can be destroyed almultaneously, or any portion of it without disturbing the rest. Or explosions can be timed to act consecutively, giving film effects that startle. So long as the powder is of a certain chemical quality a certain mechanical result is assured. There are no chances of accidents under these modern conditions.

The explosive engineer must construct a Civil War or a modern battle at three days' notice. The problems that greet him each day would drive another engineer crazy. An idea of what he is up against may be gleaned from the following assignments. The list is typical of the jobe "Shm" Hoffman finds waiting

for him when he comes down to the lot in the

morning

1. Destroy the brick laboratory on the back lot without harming the two glass stages 100 feet distant

 An explosion in which a trick eight explodes in the villam's mouth to blind him, and at the same time shatters the glass of poiaoned wine held by the aged father

 A projectile breaking through one wall, must travel between two actors and out the other wall.

4. A man off balance, about to fall down a manhole, must be set back on his feet by the concussion of an explosion set off below. No tricks.

5. Destroy an entire French village with explosions that give the effect of shrapnel fire.

This is a good begin-

ning All the secrets of solving these difficult problems are locked away in the explosive engineer's brain. "There is really nothing to them," Hoffman told me with a laugh. "The only trick is knowing exactly what your explosive will do, then timing the mixture with the action of players and camera.

"THE great difficulty is with the human element. Powder will do what I command, but the players sometimes won t, and the result is grief, and lots of it. Actom, like almost all other people, have difficulty in mastering the psychology of fear. Any one can walk 20 feet on a curbstone, but lift that curb 100 feet in the air, and it's a different story.

"It is the same way with explosions. We can point out that the explosion will affect only a certain area, that physically it can apread no farther, but reasoning does no good when an actor is airnid. Usually, in such cases, the director and I get around things by keeping the explosion a secret. In this way I can guarantee positive results, and the director obtains registration of honest-togoodness emotion. Imagine your favorite star standing near a couple of sticks of dynamite, and that dynamite exploding without her knowledge! Does she register fear and amazement? I'll say she does!

"The wise director, however, shoots the explosive scene at the very end of the picture, because after the explosion the star is likely to be a little shaky. And you can't blame her. But when this picture is shown and the critics rave over the star's great emotional work, you can

(Continued on base (III)



By ingenious placing of explosives, any part of a building can be destroyed without disturbing the rest. Behind the current site Hoffman, watching for the catect moment to throw the switch that will "shoot" an explosion where a moment before stood an actor.

Drift-Recorder Keeps Pilots on Course

An Ingenious New Aid to Aviators

AVIATORS throughout the world are interested in recent successful tests of an instrument, invented by Commander La Prieur of the French Army Aviation Service, that enables pilots to determine exactly the deviation of their craft from its course as the result of side winds. This instrument, called the "navigraph," makes it possible for the pilot to reach his objective in the shortest time possible.

The principle of the navigraph is explained in the accompanying diagram. Supposing an airplant should start from A on a course A X, with the intention of

reaching B. If it were exposed during its flight to a side wand blowing In the direction BC the airplane would find steel at the end of a calculated time at C, having actually traveled along the delit line AZ, though pointed in m direction parallel to AB AMGLE OF that the airplane.

How on eighten.
How on eighten.
Blown by a side wind.
It carried from its
true course AB along
the drift has AC resent the speed an

hour of the airplane. The vect. BC represents
the speed and
direction of the
wind in miles an
hour, and the
vector AC represents the course
actually followed

by the airplans and its speed an hour in relation to the ground. The angle BAC represents the deviation due to the wind.

Knowing the speed of his airplane and the direction and distance of his objective, the aviator needs only to know the angle and direction of his drift to enable him to lay out a course that will uncertingly take him to his destination within a calculable time. The object of Le Prieur's navigraph is to provide a simple method of determining the drift angle.

The navigraph consists of an instrument for determining the direction and angle of side drift,

and an apparatus for plotting corrections of the line of flight. A small movable telescope is mounted to form one side of an articulated parallelogram. The other side is formed by a tube with a pencil at one end. The axes of the pencil tube and the telescope always remain parallel. The point rests on a recording paper attention between two rollers.

To determine the angle of drift, the

Commander Le
Pricur using his new
drift recording inoccupent. While he
nights through the
mail releacope inceping some object on
earth in the cratter of
vision, the angle of
drift is recorded automatically by the
mechanism at right

aviator eights through the telescope some distant point along the line of flight. By keeping that point in the center of the field of the telescope, and drawing a line along the edge of the calibrated ruler mounted on a disk in a parallel position, the aviator will obtain a pencil-line record indictating the angle of drift.

# French Air-Propelled Sea-Sleds Race a Mile a Minute



While high power motor-boats have been matching their speed against express trains in the United States, a remarkable new type of racing craft, driven by simplane grapeller, has appeared on the Seine River in France. It is called a "sea-sled." A number of these boats, racing under the suspices of the Motor Boat Club of France, are reported to have attained the remarkable speed of a mile-a-mount.

Hence a a first wiew of prince shall street the are no the waves. The met up view of the section shows the area on met proper or are modulated necessary into a financial with observe the stern deck of the flat strengthed craft.



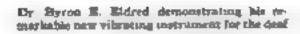
# New Aids for the Deaf

Compact Amplifiers Replace Ear Trumpet



Laboratories. This fits into the ear, and is virtually invisible. With its connecting cord it weighs only six-tenths of an ounce. It is connected

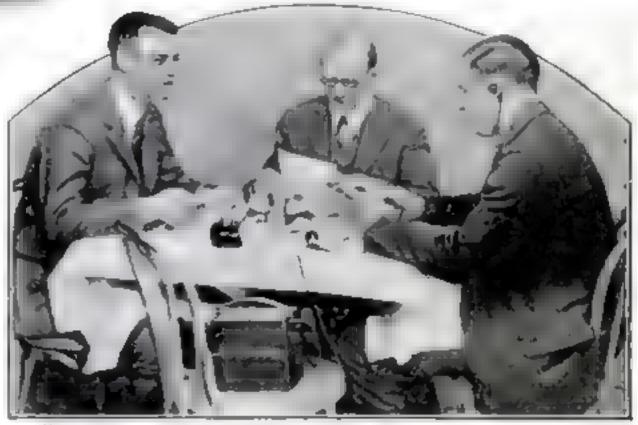
with a microphone that can be worn in the coat lapel, and an amplifier in a box that can be carried in the hand. The amplifier contains two small vacuum tubes and the necessary batteries. By the use of thu device, which is called the "audiphone," a person who has lost 60 per cent of his hearing is said to be able to hear the ordinary conversational tones of a apeaker three feet away.



WO highly ingenious devices for the relief of the deaf recently have been developed by scientists

Dr. Byron E. Eldred, mechanical engineer, of New York City, is responsible for the apparatus pictured above. The operation of this is based on the fact that deal persons often can hear sounds ordiparity inaudible to them when the sounds are accompanied by loud noises, such as the rumbling of a train, or the beating of a drum. This phenomenon, scientists believe, is due to the fact that vibrations of the louder noises act as a sort of "carrier waye" for the smaller voice vibrations.

Doctor Edred's device, by means of two generators that actuate a disphragm, sends out a succession of air vibrations, corresponding to the rumble of a train or similar noises, and these are said to aid deaf persons to hear ordinary conversation



How the mimeture telephone, called the sudsphone," is used by a deaf person. The tentiment is to small that it fits on a person's ear. The templifier is sent on the chair

# Automatic Wireless Instrument Sends "SOS" Calls at Sea

HAT the radio operator of a ship may have a chance for his life with the rest of craw if the vessel should sink, a new SOS sending device has been invented to give automatically the ship's call sign, the latitude and longitude, and the distress signal. After the machine has started it will continue sending out the on I until the ship sinks, according to the greater, M. Passague a young French ungineer

machine may be set each day according to the ship's location so that everything may be ready in case of accident.

The instrument, operated by a small electric motor, is contained in a cabinet and may be mounted on a table. It con-

The notches on the rim of the wheel transmit the three dots, three dashes, and three dots of the SOS signal. These are sent three times in succession, and then follows a long space that allows for the sand-

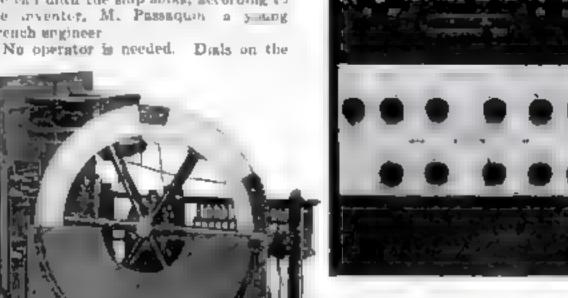
ing of the chip's call sign. The latitude

sists of a wheel with notches all around

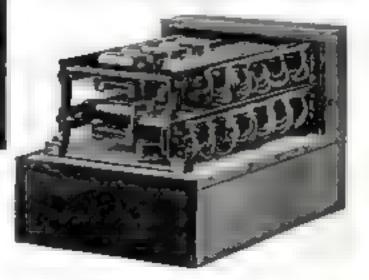
ste rim and a shaft bearing 14 came.

and longitude are then sent by the cam arrungement, which has 14 cams, 10 for digits and four for compass points. The control panel is arranged with dials for the various settings.

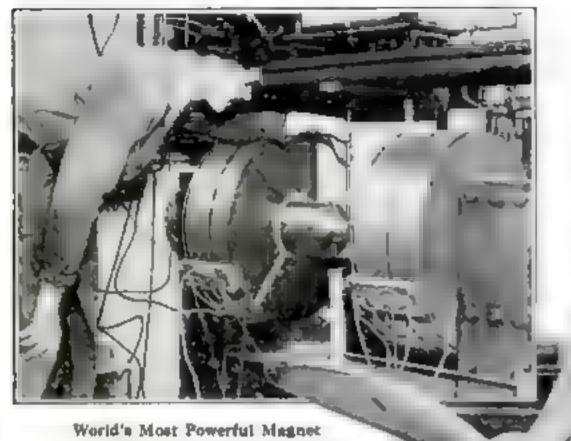
Seacraft equipped with this invention does not need radio operators on board in order to send out measures of distress.



The central panel of the automatic SOS transporter with dark for the various servings or shown above Not they on the rim of the revolving wheel shown at left transmit the dots and desires of the signal. At the right is an extensible receiving entranent



# Sun-Gazer Forecasts Weather



For use in testing the stomic theory in metals this huge magnet said to be the most powerful in the world, was installed recently in the Engineering School of the University of California at Berkeley

LMOST every day of the month there are produced new inventions or discoveries to lighten human labor, relieve suffering, add to our comfort, or increase our knowledge of the world we live in. Are you keeping in touch with them? Do you know of their value to you?

The following brief survey of the month's important achievements will belp you keep up to date in the rapid progress of science and invention

### The Sun as an Almanac

ONCE every day for more than a year Henry H. Clayton, meteorologist, formerly official forecaster in Argentina. has been looking at the sun through a telescops, and forecasting, from what he has seen there, the temperature of the day one week following, in New York City He mails his predictions to the Smithsonian Institution in Washington the day he makes them

Recently, in checking up his method of forecasting weather by the sun, Smithsonian computers appounced that for the year Clayton's predictions, on the average, worked out remarkably well. Bright putches on the sun, called "faculae," or numerous sun-spots, mean that a hotter sun is coming, Clayton explains. An increase of solur heating, contrary to what one might expect, means cooler weather in the East.

The methods of forecasting now employed by the U. S. Weather Bureau produce only general predictions of the "Jair and warmer" type

#### Antiseptic Rays Purify Water

TWO scientists in Paris recently dropped a bottle containing to antidropped a bottle containing an antiseptic in a vessel of impure water. The bottle was tightly corked so that its cine. Our city drinking water, for example, in the future may be purified at very low cost without chemicals. Survey Crops by Airplane AGRICULTURAL observers are trying out the plan of going up in airplanes to determine crop conditions. In s test flight recently, an army plans flew

> important crops. At a height of from 50 to 200 feet an agricultural statustician was able to note the extent of damage done by insects or storms. Further, he was able to deter-

over a 200-mile area in North Carelina covered with tobacco, peaches, and other

Other New Discoveries

and Useful Inventions

that Mark the World's

Achievements in Science

great importance for hygiene and medi-

mine by the color of the crops and soil the general bealthiness of the crops. In an airplane an eatimate of erop conditions

over a large area can be made in a single day, it is said, while by the old method of sending out questionnaires to farmers, it often takes 10 days

to get the information.



HALF a million dollars has been given by Daniel Guggenhelm to establish the first School of Aeronautics in the United States. It will be a part of New

land for the design of a moderate priced. low powered, light sirplane for popular use. It must be a two-seater, dualcontrol plane of British construction, with folding wings and an engine that weighs not more than 170 pounds.

York University in New York City. A \$24,000 prize is being offered in Eng-

### Coffee and Alcohol

COFFEE is more of a stimulant than alcohol. The latter makes a man stupid It is depressing and paralyses all proper fear and centraint. While those under its influence can do more work, they do not do it well. On the other band, coffee is stimulating, anabling a user to work beyond normal strength, although he must pay the penalty later in loss of sleep. These statements were made by Dean Henry H. Rusby, of the Columbia College of Pharmacy in New York City, explaining why the world drinks what it does.

Another Columbia University professor, Dr. H. L. Hollingworth, put six college students to a two weeks' drinking test to find an answer to the question: When is a man intoxicated? In courts all sorts of tests are used, from making a man

### The Biggest Airplane Propeller

Messering 16 feet ocross. This immense sirplous propeller was constructed recently in Milwaukee.

With for one of the planes that soon will attempt a round the world hight from Seattle. It is declared to be the largest sircraft propeller ever built, and is designed to travel 1700 revolutions a minute

contents could not come in contact with the water . Yet 24 hours later, when the bottle was taken out, 25 per cent of the microbes in the water had been killed.

The account of this amazing experiment conducted by Doctors Techoueyres and Bunau-Varilla was made recently before the French Academy of Sciences. An explanation advanced is that the antiseptic gives off rays that attack microbes. just as ultra-violet rays do. The tube that contamed the antiseptic, a weak aclution of chloride of lime, was made of quartz, which apparently let the rays through readily

Out of 60 tests, 51 showed that the microbe colonies had been reduced nearly 30 per cent after 24 hours' exposure to the antiseptic, without contact. The consequences of this experiment may be of walk a chalk line to repeating the

alphabet backward

Alcohol was included in the studental diet on certain days without their knowledge, and their conversation, conduct, appearance, and attitude were observed carefully. The results showed, according to Doctor Hollingworth, that psychological tests are the best method of detecting intoxication. These measure steadiness, speed, and control by testing the subject's ability in such things as tapping with a pencil and adding.

### Catfish Lives 50 Years

HOW long does a fish live? Not out of water. Any boy can tell that from observation. But with proper food—everything it needs?

Major F. S. Fowler, of England, who has been conducting a special study to find out, reports that a cat-fish with which be in acquainted is now 50 years old and is still lively. An electric set in the London Zoo, he found, lived 12 years. Other fish age figures, as given by Major Fowler, are as follows: earp, 15 years; goldfish, 12 years; herring, four years; salmon, three years; brown trout, six years. A bull-frog's recorded age was 15 years; toad, 11 years, and the giant salamander, 52 years.

### Lung Capacity and Health

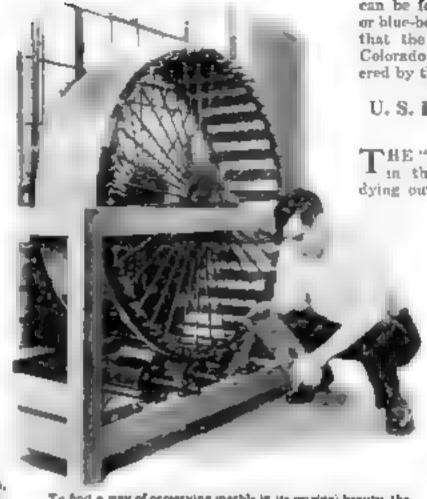
PUFF out your chest, but don't be too proud of yourself. Large lung capacity does not mean, necessarily, that you are healthy. Dr. J. A. Meyers, of the University of Minnesota Medical School, reporting the results of six years of study of lung capacity, says that it is by no means a certain test.

The man with the barrel chest may have done hard inbor, engaged actively in athletics, or sung baritons in the choir. Any of these things would have increased his lung capacity. At the same time his lungs may be diseased.

Many persons who were known to have 125 per cent or more of normal lung eapacity, Doctor Meyers' study revenled, developed diseases of the heart or lungs. Later examination showed the discuse decreased the lung capacity of the individual, while it still left him with more than 100 per cent, or normal, capacity

### Insects of Past Ages

TSETSE flies, carriers of the germ of sleeping mickness, fatal to men and cattle, have



To find a way of preserving marble in its original beauty, the U.S. Bureau of Standards recently markined this testing machine which subjects amopies of marble tiling to vigorous scrubbing with vaccous cleaning fluids. D.W. Kessier is charge of the laboratory in seen holding a piece of the marble in his hand after it had been cleaned in this way.

been found in Colorado. Fortunately, they are dead and have been so for one or two million years. They are fossils, found recently in rock deposits near the foot of Pike's Peak by expeditions under T. D. Cockerell of the University of Colorado. Strangely enough, not a trace

can be found of house flies, stable flies, or blue-bottle flies. There is no evidence that the monater beasts rosming over Colorado in prehistoric days, were bothered by these posts.

### U. S. Indian Population Gains 22 Per Cent

THE "poor Indian" is holding his own in the United States. Instead of dying out, as is popularly believed, the

Puebloz and other tribes are increasing at a rate nearly as high as that of the white

population.

A census just taken shows that in the last 10 years the population of Pueblo villages increased more than 22 per cent. During that same time the entire population of the United States increased 39 per cent, and part of that was due to immigration.

Dr. Edgar L. Hewett, a well known archeologist, who has been studying the Indiana, denies that disease is appailingly prevalent.

### "Banana Myth" Refuted

WHEN Columbus arrived in America, there were

no benanas here. They were introduced 24 years later from the Canary Islands. Early migrants carried them to the Pacific Islands, but they first grew in the Malay Archipelago on the other side of the world

Doctor W. E. Safford, economic buta-

anist of the U S. Department of Agriculture, made these statements recently in refuting what he calls the great "banson myth." That is, that bansons originated in the hemisphere and were cultivated here in prehistoric times by the Ind. ans.

# New Method of "Painting"

"PAINTING"
buildings with
light is an inexpennive and effective
method invented by
engineers in Freson,
Calif. The walls
are made of creamtanted terra cotts or
pressed brick and
flood-lighted with
colors such as soft
magents, ruby, or
emers.d. Wonderful
"dream pictures"
are said to result.

Ancient Bread

OAVES of bread

2000 years old
were dug up recently

in Egypt.

### Hate of Noise Won Him a Fortune



Alden L. Putnam. of Luming. Mich., inventor of the popular balloon Law

BECAUSE he hated noise, he patented one of the world's richest inventions. Alden L. Putnam, of Lansing, Mich., invented believe tires to stop the chatter of his cur.

Reared in the peaceful New England countryside, he enjoyed quet instinctively. And so later, when he drove his car over railway tracks or uneven roads near Detroit, the rattle of the machine irritated him. As superintendent of an automobile factory he did his best to quiet the noues of cars turned out of the plant.

During the war Mr Putnam served with the U S. Motor Transport. The noise of the heavy army cars exesperated him. Finally, one day, he gave a tire a spiteful lock. It replied with a loud thump.

The inventor rushed back to his garage. He had discovered the source of rood noise. He put hage tires on the wheels of his car. 34 by 7 mehm. The rims were not made for these, and the tires were ruined. He tried another set, and perusted until he had perfected his hig tire.

Mr Potnem applied for a patent on his balloon tires in 1920, but it was granted only this year. Within the last 10 months balloon tires have become standard equipment, and from his pursion for quiet it is predicted the inventor will resp a fortune.

# To S

### Ingenious Revolving Eraser Holds Paper Cutter

FOR draftsmen, architects, builders, typists, and others who have occasion to make frequent erasures, sometimes from important papers, a new type of revolving eraser has been invented by James F Hayes of Chicago. Pressing the thumb on a plunger produces an erasing surface of more than four inches.

An attachment to the eraser sharpens pencils, opens envelopes, cuts paper, and erases ink.

# Chance Leads to Valuable Find in Tire-Repairing

EMIL NESTLER, of New York City, bought a new car that had gone through a fire. The tires, as well as the body of the car, were somewhat damaged by fire and in attempting to repair these burned tires, Mr. Neatler had a curious experience. One of the five tires gave remarkable results after he had retreaded it, but the others suffered from the loose treads that so often end the usefulness of retreaded tires.

In experimenting to find out why the one tire should lend itself so readily to a retreading job, Mr. Nestier stumbled on a process for retreading tires that appears to eliminate the many defects in former processes. The chief trouble always has been the difficulty in keeping the new tread from parting company with the careass of the tire. By Nestler's process the surface of the old rubber is reduced to unvulcanized rubber so that when the new tread is applied and the tire revulcanized, the new rubber fuses with the old and a perfect bond is formed.



### Electric Pointer Illuminates School Map

MANUAL TRAINING students at a Cincinnati public school built this map of South America. When the teacher presses a switch, all of the sections of the country producing rubber, say, are lighted up simultaneously. There are switches for nitrates, fruits, silver, and other products of the southern continent.

The map is used in studying economic geography in this case, but of course other classifications and arrangements of switches could be arranged.

Every person in the United States has the equivalent of 48 slaves. There are 700,000,000 mechanical horse-power developed in this country and the average work capacity of one human being is one-eighth horse-power.



Ricetrosity operated map in classroom of a Cincinnets school. Pressure of electric parter at bottom of map illuminates section of the country that is the subject of class study.

### Hat Held On by Vacuum Button when Wind Is Blowing

A CLEVER manufacturer has devised a means whereby he claims a straw or felt hat sticks to the head, tight as a mustard plaster, in a stiff gale. The device consists of a small molded button fastened to the hat through a buttonhole in the front of the sweathand. When the hat is placed on the head, the button sticks to the forebend on the vacuum principle. The grip is out of sight when worn, and is said to be comfortable.

# German Zoo Lees Rum as an Anesthetic for Animals

W ILD animals incaptivity occasionally require surgical operations, and until recently the accepted practice of the veterinarians who performed them was to use chloroform for an anesthetic. Animal surgeons in the famous Hagenbeck Zoo, near Hamburg, Germany, however, have discovered that animals submit to surgery better when drunk than when subjected to the usual anesthetics.

Accordingly, when now a lion, or a tiger, or a hippopotamus needs a little dental work or other surgical attention, it is fed huge quantities of rum or cognac. Then, when it sinks into a drunken stupor, it is chained, and the surgeon performs his work with no pain to the patient or danger to himself.

### Scientists on the Trail of a New Element

THE unnouncement was made a few weeks ago that three German chemists. Drs. Walter Neddack, Ida Tacke, and Otto Berg, have discovered two of the remaining unknown elements of the periodic system, Nos. 48 and 75, and have named them "masurium" and "rhenium." Both elements are exceedingly rare and constitute one-billionth part of the earth's crust. Hafnium, No. 72 in the total list of 92 elements, was discovered about a year ago. Numbers 61, 85, and 87 still are unknown

The element No. 61 is believed to belong to the rare earth metals. Doctor Lapp, a noted American chement, has succeeded in observing faint lines of the spectrum of element No. 61, and it is highly probable that the element will be isolated in the near future.

### A New Distress Signal Fits in Paim of the Hand



Simple distress eignal

HERE is a brand new distress signal called the stress-pal With it you may scare away a bandit or burglar, but it can t hart him

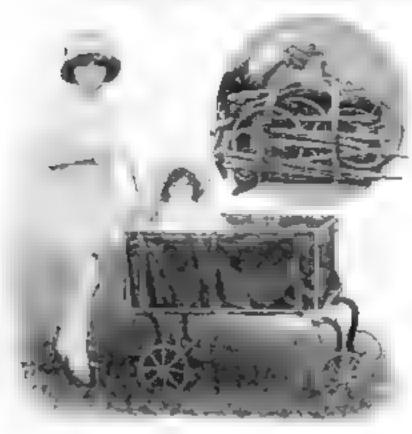
It makes a lot of noise by firing

blank cartridges—10 of them in rapid succession, and its inventor claims that the noise is heard easily half a mile away.

This big surprise for the hold-up man fits in a woman's purse and may be carried in the palm of the hand ready for action as pictured. Pressing the button with the finger starts its rapid-fire action. If you let it drop from the hand it keeps on firing and the would-be bandit flees in terror.

Removing two small acrews opens it for reloading with 10 more blanks, and then it is ready for another attack.

### Folding Baby-Carriage Fits in Suitcase



The folding carriage as a dolly hopey. The apper picture above the small size into which the cutrings collapses

# Engineers Move a 280-Foot

Bridge in London

IN THE rebuilding of the famous
Waterloo Bridge in London, a remarkable engineering feat was accomplished recently, when a 280-foot span of the temporary steel bridge was moved bodily for a distance of 93 feet

The span was moved along steel girders by eight men turning winches that slid the giant framework and its 500 tons of weight at the rate of four feet an hour

The historic Waterloo Bridge, which has been weakened by the sinking of its central plans may be destroyed

### Disk Points Warn of Poison Bottle in the Dark

A PRICK means "look out." Furnbling in the dark through the medi-

cine chest, where poison should not be kept, but often is, a person cannot make a fatal triatake if the poison bottle is equipped with the new type of safety bottle-stopper illustrated.



The warning comes from a meta-

disk with sharp projecting points, which is held to the bottle by pushing the cork through it.

### Danger in Spoiling Your Dog

TREAT your dog as a dog and not as a human being, warns Dr Mines Joan-mides of Minnesota. Dogs may carry tuberculosis, diphtheria, scarlet fever, measles, smallpox, and rabies. They are subject to tapeworm and often carry fless, ticks, and lice.

If you make a dog a member of your family, be sure to keep him clean and train him to avoid contact with injected materials, says Doctor Joannides. Don't let him eat off your plate.

A BABY-CARRIAGE that, when forded, can be carried like a hand-bag or in a suitcase in the latest development of the collapable carriage. The "Drakie," invented in England, weighs only 14 pounds. The body is of pliable waterproof material, supported by a rigid framework

It can be used, also, as a go-cart, a cot, a high chair, or baby's bath. Thus a father can carry in one hand for aiture enough for baby's needs during the week-end outing.

A NEW method of mosquite prevention consists in mixing oil with nawdust which, when "sewed" on the water, sinks, and relenses oil for four or five days



### Homemade Haircut Improved by Neck-Shaving Guard

If YOU could manage to shave the back of your neck, the home barbering stunt would aimost pass as professional. Getting their wives to do it is the solution for some men but, in strict confidence, thus doesn't always work out satisfactorily.

W C. Bridges of Muscatine, I.a., has invented a neck-shaving guard to solve the problem. It consists of wire adjustable to any desired shape of neck trim. The wire is covered with a rubber tube, and is held in place by an elastic band that fits around the head.

# Offers Huge Cash Prize for Morphine Substitute

ONE hundred thousand dollars is the dazzling prize offered chemists to induce them to discover how to manufacture a cheap substitute for morphine. The discovery must be made within the next five years. Herman A. Metz, of New York City, is making the offer in the hope of doing away with the drug evil.

Morphine is now derived from opium. If it could be made synthetically, much cheaper than that derived from the poppy, Mr. Metz believes that the supply of opium would be killed at its source. It would no longer pay to grow the poppy.

The magic formula, if discovered, must be guarded very carefully to keep the drug from being manufactured and spread among addicts.



### Six-Surface Razor Strop Lasts a Lifetime

THE difficulty of keeping the surface of a raxor strop in good condition has been solved by an English inventor, who has designed a rasor strop with six surfaces actually forming three strops in one When one section has worn out, it is cut off at the ends, and the next section used for stropping.

The base of the strops is made of a fiber composition specially treated with a dressing that is said to give the rasor a good edge without injuring the blade. The inventor claims that this many-sided strop will give a lifetime of service to the time.

### Jumping-Jack Shoes Provide Thrills for Children

LEAPING through the air like a kangaroo is the exciting sensation offered to children by the recent invention of shore with aprings. These novel exercising toys are strapped to the feet in the same manner as roller skates, and the wearer can walk, run, jump, or dance on them.

The steel springs, while of unusual strength, are extremely elastic. The effect produced is said to be like walking on air. Each shoe has two spiral springs. The lower and of each spring is fastened to a sole that prevents the springs from injuring carpets or marring floors.

With a little practice, it is said, a childcan make enormous leaps.



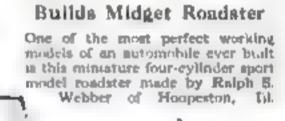


# Novelties of the Road

How Would You Like to Ride a Turf
Board or Sand Yacht?

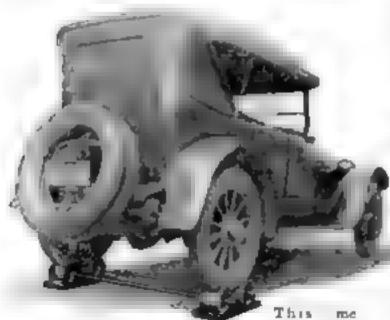
### "Turf-Board" Riding Newest Motor Sport

At a recent cycling exhibition at the Crystal Palace, London, participants displayed their skill on surf boar is attached to motorcycles. While turi bisard" rating is said to be not quite as difficult as "surfboard" riding, it is considerably more uncomfortable and bumpy



Sand Yacht Runs on Wheels

Capping along through the salty a ray Miss Joan Mitchell on English gof star rayes her rubber tred said yacht were the wet smooth beach at Aying. Her pet log rates in the small back seat



A Mechanical Roadway

this me
chanical
highway," rensisting of
four rollers under the
rear wheels, facilitates
adjustments under load



Traffic Signal also Supplies Time Warning

By a mechanism that slowly draws a veil over the "stop" and "go" signs, this new traffic signal tells drivers how much time is left to cross the street before the stream of traffic will start in the opposite direction

# Where Fire-Fighters Go to School



region as a rece of the box being a gap or objection on in the in with earlied disk to enjoying or the o

THE fire department of France, Calif. claims the distinction of having the only school for the training of firemen autaids the City of New York. Before any applicant can go on the payroll as a

full-fledged member of the department, he — that is spread below. must pass through weeks of intensive training in breath-taking feats of rescue He must learn to scale the walin of alcoacrapers with stendy nerves; to carry the

ica to the country on this of comrade down a life tope fried as upper floor is a but in our ne Chine. BIR'S STORY WINDOW

> dead weight of human bother dewn from precarious heights on ewinging ropes; and to jump from stath-story windows into a life net

A few of the daily paces that not only test the courage of novices, but train them in the science of fire-fighting, are pictured above.

# Miss Liberty All Dressed Up for Birthday

MERICA'S Goddem of Laberty has been granted Independence. Congrees decided recently to designate the stetue as a national monument and make a special appropriation for its upkeep. Before this, the great torch in New York Harbor, given to the United States by France, was under the custody of the Quartermaster's Corps of the U.S. Army

Miss Liberty's yenriy allowance will be about \$7000 Ninety per cent of this is needed to pay her lighting bill. Two hundred and fifty-six flood lights fissh on every evening as the sun sinks below the



At right electricians are seen

working on the huge turch

held in the hand of Liberty

horizon. These go out at 11 o'clock, but the torch remains []. luminated until sun-

To celebrate her fortieth buthday, her rustodians decided to give the goddess a bath, Steeple-jacks and other serial scrobate were hired and she was scrubbed thoroughly from ber signatic head to her massive feet with brushes and heavy streams of water until she shone

Railroad Runs Buses

THE New York, New L Haven & Hartford Railroad has gone into the motor. business and will operate bus feeder lines to the railroad in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connect.cut, and New York.



New Type Battering-Ram Aids Firemen in Fighting Blaze

FREQUENTLY the hardest part of the fireman's job is to get at the fire so as to be able to play the hose on it. This novel two-man battering-ram has been developed by the New York Fire Department for use when it becomes necessary to batter through a wall or ceiling in order to get at the fire

Ordinarily, an ax can be used for this purpose if the structure is of wood, but the heavy battering-ram will be far more effective than an ax for use on concrete and steel construction. Practical tests by the Fire Department already have demonstrated the remarkable efficiency of this device

#### New Synthetic Motor Fuel

ONE more fuel possibility is a new synthetic alcohol known as "methanol," imported from Germany. It is a wood alcohol produced from coal and water, and is a result of researches carried on in Germany during the war, to find a subjection motor fuel

### Pipe-Wrench Has a Reversible Jaw

IT IS claimed that the pipe-wrench shown at the right will turn a pipe in either direction with ease, no matter how tightly it is set. The jaw can be taken out and reversed so that it is an easy matter to get at any pipe, even when it is placed very close to a wall, ceiling, or floor or when it is jammed up against other pipes.

COAL - MINE explosions are most likely to occur between six and nine A.M., and between three and seven P.M.



THE short cross piece of this remarkable T-square incloses a powerful permanent magnet. A prece of steel is net into the edge of the drawing-board and ground absolutely flat and square. The magnet is so powerful that it is claimed it will hold the T-equare tightly in position even when the drawing-board is held up edgewise as shown in the illustration at the right. Because of the smoothnem of the steel surfaces.

it is said that the T-square can be moved along the drawing-board just as easily as without the magnet.



T-equare is held to drawing-board by magnetized cross pieces

Bones discovered in volcanic sah in Montane, show that tapirs and rhinoceroses once inhabited that region,

### Brad Setter Eliminates Hammer when Fastening Packing-Box

CONCEALED inside this remarkable little tool is a powerful magnet. Pulling the outside sleeve toward the handle with the first two fingers exposes the end of the magnet and when the magnet is touched to the head of a brad and the sleeve released, the magnet draws the brad into the tube.

The next operation is to force the brad into the wood by pressure on the handle. The brad is held straight so that it cannot bend and the plunger pushes the bead slightly below the surface of the wood so that scaling-wax can be applied if, for instance, the box contains an article of considerable value,

### "Electric Hand" Lays Bricks

ALMOST human in its motions is an electric gripper that stacks bricks on a truck ready for the kiln. This machine has rows of grippers, which is reality are electric fingers. The grippers are attached to the bottom of a segregator suspended from a crane. As the freshly made bricks travel from the brickmaking machine, the rows of grippers pick up a brick is every "band," and deposit them, spaced evenly, on the

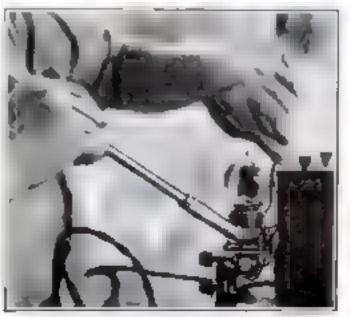


RECENTLY Dr. A. H. Lambert, of the Eastman Kodak Company's research laboratories, announced the discovery of a mysterious ingredient in gelatine that may make it possible to snapshot a bullet in flight or a flash of lightning. The discovery was made by Dr. S. E. Shappard as the result of experiments extending over several years. The inysterious ingredient has proved itself valuable also in the transmission of pictures by radio.

# Novel Flexible Tipped Soldering Iron



An adjustable pre makes wreach especially uneful



Became of its femile tip, this 100-west soldering iron is invaluable for mending delicate and intricate parts, such as are found in a radio set

N RADIO work capecially, it often is difficult to reach the parts that are to be soldered, because the body of the irun minkes some other part in the set. novel electric soldering oron shown at the left in said to overcome all difficulties along this line because the tip is arranged in a swivel joint so that it can be turned in any direction. It is rated at 100 watts and consequently is suitable for all kinds of work except in cases where a heavy duty fron is neces-BATY.

### Parking Tower for Autos Saves Ground Rent

A MOST ingenious parking tower for autos was invented recently by J. E. Morton of Purdue University, Ind.

It consists of an all-steel tower in which a central drive shalt is connected through a train of gears with an electric motor of

sufficient power to operate an endless-chain elevator of multiple parking carriages, each automobile having its own individual parking carriage. The tower covers a ground space of only 16 by 22 feet, though it is of variable beight, depending on the number of cars to be parked

A car-owner drives up to park his machine. The operator brings an empty parking carriage to the floor level, the owner drives his car into the carriage, locks it, steps out, and is given a check corresponding to the number of his parking carriage.

Guide rails on the floor of each carriage prevent the automobile from slipping; and each auto in

protected also from drippings from the autoapove it

Merely by reversing the motor, the operator can long a curringe to any floor level by the shortest possible route. The carriage at the top passes over and comes down on the opposite side, while at the bottom it goes under the floor and comes up on the

other side of the tower; it can be stopped at any floor level and is at all times under the instant control of the operator.

The parking tower comes in several units--16, 20, 30, 40, and even 50 carriages. One operator can handle a battery of from five to 10 parking towers installed in a large central parking station, as each tower may be connected with an indicator in the central control room. The indicator tells the operator the exact location of every carriage, whether filled or empty, and the direction of its travel. Should be attempt to bring a particular carriage to the floor level, and it pem the floor, it would simply keep on going until be reversed the motor and brought back to the right

position Nor equild the owner enter it until it was safely stopped for him, when he could go in, unlock his machine, and back out into the atrect without delay



### Auto-Bus Has a Sliding Top

A SIGHTSEEING trip through the Big Tree district of Californ a is spouled if tourists cannot see the majest cheight of the great trees

In order that no detail of the accery be lost a fleet of agintaceing cars operating in this part of the Yosem to is equipped with tops that can be rolled back. In case of a sudden abover the central section may be replaced quickly.

#### Hunders for New Inventions

Skyseraper park

Ing tower for surel

guns alte a ferris wheel

I always have had a leaning toward new inventions, and your magazine supplies exactly what I hunger for.—W. W., Reidsville, W. Va.

### Tractor Uses Rubber-Tired Wheels for City Trips

FROM Germany comes the goodlooking automobile shown below. It is intended primarily for use as a tractor on a farm, but with the addition of the rubber-tired wheels it can be used as an ordinary car and taken into the city without fear of injury to the roads.

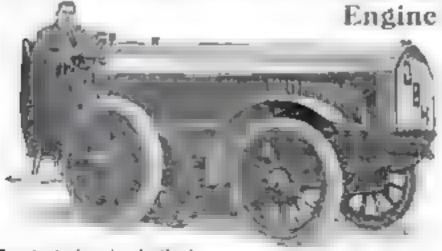




WHAT is probably the strangest homemade locomotive in the world is in use at a logging-camp in the woods of British Columbia, Canada. E. J. Byfield put together a few junked motor parts and produced an engine, which is mounted on a set of ordinary flanged traction wheels. A few yards of linked belting provided the necessary pulling power

The locomotive runs on a specially constructed wooden track and loads of tumber are hauled in a trailer

If RECENTLY has been discovered by investigators into the subject that a plague of mosquitoes in certain localities is due to poor engineering practice in the construction of highways, railways, and reservoirs. Uneven surfaces, crevices in a loose joint and in walls provide batching holes for the pests.



Form tractor is equipped with robber-tired wheels for city streets



Model Acronautical Engineers at Sudbury, England. An article in the July POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY described in detail how to build successful gliders of this type



It is built in sections and can be assembled in 10 minutes, the inventor claims.

The sails are perhaps the most interesting part of the equipment. There are two, one twice as large as the other. The mast for the larger one is stepped at the forward end of the sockpit, and the other fustened through the deck at the back of the cocknit.

When the sails are fastened to a ridge pole set up in the middle of the cockpit. they may be converted into a tent or boat cabin. Or if the camper prefers, he can

set up the tent outside of the boat beside the stream, and use the boat as an ordi-DREY CAROV

Comfortable seats with backs are provided. The combination cance and sailboat will carry four persons, although, as in the case of any canos, greater speed can be obtained whom paddling if a lighter load is carried

#### ideal for the Embryo Mechanic

The word "Popular" is very significant, for at my home it is a contest between my three sone and myself to see who gets the first look. It is an ideal magazine for the embryo mechanic, to say nothing of the articles of a scient fic nature that are most interesting to those who like to know.—Dr. B. C. W., Normal, Neb.

### Stilts Are Carpenter's Stepladder

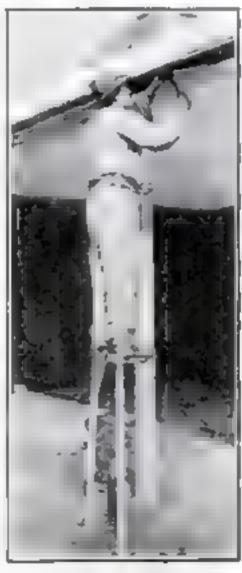
"LIMBING up and down a stepladder was not to the taste of the Paris carpenter shown at the right. He worked fact and was always having to move his ladder.

As a boy his favorite sport was walking on stilts. He still had a pair. He got them out and found them a splendid ladder substitute. The foot supports are adjustable to various heights.



#### Golf Club Prevents Slicing

AN AMATEUR golfer of Boston, John T. Manning, has invented a new club, a driver, which he claims cannot slice the ball. Vertical grooves fluted to correspond with the curvature of a goif ball are morded on the club's face. When the ball is struck, the ridges catch and drop it into one of the grooves, preventing motion sideways.



Corpenser using stilts as a esbetatote for stapladder



### Stool Folds into Handbag

WHEN folded, this collapsible stool becomes a lady's handbag, as shown in the inset. It has a pocket on the outside for handkerchief and purse, and is fitted with a small mirror. After the stool is unfolded and before it is set up, the cushion on the next in filled with air

It is designed for use at picnics, in automobiles, on camping expeditions, or in crowded railway stations.

Discovers Moonlight Speeds Growth of Bacteria

ROWTH and activity of bacteria can G be speeded up by the sort of light supplied by the moon, T. F. Morrison, graduate student at Princeton University, has ducovered through experiments on the kind of micro-organisms that cause dead fish to shine in the dark. This work appears to confirm results obtained previcusly by E. G. Bryant, in South Africa, who found that fish exposed to moonlight spoiled more quickly than those kept

Bottomless Sailboat Is Built for Use of Bathers

O USE to bail water from the bottom of this mailtoat! It cannot be done It is intended for the use and pleasure of

A sail and three floats resembling huge

basicetballs make up the principal parts

of the pleasure craft. Strips of canvas

stretched between two horizontal poles.

serve as seat and support for the feet. A

double-bladed paddle in provided.



### New Drawing Device Trains Student's Eye

TO TRAIN the eye of the art student in form, proportion, perspective, value, and color, Anson K Cross, of the school of the Museum of Fine Arts. Boston, has invented a device the use of which introduces a new and easy method of studying art.

The device consists of a sheet of clear glass protected in a frame that holds a spirit level, and a white card that abdes behind the glass. Two lenses sinte between the lower members of the frame.

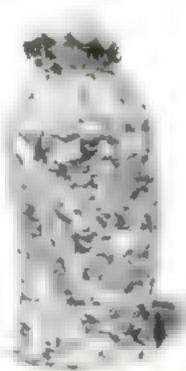
These are used in painting

The student draws on the glass with a epecial crayon. When the sketch is finished, he removes the opaque white card and views his drawing superimposed upon the model. The faults of the draw-

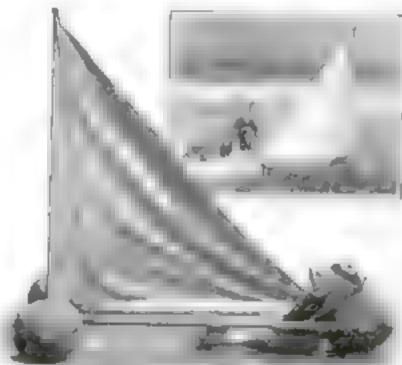
### Occupant Serves as the Pole of Portable Bathing-Tent

TREELESS bathing-beach offers no Inconvenience to the bather who carries a portable bathing-tent of cretonne. a recent invention from London. It has the shape of a bag with a top section that fits on the buther's head like a hat. It envelops the whole body to permit a change of clothes, the bother himself supporting the tent

ing are made clear. By constant use of the leases to test sketches drawn from memory or observation, the student trains his eye to observe accurately and report form and color



Collapsible butbing-tent lo made of rubbertard cretonne



in the dark.

bathers.

A sail three fleats and a convex sest make an interesting toy for the seashers frequenter

# Child's Chair Is Adaptable to Many Games



WHEN children use ordinary chairs, which usually are favorite playthings, for trains, ladders, or beds, their fun often ends in grief. Household furniture is scratched and broken too easily

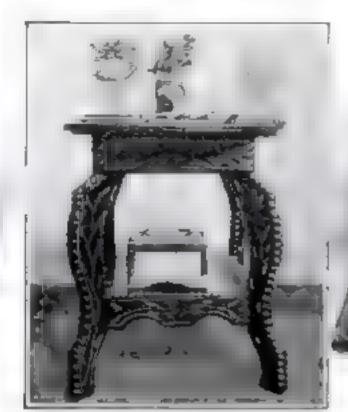
Two university professors, F. W. Hart, of Berkeley, Calif., and Prof. Patty Smith. Hill, of New York City, put their ideas together and invented a play chair that children cannot break, or, rather, one that can be broken easily without harming Children can take the chairs apart and make them into other playthingscarta, wheelbarrows, wagons, or trains.

TER number of motor-cars manufactured in the United States in a morth is more than four times as great as the number of bathtube shipped from factories during the same period, according to statistics from bathtub and motor manufacturers.



One of the more colonet that he is a witness of the first and war led in the street version and the street version and the street of the stree

He Does Two Things
at a Time and
Does Them Well



On the table at the reference to the Me. Should a year lender the able starlf bring one if his prince at his prince parent and demonstrate on how he marks with his prince parents and demonstrate on how he marks with his prince parents.

TEAR Besserner. Als., there are conf-mines. On the night shift is a man who tends an electric pump in the very depths of the earth. This man is J B Shodd, and at one time he found the nights long and wearsome. Near by his pump was a number of empty dynamits boxes; in his hand a jack-knife. One suggested the other, and that was the beginning of J. B. Shedd's whittling activities.

At first he whittled only crude shapes

from the boxes, but gradually, achieving a greater case, his pieces of carving accumed a more finished shape. Then, instead of using merely one piece of wood, he made a box and decorated the sides and top of it

One thing led to another and before Shedd realized it, he found himself to be a quite passable cabinetmaker with a knack at decorative whitling, and a reputation for making attractive bits of forniture.

No longer did Mr. Shedd find the nights too long in the coal-mine; some-times they weren't long enough! Among the articles of furniture he has carved are tables, chairs, bookcases, and a talking-machine case.

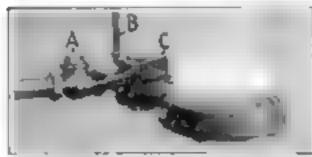
Mr Shedd says he never has had a lesson in cabinetwork or whittling. He still remains at his job tending the electric pump, and he has discredited the old proverb that it is possible to do only one thing at a time and do [t wel].

# Handy Utilities for Town,

### Automatic Safety Device Shuts Off the Gas

TO PREVENT explosions or asphyxiation from escaping gas in gas boilers or furnaces a device has been perfected that shuts off the supply of fuel when the pilot light is extinguished. It consists of a small box, C, containing a thermocouple, which is heated by the pilot light supplied by pips B. When heated, this metal expands so that it opens the check valve A, permitting gas to flow from the main pipe to the burner.

Should the light go out for any reason, the metal contracts and the ball in the check valve falls again into its seat, closing the supply of gas to the main burner. The gas flow can be resumed only by relighting the pilot light. This can be done electrically from a distance simply by pressing a switch button that may be located in the most convenient place.



Burnet with autumatic enjoyr stachment



### Blotter Attachment for Hand Is a New Aid for Writers

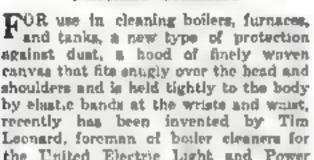
ONE who has to do much writing with pen and link will find this hand blotter useful. It is held in position by clastic bands that alip over the wrist and around the little finger. Besides blotting, it provides a shield to protect paper from perspiring or soiled hands. It also protects the hand when stamping and sealing letters or when using paste or sine.

### The Hardest Metal Surface

A NEW process for electroplating metals with an alloy composed chiefly of chromium, the hardest substance in existence acat to diamonds, recently was announced by Dr. Colin G. Flak, professor of electroplating at Columbia University. The surface produced by this proccess is said to be harder than any other known metal surface.

### Small Movie Machine Designed for Amateurs

A NEW motion-picture camera that both takes and projects motion pictures, made especially for the amateur, recently was perfected in France. The maide reels are replaced by a circular case holding the projector light; and the machine is placed on a stand that holds two large metal reels. There are two



Leonard, foreman of boiler cleaners for the United Electric Light and Power Company, New York City In the mask are extra large lenses that are non-fogging so that the worker can see plainly through dust as he cleans a boiler. The ordinary sluminum sponge

respirator, with preumatic cushion and

partlet trace in their the best

Dustproof Hood Devised for

Furnace Cleaners

# Country, and the Home



### Rolling-Pin Massage for Weight Reduction

ROLLING moself out with a rolling-pin to get rid of excessive avoirdupois may not appeal to one who wishes to lose weight, but if the rolling is done with the massaging device illustrated above, the process, it is said, need not be painful

The four sections of the roller, fitted with vacuum cups, revolve over the body under very light pressure, producing the beneficial results from massage. This action is said to stimulate blood circulation and to break down fatty tissue, keeping the fiesh in firm condition.

### \$66,000,000 Paid for Air Holes

HE WHO buys ice-cream by the bulk instead of by weight, pays dearly for the air holes in the confection, according to facts revealed at the recent conference on weights and measures at the Department of Commerce.

A billion quarts of lee-cream are made by dealers in this country annually, it was found, but a fifth of the total amount sold is air space that is "packed" into the containers in which the lee-cream is sold. Selling the ice-cream by bulk instead of by weight, it is estimated, means that somebody pays \$86,000,000 for the air holes.

### Wrist Case Invented for Pencils and Pens

THE man who keeps his pen and pencils in a newly deviced wrist case has them always at hand, the inventor says, and yet out of the way when not in use. The case fastens on the arm with two straps.

The pencils are attached to the case with small chains wound on spring reels that hold them in their compartments when not in use. Turning a lever at the top of the case projects a pencil from the holder so that it can be grasped. As it is pulled out, the chain with which it is attached unwinds from the reel. When the pencil is drawn back by the spring reel, it is locked automatically in its compartment. Three compartments are provided for the convenience of the wearer



How case in strapped to wrist

### Father Time Races Stork

DURING 1924, 2,645,000 babies were born and 1,333,000 persons died in the United States, or one death was compensated for by two births. If the number of births and deaths remains the same in 1925, as this rate seems to indicate, 10 babies will be born every two minutes and five persons will die in the same time.

### Metal Frame Supports New Concession Tent

AN INNOVATION in the construction of concession tents is embodied in the model pictured here. The framework is made of seamless brass and aluminum tubing, with joints of brass, which make for lightness and strength. The frame stretches the canvas, making it water-tight, and



The completed test, with awaings

taking the strain off the guy ropes. So simple is the construction, that with but sittle practice the tent can be put up in 15 numbers.

The entire framework is collapsible, and when unfolded is beld rigid by cross braces fastened with bolts. Two metal counters, one on each side, are set in the frame.

For severe weather four guys are used, and steel pins are driven through holes at each corner of the frame.



### Aluminum Honeycomb to Double Bees' Output

POOLING bees with a new type of honeycomb made of aluminum is said to add greatly to profits of bee-keepers. By lessening the time needed to manufacture comb, it is said to enable the bees to double their output of honey.

The siminum combs are painted with becawax in its pure state and the bees go right sheed and fill them just as if the combs were a homemade sprice. When filled, the combs are put in a machine called a "honey extractor," which whirls the combs around and extracts the honey by centrifugal force. The combs then can be returned to the have for the further manufacture of honey

### Button Operates Keyless Automatic Lock

A KEYLESS, automatic outton lock recently devised for bouse doors may be installed in 10 minutes, it is claimed, using only two screws. Merely pressing a button in the center of the knob locks the door, while turning the knob automatically unlocks it. A glance at the position of the button shows whether the door is locked or unlocked,

Knobe may be had in either glass or metal. This type of lock is especially useful for the bathroom where the door must be locked frequently. A key is used only on the outside of an outside door, and

bere the keyhole in placed in the center of the knob, where it is easily found in the dark.

The button lock is a compression-spring, unit-type lock, which automatically adjusts itself to the thickness of door as it is being installed. The inner knob is detachable; but not the outer knob.



Preming a button locks the door

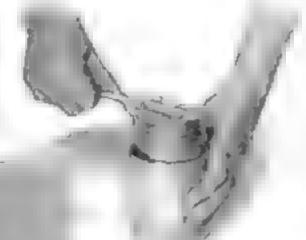
Moral frame ready for the carren

# New Ideas for the

# Combination Range and Cabinet

#### Bristle Filler for Brooms

You need waste very little of your brown bristles now that a new filler can be fitted into the handle of a broom when the old one wears out. A spring gives the broom flexibility so that the fiber bristles can be wern down to an inch before discarding



### Hat-Hanger Fite on Clothes-Rack

POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY has pictured in an earlier lauce a collapsible clother-hanger, such as shown above, but without the hat holder, which the inventor has added for use in small closets, where often no provision is made for hats. When extended, the hanger has four substantial books for clothes. When it is not in use, it occupies very little space



# Range and Cabinet

Thoroughly insulated the makers claim, so that no hot air can sport the edibles, this combined kitchen range and cabinet is a boon to housewives, saving many steps. The cabinet forms a support for the range, and has specet for poly and pans and bitchen cuttery, as well as drawers for spices, flour, and tager

# Food Grater Has

To Remove Cap Jars

Now that canning days are
here, good housewives are
looking for the most effi-

cient utenale. Above le shown a new jar-top re-mover, and by the inventor

to be "different." A self

adjusting link grips and socurely bolds any size jar

cap. It is very easy to

handle and works quickly

Said by its makers to be able to grate any kind of food, the little grater below is distinguished from other genters by shi gapes lop, which is used for the purpose of pushing down the food and thus saves fingers from being caught.

# Improved Meat-Grinder

With a mere shift of a lever on this improved meat granter the degree of grinding from fine to coarse or contrariwise, is changed. This little attachment makes it unnecessary to remove one cutting disk and insert another as it has beretofore been necessary to do

### Dishwashing Made Easy

Duty dishes are placed in the 8 nk rack. The hose is turned on, the soap lever pressed, dishes are sprayed with hot soapy water them with clear water. Dishes remain in the wire rack until theroughly dry, or remain until the next meal is set.

Up-to-Date Kitchen

Saves the Housewife Many Steps



As shown in the picture at the right, a square cleaning pad is placed at the end of a best rod. The operator stands on the inside of the window and passes the cleaner back and forth until the window is spotlers

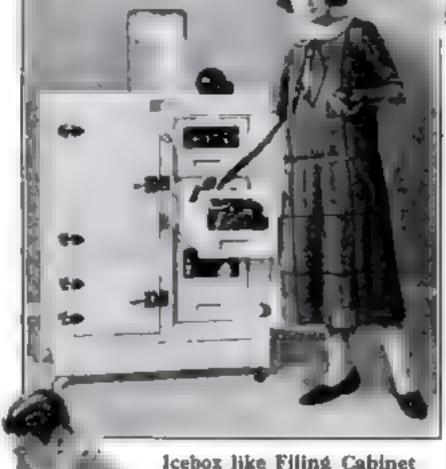


### Wooden Pot-Scraper

This seraper is for use on aluminum and glass utenmile, so any kind of metal scraper is bad for them. The scraper has the advantage, too, of not setting the housewife's teeth on edge by contact of grating metal on metal

### Seven-Design Vegetable Cutter

Vegetables may be cut in seven different designs by the machine shown below, devised by a French man. The slaces of vegetable fits under a piston operated by a lever Variation in shape is obtained by changing the cutting screen. Vegetables cut in this manner give a professional touch to a dinner



### Icebox like Filing Cabinet

Instead of shelves this refrigerator has closed compartments that slide in and out. This construction serves several purposes, the most important of which is that as the needed drawer is pulled out, it sutomatically closes the box, thus maintaining un éven temperature at all times, besides being an advance over baving to stoop to see what supplies every shelf contains



There is now on the market a new kind of malk-bottle that keeps the cream separate from the milk, although, if required, the cream and the milk can be mised by the simple means of turning the bottle upside down. It is claimed that by using the separator and pouring off the cream, a whipping cream is obtained or cream nulable for the morning coffee or for your favorite cereal



### Oyster-Opening Set

At right is an oyster-opening set from France. The oyster shell is placed in a cavity in the block of wood and pried open by a clawed knife, used also for deteching the oyster from its shell. The oyster then is placed in the wire rack

### Water Will Not Boll Over

Water will boil up and over very quickly when cooking greens. It is claimed by the inventor that by the use of the ring shown above, the greens are beld down, giving more room for the water to flow and bubble, and thus preventing boiling over and saving constant watching

### Simple Camp Stove Is Heated by Blowtorch



Heated by a blowtorch this simple little store has from for frying and cooking, folding up when not in use

ANY make of blow-torch may be used to provide beat for this compact collapsible camp stove. Most persons have such a torch about the house or can borrow one for the week-end. The stove in sumple in construction and weighs only 614 pounds. It has two burners and is 10 inches high. The supports, which fold up around each and of the stove when not in use, set firmly on the ground and hold the stove securely while the camper's coffee and bacon for breakfast are cooking just outside the flap of the tent.

### 1000-Watt Lamps Grow Grass on Barren Lawn

IF POWERFUL electric lights strung over a barren lawn can force gram into rapid growth, why should not similar treatment make hair grow on a bald head? Tests with 1000-watt lumps at the Cambridge, Mass., Electric Light Company have shown astonishing results on grass growth.

Dr. Andress F. Christian, of Boston, claims that bald heads may be covered, beards coaxed on clean-shaven faces, and bubbed hair grown long in a short time. by use of strong artificial light. The only requisite in cases of both lawns and beads, he says, is that the germ of life must exist

#### Ears Grow Tired, Too

THE ear apparently becomes physically tired, asserts Prof Albert Sidney Langfeld, director of the laboratory of experimental psychology at Princeton University

By means of radio apparatus, Professor Langfeld led the sound from pecillating vacuum tubes to head phones that were adjusted until the wearer declared the sounds reached each ear with absolutely

equal volume. Then one phone was removed, and the bearer required to listen with one car for a minute. At the end of that time both phones were used again, and invariably the subject reported bearing the sounds more loudly in the ear to which the phone had just been added.

### Ceiling Insert of Steel for Concrete Bulldings

BELOW is shown a recently designed steel meert that is fitted in the molds of concrete ceilings, so that when the concrete is flowed into the molds, the insert becomes firmly embedded as the

mixture dries Thus there is establuhed a socket that will sustain pipes or other fixtures. A threaded unit is inserted sideways. through the nuc-

Row steel meet sets us a ceiling

row passage into the hollow square, where it in atraightened out and the fixture screwed into it

### Photographic Plates May Be Developed in Daylight

FTER research extending over a period of several years, Dr H Leffman, a chemist of Philadelphia, discovered that the process of developing and fixing a photograph negative in the daylight, when it can be more carefully watched and controlled, is a decided advantage over the prevailing method of darkroom development.

If the exposed plate is first placed in the hypogulphite of sodium solution, it will dissolve and remove only the particles of silver bromide that have not been acted on by light. When the fixed plate is removed from the hypo solution, it is perfectly transparent, without a trace of indication that it has been exposed in the camera. Yet it bears in latent form the picture photographed. The fixed plate or film may be exposed to daylight without injurious effect on the latent picture, which can be developed in broad daylight by submerging the photographic plate or film in a solution of chloride or bromide of mercury.

### Oxygen-Generating Mask for Miners and Divers

GAS mask that produces its own oxygen has been invented recently by H C Carter of Victoria, Australia. Renewing gas in maska has been for a long time a leading problem in making oxygen masks that are used by miners and divers.

### Collapsible Hand-Cart Takes Little Space for Storage

NE of the greatest problems offered to the owners of hund-carts is the amount of space they take up when stored away for the hight. This new German invention seeks to overcome this difficulty. The bottom of the cart divides at the center line and the halves fold up against the sides. Then the user pulls a lever, which bends the axis and the bottom frame members, which are hinged at the center, and the entire hand-cart



The hand-cart folds upto space less then two feet wide when work is done

### New York Builds the Largest Power-Generating Station

THE largest electric generating station in the world in being erected on the East River in New York City. It will have a capacity of 1,000,000 horsepower, enough to light at least 3,000,000 sixtoom houses. Operated at full capacity this single station would be capable of providing all of the electricity required by any state in the United States, New York excepted.

It will be capable of producing 100,000 more kilowatte than the projected power development at Muscle Shoals. Imagine all of the horses in all of the cities in the United States, 2,000,000 of them, hitched to one load. Their power would just equal that of the great aggregation of power synilable in New York City when the new \$50,000,000 plant is completed

Water from the river will be used in the station and coal will be unloaded directly into bunkers from ocean-going vessels by means of traveling towers along the waterfront

Loup chewing is the undoing of certain insects and grubs traveling from the Orient to the United States in sacks of peanuts. A newly invented microphone intermines the sound of their champing and enables customs officials to detect their presence. The apparatus is used, also, in finding insect pests in stored grain and fruits

### Unsinkable Rowboat May Be Folded into Compact Bundle

HERE is the latest idea in folding hoats. It can be rowed or paddled like a cance and is sufficiently large so that the passengers are not cramped. The flat bottom makes the boat steady

Parked Jeto a banele as ableen at the right, it weight but is



Airtight chambers set along such side of this collapsible rowbost render it unsinkable.

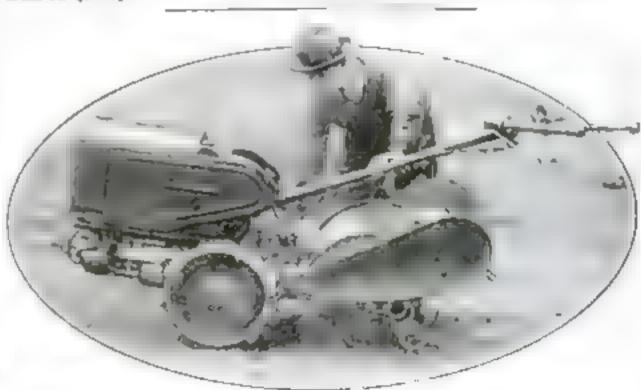
### Small Pump Converts Auto into Fire-Engine

THOUGH small in size, thus portable pump, which can be attached to an automobile in two minutes, will do a good day's work, rusing 100 gallons of water a minute by suction alone to the pump's level and then spraying it a height of from 50 to 60 feet.

The pump is operated by means of a belt around the rear wheel of an auto after the wheel has been jacked up. It is especially recommended for small towns that have no regular firefighting equipment or those in the neighborhood of large forests. It also is useful for pumping out cellure and ditches after an accident or a flood has caused an over-flow of water that will not drain off quickly.



Hitched by pulley to the head wheel of an auto, this small pump is used to raise 100 gallons of water a minute



# New Gasoline Tiller Replaces Old "Dobbin"

THIS remarkable invention consists of a one-cylinder gasoline engine built into a compact one-man machine arranged to do tilling and ridging in one operation

It is claimed that this compact little machine will prepare two acres of land in an ordinary farm day. One of its most important features is that it is so small it can be used under overhanging branches and between growing bushes where no ordinary type of plow could be used, and this is especially useful in orchards where land between the trees is utilized for growing vegetables.

### An Amazing New Auto

FROM Poland recently came word of an astorishing ourt of automobile. It is the revention of an engineer named Kerpowski, and he calls it the 'Polonia,' after his native land. It is designed to bring about the utmost simplicity and speed in making repairs and replacements of parts.

In a recent public test, two mechanics and a helper took down the motor, gear set, universal, and rear axis in 14 minutes, and had the car completely reassembled in 36 minutes additional. The car has a sixcylinder motor, develops 45 horsepower and is said to be capable of a speed of more than a mile a minute

### Mouse- or Rat-Trap Is Set by Pressure of the Foot

NO ONE wants to set a mouse-trap.

The little wire is fixed just right, when "Snap!"—once again your fingers are caught.

tration at right in shown a new salety mouse-and rat-trap, which is set the foot. After a rodent is caught and killed, a slight pressure on the foot plate will release it. The trapiamade of galvanized steel and wire.

In the lilus-



Pressure of foot will set this govel mouse-trap



### Handy Grass Trimmer

Operating like a barber's clipper, the handy little grass-terminer shown above is designed to cut the uneven edges of lawns and to penetrate curners so ordinary lawnmower could negotiate



### Butter Churned by Bicycle-Power

chine designed to "top" tall growth or to clean up a lawn after a lawnmower It is not intended to replace the lawmowe. It is said to cut 10 tunes as fast as a scythe



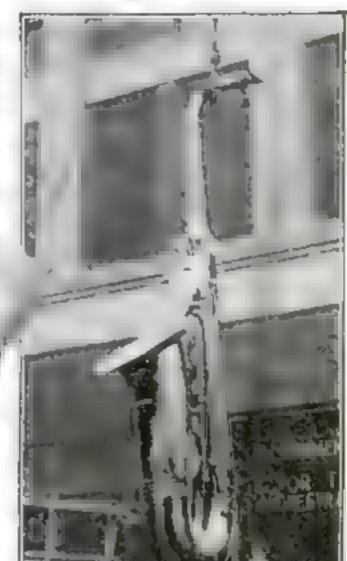
# They Don't Come Any Bigger

These Oddities Claim the World's Records for Size



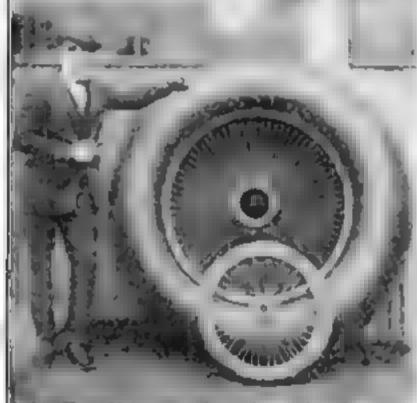
A 22-Foot Saxophone

Wanted a mosthan with long percer enough to play the war alart a sample of that I me part on a verification of the art are an area of the part of the process of the part of the process of the part of the process of t



### Padlock for Park

This immense golden padlock are may were a a pri the reserve eleteration of finally special, the Zon National Park in Utah



### Have a Match?

Have you ever sten larger matches than it was Diete Deat X. M. At page at Z. for Father, at when the construction of the desire a base less than you don't etclice them any bigger hereabout



### Supports 10 Tons

The largest pneumatic tire ever made in America -54 by 14 inches —was descened for the landing gear of our of Uncle Som's largest planes. It will carry 20,000 pounds

### A Long Smoke

A brian pape \$12 feet long in Lady North and a latest current, It requires the services of a smoker and two essistants to get it peally going



Puzzle-Find the Man

Barney Winters, of New York, boasts of a hat that would fit a giant—all stress and a yard wide at the brim By the use of

hepter (unch-

рож Гоось на

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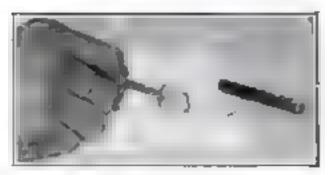


A UNIQUE little "traveling restaurant," invented in France, enables you to have piping but fued instead of cold lunches at work or on picnics. It is a portable box about the size of a brief-case, easily carried on hikes or in motor-cars.

In one section are oblong plates supported in a frame raised slightly above the side of the case.

Small gasoline or alcohol cube lamps under these heat the food at lunch-time. Leakproof metal lids fit over the compartments.

A plate, knife, and fork are held in the other side of the value and a thermosbettle and drinking-cup are placed in special racks. The open box forms a small table as it rests on the user's knee, as shown.



### Ingenious Column Ruler Saves Time in a Busy Office

THIS time-saving appliance for ruling columns consusts of a grooved brass roller ent in a handle. It is provided with an absorbent swab that fits into the slot and feeds the roller with a supply of special red ink.

The device is made in three sizes, for ruling one, two, or three columns, and is a great time-caver

### Grass Causes Hay-Fever

DEVIL-GRASS, the curse of lawns in California, is the chief offender in causing hay-fever in that state, according to Dr. George Piness of Los Angeles, who has been carrying on extensive research to find out what caused the trouble. California does not have the ragwood that causes much suffering among hay-fever victims in the East, but a large number of persons are sensitive to the pollen of Bermuda grass or devil-grass.

### Know Your Car

REMARKABLE as it may seem, sometimes the best way to make your car ride easily is to avoid olling the springs. The applies particularly in sections where the roads are full of "thank-you-marms" or successive depressions and bumps so spaced that the car acquires a forward and backward pitching motion. On such roads, an auto with well oiled springs will pitch so badly that the driver's neck will become tired due to the constant swaying.

It was once thought that failure to oil the springs caused the breakage of the spring leaves, but engineers now claim that a dry spring may be expected to last as long as a well oiled one

Remember these rules if you want the maximum comfort in driving over rough roads:

1—Pump your tires only to the lowest pressure recommended for the size of tire and the weight you are carrying

 Fit good shock absorbers that actually apply friction during the recoil of the spring

 Keep your springs thoroughly oded if the car is litted with shock absorbers.

 Auxiliary springs will be a help on rough surfaces.

5.—Slow down or speed up if the car starts pitching violently so as to get the speed of the car out of tune with the bumps.

### Climbs Steel Girders with Patent Grippers



ABOVE is John E. Senberg of Pittsburgh, Pa., demonstrating a simple but clever device he has just invented to aid structural transverkers in climbing steel girders. His invention is a pair of wooden clogs equipped with steel grippers

### New Process Makes Golf Clubs Waterproof and Hard

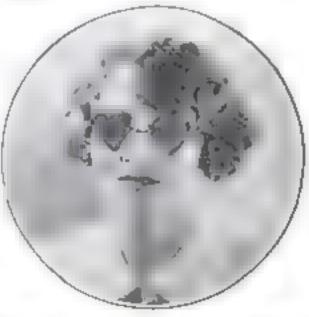
A NEW process for treating wooden golf clubs makes them waterproof and extremely hard. Heads of seasoned persimmon wood are subjected to a vacuum that extracts every particle of air and moisture from the wood, which then is impregnated with the newly discovered chemical. The mub heads then are dried and hardened.

Clubs treated in this manner are said to have greater driving power than other wooden clubs and not to shrink or expand with varying atmospheric conditions. Inserted face plates are not required, since the chemically treated wood is itself harder than fiber, boom, or ivory. that engage the projecting edges of the girder, making it possible to climb as easily as if he were walking up a telegraph pole with its iron spikes. This invention, Mr. Scaberg says, saves much time.

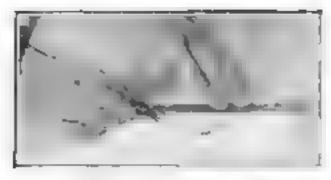
If You have a gallatone, you pay to get rid of it, but there are people in the world who will pay as much as \$50 for a good one. Chinese and Japanese are said to hang the stones about their necks to ward off disease and bad luck. A packing plant in Omaha, Neb., collects the gallatones found in alaughtered steers and sends them to the Orient.

### Heart-Shaped Glasses Protect Eyes of Movie Actors

T is a well known fact that moving-picture actors who have made a number of "inside" pictures frequently are troubled by what is known as "studio eyes." The condition is caused by long exposure to the intense rays of the cluster lights, and frequently an actor has had to take a protracted rest to recover from such an attack. The picture below shows Claire Windsor, famous movie star, wearing the latest thing in "studio glasses." heart-shaped to relieve their otherwise ugly appearance on the wearer. These glasses are made in diamond square, or apade chape. The leases are smoked to rest the wearer's eyes as much as pos-



Heart-shaped amaked glasses protect thred eyes



### Pen with Three Points Aids Bookkeepers in Ruling

"HE tedious work of ruling ledgers and cash books in the small office is much simplified by an ingeniously made pen having a broad hib divided into three points like a fork.

Two of the extra penpoints are quite close together, making the double line for the extreme left-hand column in a ledger.

In a single stroke a whole cash column can be ruled. New nibe can be bought for the pen whon the old ones are worn



on the market from time to time, but the maker of the model Illustrated at the right claims that his in the pimplest of them all. It has no top board and not a single nut or screw goes into its construction. Pressing and stretching are accomplished in one operation. The curved shape of the board is said to insure enough gentle stretching to eliminate bagginess

WOMEN with dark hair are better automobile drivers than blondes, according to P. L. Emerson, owner of a large taxicab company in Chicago He related this in conjunction with a statement made by psychologists, who found brunettes more conservative, on the whole, than fair-baired persons.

at the knees. Sufficient pressure

as obtained with one hand.



### One-Piece Tennis Suit Gives a Longer Reach

PERHAPS it was the comfort of his swimming-suit or cover-alls that Inspired Mr. P. Mundet, a Frenchman, to invent a similar type of suit for playing tonnia. It is in one place and in all except color and length of sleeves resembles a cover-all.

When making long reaches or twisting for a back stroke, a belt about the waist is noticeably restrictive, while a loose, one-piece tennis suit, opening down the middle front, brings comfort, it is claimed, an well an more case in playing

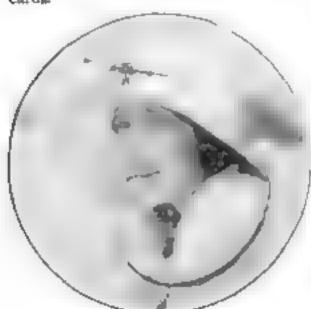
#### Years Ahead In Knowledge

I THINK the magazine wonderful and do not see how a family with growing children could do without it. It puts people who read it years ahead of people who do not.-C. W. C., Franklin, Pa

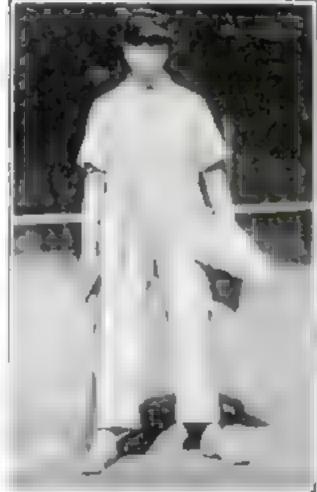
### Smoking-Tube Is Latest Fad for Fastidious Women

T'S a headlight when the eigerette is lighted A vacuum cup holds the eigarette firmly to the rim of the smoker's hat, so that she can smoke with case and comfort.

The holder with rubber tube can be adapted for use while reading in bed, riding in an automobile, or playing curds.



Smoking a cigarette by long distance



One-place tennis suit is comfortable

### Scientist Saya Meat-Eatera Live Longer than Vegetarians

TEGETARIANS received a blow when Prof. James R. Slonaker, a Leland Stanford University physiologist, declared recently that meat-eaters live just as long as their shotsining brothers, in fact, longer. For eight years he has been experimenting with meat and vegetable diets on rate and now is applying his results to human beings

When the rate were fed vegetables only, the span of their lives, he found, was shortened, in males 33 per cent; in females, 40 per cent. Males lost 35 per cent weight, and females from 25 to 28 per cent. By the third generation the non-meat-extern last the power of reproduction, indicating that vegetables tack something necessary to health

greatest underground electric power cable ever installed is to be put in New York City to protect the city in fire-fighting. It will be operated at 182,000 volts and will link together the generative stations of the New York Edison Company with Its subsidiaries, reducing the possibility of interruption to the Fire Department's pumping during

### How Much Do YOU Know about Science?

THE following questions, dealing with the common facts of seience, are the kind that Popular SCIENCE MONTHLY receives daily. Look them over and see how many of them you can answer

Don't let your brain get lazy Give it the nort of atimulant that these questions offer, and you will and your faculties sharpened and your appreciation of the world's natural wonders greatly enlarged Now turn to page 135 and see what percentage of the 12 questions you were able to answer correctly

- 2. Why do liquids rice in a straw through which you drink?
- 2. Why do the men near the guns on a battleship open their mouths when the guns are fired?
- 3. What is invisible ink?
- 4. How far does the earth move each day in its journey eround the sun?
- Where does the sand on the seashore come from?
- 6. What are sun-spots?
- 7. Why does hydrogen peroxide bleach the hair?
- 8. Why is there no air inside an electric-lamp butb?
- how does a whale keep warm?
- 19. Why most a vaccom-tube filoment be bot?
- 11. What is the tallest tree?
- 12. Why does your face get white when you are frightened?

# What Batteries Are Best for Your Radio Set?

# How to Save Money and Trouble by Making the Right Choice

LL radio receivers except crystal sets require a supply of electric current to operate them. And if we are to get the kind of radio reception we want, the sources from which we draw current for our radio sets must be capable of delivering electrical energy in a steady, uniform flow for hours at a time without appreciable change in voltage.

Furthermore, we need two, and in some cases three, different sources of current supply. The filaments of the tubes must be heated, electrical pressure must be applied to the plates of the tubes, and in circuits where it is needed we also must use a third source of energy to keep the grids of the tubes at the proper potential

Coupled with our desire to secure perfeet reception is the need for obtaining natisfactory results at the lowest possible cost and at a minimum of trouble. And it is this matter of trouble and expense that sometimes makes the problem of current supply a decidedly vexing one. Obviously, it does not bother the man who can afford to go to his dealer and arrange with him to see that the radio set

arty, regardless of expense. For the buginner the question is complicated still further by the fact that there are three types of vacuum tubes in common

naways is operating prop-

use today, and each type requires different pressure and volume of current to bent the filament

IT SEEMS logical to de-cide on the type of tube first, and then to study the vertous ways in which current may be supplied to the filament circuit

Most people have found that, all other conditions being equal, the tubes that use one-quarter ampere uplece at a premure of five volta will give greater volume than the tubes ordinarity sold for operation.

with dry cells. In addition, the larger tubes seem to run more uniform in charac-

teriatica.

There is little choice between the two types of dry-cell tubes on the score of operating results, sithough there is a alight difference in economy. Three dry ceth in series are required to operate the .06-ampere dry-cell tube se against one dry cell for the one-quarter-ampere tube. However, the three dry cells last more than three times as long as the single cell used on the other tube.

The mere fact that a certain type of tube is called a "storage-hattery tube" and that another type is called a "dry-

### By John Carr

cell tube," does not mean that the filements of the tubes necessarily must be heated with current from any particular kind of battery. Storage-battery tubes can be operated from dry cells, and vice versa. It is merely a question of selecting the source of current that will prove most economical of your time and money in your own particular case

Take, for instance, the typical case of a superheterodyne receiver built for use

TUNNING CIPCLIT

SMALL OFWEELL -A BATTERY STORAGE A BA F A WARNE IS BA TERY STORAGE POTAHONNIAS A BATTERY TOR USE ON LTANOA NO ALTERNATING ELECTRIC-LIGHT

The Sources of Current Supply

At the left are the A batteries, ranging from the single dry-cell to the standard six will storage battery. At the right are the various types of B butteries and B-buttery climinators is common tint. The small day-cell B battery at the top of the column is useful for portable sets, but is not opposite for regular use

with dry-cell tubes. Assume that several members of the family use it almost daily, so that the total number of hours of operation a mouth may be well above the century mark. Under such conditions it is easy enough to prove that a set of storage batteries to supply both A and

B current would result in marked economy of operation. On the other hand, the owner of the receiver might figure that the additional care and attention required by the storage batteries would mure than offset the saving in money.

You can see, therefore, that the personal equation enters into the problem and is usually the deciding factor.

AMONG beginners particularly, there seems to be considerable confusion about the relative merits of dry cells, storage batteries, and B-battery eliminators in giving satisfactory results in the operation of the racio receiver. This confusion has been caused mainly by conflicting claims of the manufacturers of the different sources of current supply.

As a matter of fact, there is no difference whatever between the operation of a radio receiver using dry cells and the same set supplied by storage batterios, provided, of course, that the dry cells are reasonably new and the storage batteries in good condition and properly charged. Old dry cells that are nearly

exhausted nometimes will produce a lot of noises that sound like static Storage batteries also offend in this respect if the connections become cor-

If you are troubled with noises in your receiver, however, merely buying new batteries or another type of battery is not nececcurity a cure-all A dofeet we tube or a bad conpertion in your receiver may be entirely responwhite, or the noise may not originate in your equipment at al. Some biece of electrical machinery near by may be radiating energy that affects your receiver like static

A STORAGE bettery requires recharging at

regular intervals, depending on how much you use your receiver. At least once a month the level of the solution in the battery should be inspected and distilled water added. This applies to both storage-A and storage-B batteries of either lead or alkaline type

If electric-light current is available in your home, recharging the storage battery is simple. A variety of chargers are on the market. Some use tubes, others rectify electrolytically, while still others are of the vibrating reed type. The Popular Science Institute of Standards has tested and approved a number of these devices, and any of the approved types will give you excellent service.
Some of the approved chargers are so
arranged that they are capable of recharging either A or B batteries with
the same apparatus. Others are made

the same apparatus. Others are made specially for A batteries or for B batteries.

Storage A batteries are made in a number of sizes and the beginner often is unable to decide which size will be best for

his own use. The answer all depends on how many tubes are in your set and how many hours a week you expect to the it on an average. If you have your charger wired up to switches so that putting the bettery on charge is merely a matter of throwing aswitch, it makes little difference whether you have to charge the battery every week or only once every two or three weeks.

ENERALLY speak-Ging, it is advisable to get a battery large enough so that you can charge it regularly once a week-say every Saturday night after you are through listening in. For a small set using not more than three tubes. m 40- or 60-ampere-hour hattery insufficiently large For a five- to eight-tube outfit an 80- to 100-amperehour hattery is ample. Remember that an eight-tube putfit using one-quarter-

ampere tubes draws only a total of two amperes, and this amount of current will not prove an injuriously rapid discharge rate for even a 40-ampere-hour battery.

Storage-battery operation of the tubes in any receiver designed for use with the dry-cell tubes is practical also for the man who does not mind the additional trouble of taking care of the battery. For 1 4-volt outfile that are arranged to operate on a number of dry cells connected in parallel, a single-cell storage battery is used, while a two-cell storage battery is used for the tubes that require three dry cells connected in series.

THE advantages of a storage-battery source of supply for your B current also depend on the number of tubes you are using. A one- or two-tube outfit uses so little current that the large dry-cell B batteries often last for more than a year, and there is certainly no possible advantage in a storage B battery under these conditions. With multi-tube sets, however, it is another story. If you have a five-tube receiver or a "superhet," and use it considerably, the storage B battery will prove an economy, provided you are willing to give it the care and recharging it requires.

In such a case it is easy to make a direct comparison of the actual expense of supplying B-battery current to your set if you will assume some definite number of hours a day as representing the amount of time the set is in use. Three hours a day should be a fair average. Of course, there will be a number of days when the tadto set is not used, but, on the other hand, the set will be run all afternoon by one member of the family and until the wee small hours by the owner

We also have to assume that the set consumes a definite amount of current - say 25 nulliamperes. This is more than some five-tube receivers use, and less than most of the "superhets."

Under such conditions, an extra large

Builds B Battery from Old Ink-Bottles

INTERE 11 "G experiments can be performed in the home construction of storage B batteries 27 is possible to built a battery out of old inh bottles and pieces of lead wire with a solution of sulphiers and and water. The illustration shows such a battery built by Juhn A Clark head of the Physics Department of Alexander Hamutun High fickool New York for use in his class demonstrations such a battery will produce a voltage of two volts a rell but the burstery will produce a voltage of two volts a rell but the burstery be has built to so small that it will sup the radio receiver for only a few minutes before it to stackaged completely

B battery of the dry-cell type, consisting of two of the 46-volt heavy-duty blocks, will last for about a third of a year. Such a battery will cost in the neighborhood of seven dollars, or a total expense for the year of \$21 for B-battery current.

A mutable storage battery for such service will cost around \$40 and will leat five years or even longer if exceptionally well eared for. This amounts to about eight dollars a year, and to this expense must be added the cost of recharging, which figures out at approximately \$2.50 if you assume that the battery will need a 10-hour charge at least once in every two weeks to keep it in good condition and you have a reasonably efficient A-battery charger that can be used also to recharge the B battery.

"WO types of storage B batteries are in general use today—the acid type and the alkaline type. It is claimed for the latter that they will stand more abuse in the way of allowing them to stand discharged, or too rapid charging. While this is true, the lead-acid type maintains its voltage practically unchanged until nearly discharged. Another claimed advantage of the alkaline type is that since it contains no seid it cannot damage the rugs if, perchance, any of the solution is spilled. This cisim seems to be unfounded, for the caustic potash it uses will chew holes in a rug just about as quickly as the sulphuric acid in the lead type. Neither type will give you any trouble in this respect if ordinary precautions are Before deciding on whether storage B batteries are a worth-while investment for you, he sure to study Mr. Senauke's article on page 72 of this issue, explaining the important part the C battery plays in cutting down the amount of current drawn from the B battery

Of the B-battery eliminators on the market today, some are excellent, others do not give results comparable with butteries.

> The B-battery elpainstor should be considered on a dollary-and-rents basis as a source of current supply. Any claim that a Bbattery eliminator will give you better reception than is possible with batteries phylously is absurd. Good batteries will give you a perfect source of current supply, and all that any B-battery eliminator can hope to do is to equal the results obtainable with batteries.

HE advantages of a good B-battery eliminator are apparent. Once installed it will last indefinitely and will require no attention except the occasional addition of distilled water to the electrolytic types and the renewal of tubes in the models that use tubes to rectify the alternating current. This matter of tubes for use in B-battery eliminators is still causing some trouble because the ordinary radio

tube does not have a sufficient currentcarrying capacity to operate some of the larger receivers. Special tubes adapted to this particular use already are appearing, and these new tubes, of course, can be used in any of the standard B eliminators.

A B-battery eliminator will not work properly always on every type of circuit and under every condition. If you decide to buy the B-battery eliminator, he sure to have your dealer demonstrate it with the set you intend to use.

#### Cloth from String Beans

A PROCESS for making coarse cloth from the fibers of string beans was perfected recently for commercial use in Austria. The bean shells are treated like bemp, and the fiber that results can be spun, making a bard but strong yarn.

This new material is expected to offer competition to bempen products. It is adaptable for making materials for which cotton has been used beretofore, and it can be used in making carpets, curtains, upholstery, and saddlery after it has been bleached properly and printed.

#### Milky Water Appears in Norway

PERSONS living on the shores of Sognefford, the longest fjord in Norway, were startled greatly by a strange phenomenon. The water, which is turnly dark and clear, suddenly became milky and opaque. All of the fish in the water duappeared. No explanation has been found so far for this werd occurrence.

# When Is a C Battery Worth While?

# Remarkable Tests Reveal New Facts about Quality

HERE are, probably, thousands of perfectly good C batteries now resting unused in an equal number of homes where radio sets are installed. The owners of these batteries bought them after reading somewhere that there would be a wonderful increase in volume and quality of their reception merely by the addition of a C battery to the circuit. And then, when the promised advantages did not show up in loudspeaker results, the disgusted radio fans characterized what they had read as bunkum and discarded the C batteries.

The trouble is, of course, that the real

advantages of a C battery do not always show up in the loudspeaker. For that reason the Popular Science Institute of Statidards has just completed a series of experiments designed to show just when and how the use of a C battery benefits the radio fan

We studied the use of a C battery in an audioamplifier circuit from three standpoints: First, to find out what effect, if any, the C battery has on quality of reproduction without regard to volume; second, what the C battery does to the volume and, lastly, what value a O battery has in increasing the life of the B battery by cutting down the amount of current used in the plate or B circuit.

An amazing fact developed from our tests was that the value of a C battery in a circuit depends largely on the quality of audio transformers used. In our test we used two types of audio transformers. One was a low priced, low quality make, and the other was a high priced type considered one of the

The transformers were connected to couple two storage-battery-type amplifier tubes of standard make to the conventional audio-amplifier circuit. The voltage amplification for one stage, including the transformer and one tube, was measured through the range of from 160 to 8000 evoles with a normal signal, first without the C bettery and

By Alexander Senauke, M.E., E.E.

Radio Engineer,

Popular Science Institute of Standards

The results of these tests have been plotted in graphic curves as shown at foot of the page. The ideal curve for an audio-frequency transformer really should not be a curve at all. It should be a straight line. No transformer is absolutely perfect, so that the quality of a transformer as an audio amplifier can be determined

by noting how much the about four

Testing
Plate Current

amplification curve deviates from a straight line. From the results of our tests it appears that a cheap, poor quality audio transformer actually may give better reproduction of voice or music when used without any C battery, providing, of course, that the signal strength is low enough so that the tube is not overloaded. The diagram at the left shows this.

Mr. Sensuler recording the difference in

the total plate-current of a received when used with and without a C buttery

Now look at the right-hand diagram, and you will see what happens where a high grade audio amplifier is used. In this case the quality is just as good with the C battery as without it; in fact, the slight increase in amplification at the higher frequencies may actually improve the quality of the music from many types of loudspeakers that have a

tendency to damp out these frequencies.

As far as volume is concerned, the C battery below much more with a high grade transformer than it does with a low grade one. This is especially true if two stages of amplification are used where the cumulative effects of irregularities in the amplification curve are magnified greatly.

From the standpoint of sconomy of current in the B circuit, the use of a C battery always is desirable. A standard type of storage-battery vacuum tube used in the conventional audio-amplifier circuit with 90 volts of B battery draws about four milliamperes. When a C

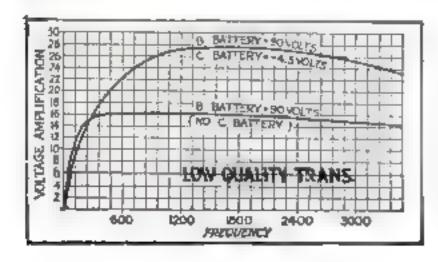
battery is introduced in the circuit, this current flow from the B battery is cut down to about 1½ milliamperes, so that in the five-tube receiver employing two stages of audio amplification there will be a saving of five milliamperes in B-battery current.

This amount of current saved may be as much as from 25 to 30 per cent of the total current drawn from the B battery and may prolong their life as much as 60 or 70 per cent. When storage B batteries are used, the saving in current is relatively unimportant because storage B batteries must be recharged every so often.

To sum up, our tests show that the C hattery is always worth while from

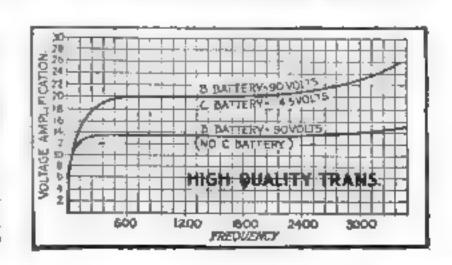
the standpoint of economy and that the volume always is increased, at least to some extent. This increase in signal strength is obtained without any falling off in quality except when low grade sudio transformers are used, in which case the quality actually may be poorer with the C battery than without it.

THESE tests were made on a signal of normal strength that did not overload the vacuum tube. When a strong signal is being received, the C battery has another advantage. By negatively binsing the grid, the plate-current variations are kept below saturation point of the tube. The C battery, therefore, helps you get volume with the minimum distortion.



#### How C Battery Affects Quality

The curves at the left show how the use of a III bettery may actually degrade the quality when twel with a poor audio transformer. With a high less transformer is increment without affecting quality and algorithms in the contact of the contact of



The novel cone-type loudspeaker at

the right was made from a candlestick

bolder, an old fashioned lamp-shade,

a paper cone, and a loudspeaker unit.

A piece of bus wire was fastened

between the center of the disphragm

and the center of the paper cone

denser can be judged by

comparing it with the

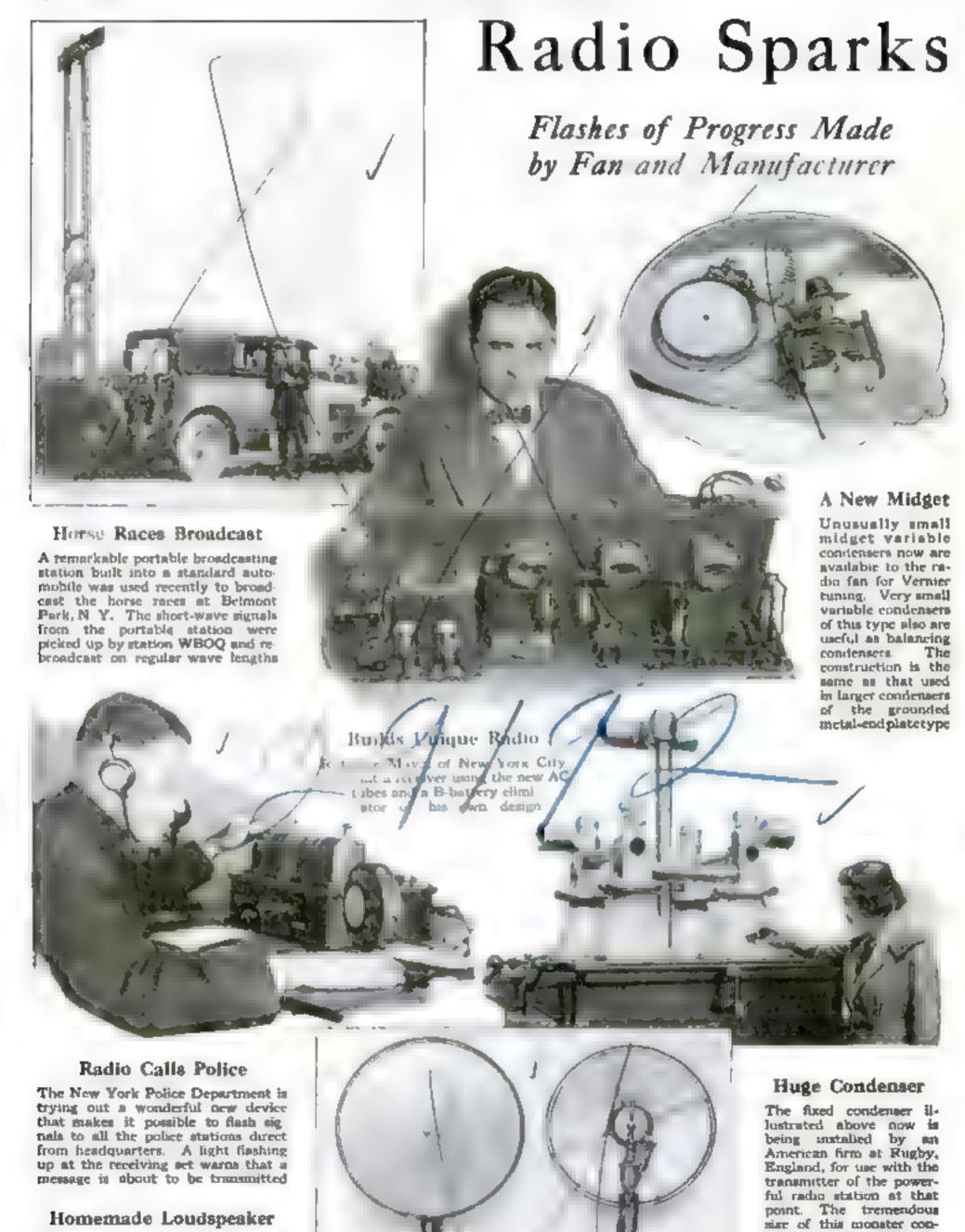
small radio condenser in

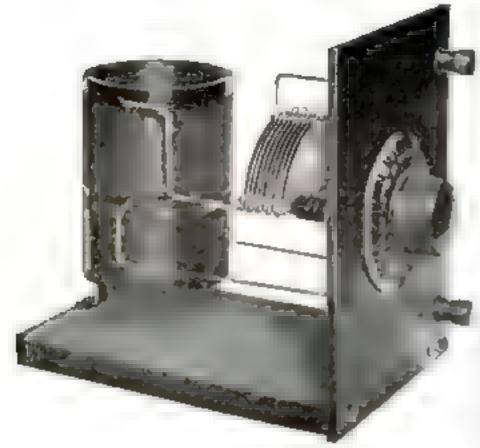
the girl's hand. Every

detail of the installation

of such a condenser must

be done most carefully





This view of the wave trap shows how the upper coil if is conmented with the variable condenser. Notice that anyle spece is provided for additional turns on the lower coil A, if needed

HE only trouble with a wave trap or interference eliminator, as it is sometimes eatled, is that most radio fans expect such a device to perform miracies. And then, when the results are not as expected, the device is promptly relegated to the scrap pile, even if the failure of the wave trap really is due to an incorrect hook-up

Properly used, a well made wave trap often will help a great deal in eliminating interference from local stations. But you must be prepared, in building the wave trap described here, to experiment a bit until you get it working correctly with your own radio receiver and under your own particular conditions.

This wave trap, which has been tested and approved by the Popular Science Institute of Standards, can be adapted for use with any type of radio receiver that operates on an outdoor antenna. The circuit used in the receiver has considerable effect on the wave trap. A single-circuit receiver, for instance, requires that the trap be used in the series connection. On the other hand, a wave trap can be used either in series or parallel with the more selective types of receivers such as the three-circuit regenerative, neutrodyne, and so forth

Whether the series or parallel connection will be best in any particular case can be determined only by experiment. It depends on a number of factors such as the natural selectivity of the receiver, the length of the antenna, and the power and broadness of the interfering wave

The actual construction of the wave trap is very easy. First study the picture wiring diagram.

on this page. You will note that you have to purchase only one piece of apparatus, the variable condenser, and the chances are that you will have an odd condenser tucked away in a corner of the workbench that will serve nicely. As shown in the illustrations, the wave trap was built

# How to Build and Use A Simple Wave Trap

To Stop Radio Interference

By Alfred P. Lane

with a composition panel and a wooden base board in the conventional manner, but you can take almost any libertles you like with the arrangement so long as you are careful to keep the variable condenser or any other metal part away from the open ends of the coil

The capacity of the variable condenser is also relatively unimportant. You can use a 13-plate, 17-plate or 23-plate type. Of course, you must wind the number of turns in coil B that will enable you to tune the wave trap to the wave of the interfering station. If you use a coil form three inches in diameter and No. 22 double silk-covered wire, wind about 70 turns of wire for coil B if used with a 13-plate condenser. Sixty turns will be about right for a 17-plate condenser, and 50 turns if you use the 23-plate type.

You will have to wind coll A to suit the particular conditions under which you use the wave trap. The model shown here has nine turns of wire spaced one-quarter inch from coil B. It is best, since the number of turns in coll A may have to be changed, to wind on more turns than specified. It is a relatively simple matter to take off turns from any coil, but if you find it necessary to add turns, the only really good way is to rewind the whole coil in order to avoid unsightly soldered joints in the wire,

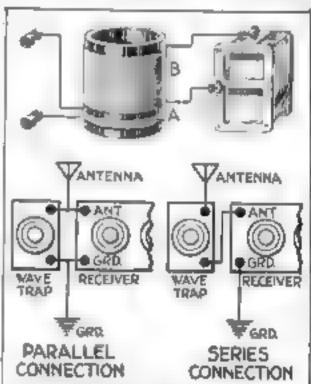
est in order to avoid unnightly soldered points in the wire.

Another view showing how lower coil A is connected with the punci binding posts

After you have mounted the complete coil, the variable condenser, and two hinding posts, the wiring will take only a few minutes. Connect the ends of coil A with the two hinding posts and then connect one and of coil B with the binding post on the variable condenser that is connected with the rotary plates of the condenser. The other end of coil B goes to the binding post on the variable condenser that is connected with the stationary plates.

The two ways in which the wave trap can be connected with your receiver are shown in the diagram. The best way can be found only by experiment.

In many cases the radio fan is troubled



Above Pictoria' watered agram aboving bookup of the wave trap. Below: Two ways of conducting wave trap with receiving set

with interference from one particular station that is so near and so powerful that it even may interfere with the reception of other local stations operating on wave lengths 20 meters or more higher or lower than that used by the station from which reception is desired,

When the wave trap is used in the series connection shows above, it is tuned to the wave of the station to be eliminated and all other stations on higher and lower wave lengths still can be received, although the

lengths still can be received, although the signal strength of the stations nearest the interfering station will be cut down to some extent. Thus the series arrangement is best for use when one station in

(Continued on base 134)

Newest Auto Improvements

Accessories that Add to the Motorist's Comfort



#### Automatic Tue Rack

A large spring is concealed in the bow table that forms the table that forms the table that forms the rack of strated at the bt Tussapsinghar mores the weight disceasy tire is that a universal exchange space on page 1 of the strate of the treat



#### Eastly Attached Air Cleans

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#### Filler Gage for Ford

Below. This new gage takes the plant take regular it er copion the gase. Links and makes review the take manufacture without a copion.



#### Rubber Bands Steady Car

At right is shown a sure reference to entropy the entropy the entropy to a sure appring re-



#### redal Extension

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101

# The Tricks in Shifting Gears

# Gus, the Expert Mechanic, Gives Some Sound Advice to the Beginner Who Comes to Grief on a Hill

Y US WILSON baif owner and chief mechanic of the Model Garage, always claimed that he could test by the sound of the telephone bell when the party at the other end of the wire was in serious difficulties. It was not strange, then, that he chucked a wrench back into the toolkit and stood up with a yard-long scowl on his face as the telephone rang sharply and instatently. The ringing stopped abruptly, and a few seconds later Jee Clark, his partner, peopled out of the office where he kept/track of custumers' account sand did the bookkeeping.

'Ding hast it!" exploded Jue. Al Tay or from Range Street has got hi neelf and mused up down at the bottom of Smake Ikli and hi wants to be bau-cy in right a var. Can we make it?"

Make it' and Gun, dishow shout this job for Mrs. Jenkins! You know we promised this morning. Can you lay on those bills long

enough to

'Sure," grinned Jue "That's where I shine up a mechanic—finishing up jobs when all hard work is done."

GUS answered with an un-intelligible grunt, cranked up the wrecking truck, and rattled out of the garage with the mudguards flapping like the wings of a bedraggled and much frightened chicken. The wrecking truck was built for service, not for looks.

Smoke Hill, about three miles south of town, was commonly spoken of by motorists As a "cork-puller" A sharp turn at the bottom prevented any chance of rushing the grade, which was mild enough for the first hundred yards. And the ease with which this part of the hill could be negotiated proved the undoing of the inexperienced motorat, for it became gradually steeper and ateeper until, near the top, the grade was so stiff that few cars could make it without changing to second or even first.

Gus found Taylor about halfway up the hill. His car was off the road and the

smashed mudguard and broken rear wheel jammed against a large oak tree testified mutely to the cause of the accident.

The unlucky motorist rushed over to the truck as Gus applied the brakes and began volubly and excitedly to explain just how it happened.

"No need to go into details, Mr. Taylor. I can see how you got into trouble," inter-

#### By Martin Bunn

rupted Gus. "This is where you would have to shift into second. I suppose you got rattled and couldn't get the gearshift to worse and while you were lugging with it, the cap started rolling bandward and pere you/are'

Taylor appeared surprised and a bit

"The act was my fault? Gosh, I thought something had gone wrong with the track nighton, and I was so rattled I never thought to put on the brake until it was

"Tell me, Gus, what did I do wrong?" Taylor asked as they drave carefully down the hill in the direction of town.

"Well—no offense meant, Mr. Taylor but you are a new driver, and almost everything a new driver does is wrong. The thing you did is one that often trips up the man who hasn't had a whole lot of experience."

"Go on," said Taylor, "you can't hurt my feelings. I thought I was the real thing as a driver. Now I know I'm not; so go right ahead, and maybe next time

I won't be so dumb."

"You see, Mr. Taylor, gearshifting is mostly a matter of practice and knowing what happens inside the transmission case when you work the lever," and Gue, "Also cars are just like horses. You must be wise to the particular whoma of the critter you happen to be driving because no two are exactly alike. That's why a mun who can handle one car in fine style often makes noises like a beginner when he is driving another make."

HUH," said Taylor, a bit peevishly. "Nobody can say that I can't shift gears quietly! I map 'em in before they get a chance to grate!"

"Sure," Gus went on; "and that is just where you make your hig mist ke. You map 'em in,' as you say, without any regard for the relative speeds of the gears you are trying to get into mesh, and everything goes fine and dundy until you get caught because the difference in speed is too much. Then they simply refuse to enup in, and you end up by aying to push over a two-foot tree. You ought to be thankful the tree was there to stop you You might have had a doctor's bill to pay in the bargain'"

Taylor shivered involuntarily.

"That's a pleasant thought," he said, more humbly. "Go on -I haven't any right to be proud."

Gus said nothing for a few seconds, for they were ap-

proaching a crossing and the wrecking truck with its trailing load claimed has undivided attention.

"Look at that fellow there who is waiting for the trolley," he exclaimed suddenly. "Watch him when he tries to jump on. See, he stood still and the trolley nearly pulled his arm out by the roots.

"There's a good example of what hap-



- Always take your foot off the accelerator while you are shifting from first to second or from second to third speeds.
- 2. Keep your foot on the accelerator when you shift. to a lower gear on a hill.
- 3. Avoid speeding up the car in first shift to second before the car has gone more than 10 feet.
- 4. After shifting from first to second or from

second to third, be sure that you do not press the accelerator again until the clutch is fully engaged.

- 5. Never try to shaft into reverse gear when the car to traveling forward. Wait till it stops com-
- 6. Make sure that the transmission case is filled to the proper level with exactly the kind of lubrieant specified by the maker of the car.

too late. Now a suppose I'll have a nice, for repair bill," he added ruefully.

Gus backed the truck into position to hoist the rear end of the car preparatory to towing it.

ip a few minutes the two men had everything shipshape, and when Gus eranked the winch, the rear end of the demaged car left the ground on a perfectly even keel.

pens when you try to shift gears by snapping them in. If the speeds of the two gears are somewhere near alike, they go in with a jark. If they are not, then they won't go in at all, and that's what happened to you. That man who hopped the trolley could have saved himself the yank on his arm if he had turned and run in the direction the car was going.

"VOU know, of course, that with the Y lever in first gear the motor in an automobile turns over much faster in proportion to the speed of the car than when the gears are in high. Now, when you throw out the clutch, the motor is deconnected from the genrhox, but the section of the

clutch that is fastened to the gears just naturally keeps on turning. That means you have to figure out some way to slow it down when you are shifting from a lower speed to a higher one, or to speed it up if you are changing from a higher speed to a lower one '

"Sounds fermhar," said Taylor, smiling. "The man who taught me how to drive used to run off a talk something like that, but I never could understand how to apply it to driving an automobile. '

"All right, then," Gus answered, "let's put it in a rule-of-thumb way

Just remember one simple rule. Take your foot off the throttle when you shift to a higher gear and keep it on when you shift to a lewer one. This works on meet cars, because the slight drag in the clutch makes the free part of it speed up or slow down with the engine. If you remember that one simple rule, then all you have to watch out for is the time interval, and you can get that by practice.

YF COURSE, it doesn't make any difference to other automobilists on the road whether you tear the whole trace mission out or not, so long as you are finlevel ground, but if you are on a steep h.ll, it's another story Suppose there had been a bunch of cars right behind you today!

Oh, don't rub it in," and Taylor "I'm a muttonhead all right. But suppose you just shaw me bow it ought to be done on this hill we're coming to. Then maybe I can get it through my head right "

"Good idea" said Gus. 'Now you I'll have to shift into watch carefully second about 100 feet from the bottom."

Taylor kept his eyes glued op Gus's feet. When the engine began to slow up, down went the left foot on the clutch pedal just far enough to disengage the clutch, and almost simultaneously the gear lever went into neutral. The right foot remained on the throttle and when the motor had attained just the right speed, Gus eased the lever into second and released the clutch pedal without a suspicion of clash or jerk.

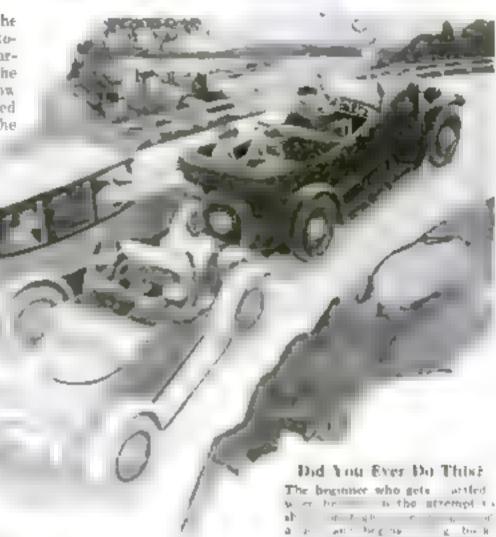
"Gee, that was as smooth as silk," said Taylor admiringly. "It looks like nothing

at all the way you do it."

Gus's wrinkled face cressed in a smile.

"Just like everything else, Mr Taylor; it's easy when you know how. As far as auto transmissions go, you can make one last at least twice as long if you treat it right."

A few minutes more and they were in the garage, and Gus busied himself arranging blocks so that the axle would be supported when the car was lowered



' How soon will the old boat be ready again?" Taylor asked

"Well, ' said Gas, with a mick glance around the garage to check up on the jobs. that should be thushed before Taylors, "algut Thursday afternoon, guess- yes, Ill promise it by then I appose you will steer dear of broke Hall after this," he added with a twinkle in his eye

Mar style said Taylor. I'm going up that bill if it's the last act of my life!" Better get in some practice on level ground first, then," said Gus; "and, by the way, Mr. Taylor, if you really want to get

ake to know bow to do the 'double clutch.' " "I'll bite," sand Taylor, looking puzzled

into the expert class as a driver you might

"What is it-s joke?"

"Double clutching is no joke," norwered "It's something that most auto drivers know nothing about, yet it certainly is a good thing to know if you hap-

Do You Know Gus and Joe?

THESE two interesting proprietors of the Model Garage appear every month in POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY: If you haven't met them. now's the time to get acquainted. You'll find Mr. Bunn's stories not only highly instructive, but entertaining. Next month Gus and Joe will give you some valuable new tips about tires.

pen to want to make the other fellow eat the dust on a bad hill."

Taylor was interested immediately "Fine?" he said. "Give me all the dope on that. I never did like the taste of dust anyway!"

"I don't know whether I ought to tell you or not, seeing as how you beyon't mastered the regular way of shifting gears

> yet," Gus began. "However, if you'll promise not to blame me if you rip out the transmission trying it. I'll explain double clutching,

> "REMEMBER how I sh fted into second on that hil? You noticed, of course, that I waited till the old bus had slowed down quite s but before I tried to shift. Now, if you were trying to race a man up that hill, you naturally wouldn't want to wait till the car slowed down, you would want to make the shift while the car was still going good and fast,

"The only way you can drop from high into second when you are going fast is to use the double clutch. Otherwise you would be almost sure to make a let of grinding notices.

"Here is how you do the double clutch. The minute the car mugts to slow down in high, jagn your foot on the clutch pedal and threw the gearshift lever ofto neutral freep the ac-relevator pressed down har. Of course, the second the clutch is thrown out and the loss of the case taxenoff, the motor will start to race to best the band With gearshift lever still in heutral, let the clutch in quickly, push down on the clutch pedal again right away then immediately throw the speed lever thito second and let the clutch in again.

g tro h

was I em once when sell on the a

"WHAT happens is that while the gear lever is in neutral, the gears you intend to mesh are speeded up by letting the clutch in so that when you push out the clutch and throw her into second there will be practically no clash. That is, if you get the timing right. The only way you can get that is to practice."

Taylor threw up his hands in despair. "Gosh!" he exclaimed, as he turned to go: "nothing doing on that for me. Guess I'll stick to plant driving. I can't afford a new transmission just for the pleasure of beating some bird up a hill."

"Drat it!" mumbled Gus to himself as he stared after Taylor's retreating form, "Say, Joe, why is it that every bird who succeeds in scraping through the driver's examination decides right away that he is the real thing as a driver and tries to navigate around in heavy traffic just like an old-timer? It would be a lot better for him and for the other fellows on the road if he would spend a lot of time on lonely roads practising gear shifting and maneuvering the car until he really knew how to do it right."

# Handy Kinks to Aid the Car-Owner

Seven Ways to Save Time

EADLIGHT bulbs always seem to burn out just when it is least conthe burn-out occurs on a dark road, late at right and during a heavy rainstorm. And to make matters worse, the rim of the offending heading it is tenerally stuck so tight that no or houry force exerted by the bare hands will suffice to breat it

In such cases a powerful 'persuader" can be made from a rell of the tape white Pit 1, the end of the tape is wound around the edge of the headlight rim and the remainder of the roll serves as a handle on which to pull. Short, sharp tuga will be found more effective than a steady pull.

HERE is a method of bracing the Ford metor to cut out some of the virta tion. It keeps the cylinder block from wable his side-wise. The construction is simple enough. Two turn-buckers are used with the ends tent to he as shown in Fig

Carb should be used in etting up the turnbuckles, Ince any excess strain be-Youd that necessary to get

them tight in transmitted directly to the grankease arms, and if they are turned up too tight a broken crankcase arm may be the result

THE average automobile owner finds carbon scraping and valve grinding a much more difficult job than it really is, simply because the cylinder fond is a rather difficult piece to hold and to work on at the same time.

On overhead valve engines, the falve grinding and assembly to apply and parts can be done much camer if some form of holder is arounded for the cylinder head. The method of supporting and holding the cylinder head shown in Fig. 3 will be a highelp on carbon-removal and tive-rinding jobs.

In this arrangement, four rods are and secured by bolts through the top of the workbench. Thus design is particularly good for the amateur workman because the bolts can be removed after the job is finished and put away so that they will be ready for the next time.

The height of these supports should be made sufficient so that the valves can be removed and replaced without disturbing the position of the cylinder head.

RIFLE shooters call the process "sighting-in" when they adjust the sights on their rifles so that they coincide with the spot on the target which is being be used for slining the front whoels of ah automobile to as to sentre the correct.

For the everage small dar, set one wheel so that a sight taken across the inside of



Fig. 1. Tupe can be used to start an obstinate head-out run that is

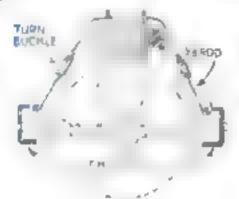


Fig. J. Turnbu kles used to bruce the Ford morns and cliencome of the vibration



Fig. 3. This method of supporting and bridging the cylinder beed will aid in removing ourbon and grinding valves

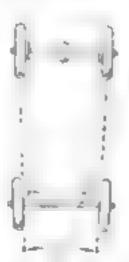


Fig. 4 Hi w to shap front where a to secore ordered toe-th

PIN

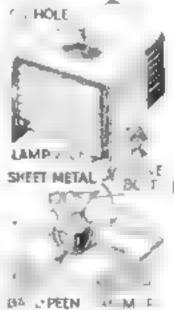
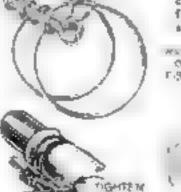


Fig. 5. Seria ... ph. oil clips can be a tcheaply and » attrips a J wick



WITH WAIL

Fig. 5. Host clemp made from wire and a single conter-pin



Fig. 7 Sample covers will protect the alander while nd his the valvos

the front tire near to axle strikes the center of the tread of the rear tire, as il-lastrated in Fig. 4. Then look across the inside edge of the other front tire and if you find that the lines I right also strikes

the center line of the other rear tire, you can be sure that the front wheels have the correct amount of toe-in.

Of course the test should be made on a level floor and the tires should be properly inflated. Remember also that this rule does not hold good with over-sized tires nor on cars having a longer wheel base than approximately 100 inches,

WHEN the spring leaves are dry, every little bump in the road is transmitted to the chamis of the car Roads that are full of small bunts, such as col blestope atrects are negotiated thora easily if the springs are kept wen oiled. An occasional sphosing wind old crankcase oil does the wark, but it is better

> to have some means of constantly liferding oil in betweels the leaven.

Servidenble oil clips for in purpose may be con-Eructed cheaply and easily by inches, with three holes in each. Dent down the motal around the center hole, using a hall peen hammer as shown in Fig. 5. Then when the metal is bent around the spring with a plece of lampwick under it, the center hole will form a small peck-

et that projects upward and can be filled from an oilean.

The best way is to have eight clips in all one on each side of each apring shorkle. A little kerosene mixed with the old grankease oil will make the oil penstrate between the leaves and lubricate

them properly.

THE illustration in Fig. 6 shows how I to make a very servicesthis hose clamp from a piece of some and a cotterpin. The brass wire and on anyola for automobile use insultable and it is a good idea to users good lizer officer-pin, so that the strain of tight ming the wire will not pull it out of shipe, After the wire is arranged as shown in

the drawing, it is drawn tight around the Jense hy turning the cotter-pin with a nail. An advantage of this method is that the clamp can be made of any desired size.

ERHAPS the most difficult part of valve grinding lies in waking sure that none of the valve-granding compound drops into the cyl idem accidentally or down around the volve-stem guides. Part, at least if the worry on this subject can be dimmated by the use of a cylinder cover techstructed and used as shown in

Heavy car board or wallboard will do for the material and boles can be cut at the points where the valves are located. Cylinder-head bolts or stude with winged nots can be used to hold the cover in place. Another advantage of using a cover over the cylinder openings is that no dust from the air can settle in them.



Fitting Up an Unfinished Attic

How to Reclaim Waste Space in Your House—Setting Joists—the Flooring

By Edwin M. Love

IN MANY homes there as sufficient attic space for the bunding of a needed den or bedroom. If no starway is present, such a room may be made accessible by means of a disappearing staircase in the hall, or even by a ladder if the room is to be occupied by a man or a buy

Oftentimes aght and ventuation may be had by the use of windows already in the gubles, or by substituting windows for ventuators. If however there is no direct means of getting aght one or two dormers harmonizing with the architecture of the house may be a structure Figures 1 and 2 (upper drawing) illustrate these possibilities.

Although each house is a problem unto itself, certain rules of construction to see al. eases, so that a carefu. following of the steps in building an attic room in typical house will limiteate the procedure of any such work

Coiling joints usually extend arbawine of a gabled roof, tying the walls. For reanone of economy, in this typical plan it is desirable to run the attic floor joists at right angles to the cuiling joists, making use of the shorter spans, but necessitating their being placed above the ceiling joints. This is desirable even when the floor joists are to be parallel to those of the ceiling, since any weakening of the timbers because of cutting for electric wires in a voided. As the greatest span in 12 ft., 2 by 10 in, fir stock is used, but local ordinances may demand heavier scantlings than these. All should be sized to a uniform width.

Pass up through the hall scuttle a num-



Fig. 1.—A typical bungslow of the California type with an unfinished artic that could be converted into an extra room by adding durster and gable sindown, at shown by the dotted lines.

her of the panks and dustribute them as a Fig 5, page 110 to serve as a working stage. Drop a pumb bob from the right comb a weight suspensed from a cord is sufficiently accurate for this torquise) to determine the content of the room, and lay our the width which in this case is \$11.2 ft.

For Yearings for the moor joists, fit 2 by 4 in 5 ocks on the bearing plates, using two the knesses, which should rise above the tops of the ceiling joists 1 - in giving clearance for the beams. Lay off distances of 16 in from one side making an X beside each mark to show on which side

the joint is to bear. The space at the other side of the room is less than 16 in., but if no great load is to be carried, the distance may be divided to save the extra joint shown in the photograph (Fig. 3).

Remove the roof braces shown in Fig. 4. Select a straight joist and set, crown edge up, at one side. Test for levelness by means of a straight-edge and level. The ends of the straight-edge should be supported by blocks

of equal th ckness to avoid errors due to carvature in the joint, as shown in Fig. 2It is preferable to cut away the bearing edge of the high end but if this brings the fram in contact with the celling joint below, shim up the low end with a straigle wood

3 imbraned in page 110)

This month's Home Workshop Department will be found on pages 79 to,82 and 88 to 111. The Shipshape Home on page 86, and The Better Shop Methods Department on pages 84 and 112 to 126.

INTERSE TION OF SIDE WALL WITH ROOF

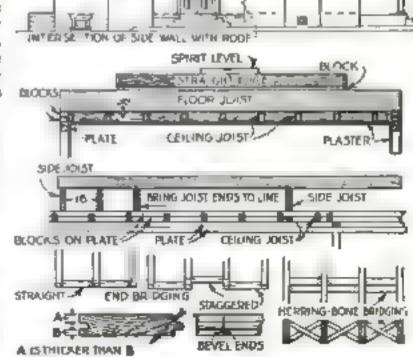




Fig. 2 at right House with edded atticroom and details showing methods of setting and bracing foor joints bridging and laying the floor

Fig. 3 (at left) Model showing framework of flooring leid to center of most prior to swiling the upper ends of the herring-bose bridging

# Carving with Your Pocket-Knife

# Simple Checker-Board Ornamentation for Small Boxes

OUR jack-knife, a hammer, and a few nash are all you need to make these handy bttle boxes with their decorative checker-board pattern.

The same pattern can be applied to a great many articles picture frames, vanity boxes, smoking cobinets, book ands, stationery racks, and all sorts of woodwork. For any one who has

knife work and wates to much to a st this type of carving with because of its simplicity

Butternut wood was little toolbox illustrated in the ci column, because it does not ablit case and the grain is generally straight. It is easy to work with and, when flewhed, its color looks like some of the h However, any clear, fine-grained woon such as white pine or basswood, is suitable. White pine was used for the smaller vanity box shown at the top of the page.

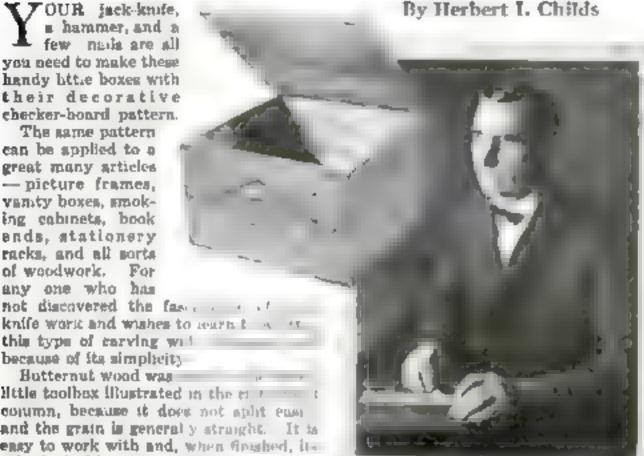
Make the box for your own requirements. With pencil and ruler or trysquare, draw squares of about 34 in., leaving a border around the outer edge. A touch of beauty and artistic workman-



Wedge-shaped chips are temoved from piternating aquares after senting lines.

ship is added if a square or diamond is marked out in the center of the pattern This should be in good proportions to the squares, as in the illustrations. Your initials will look well within the central

Cut every line to the depth of about 36 in, with a small, sharp blade of your pocket-knife. Then carve out the alternate squares, beginning at the bottom of each square and tapering in toward the top until upon reaching it you have cut to the depth of a full 34 in. This will be understood better if you will glance at the cross section in the drawing at the right.



Herbert I Childs of Worcester Mass on authority on pocket-inters and the elmost lost art of whiting and a vanity box he carved to disstrate the very simple and effective checker board, pattern he describes in the preompanying article. Other acticles em uneful per ket knife work ure to follow

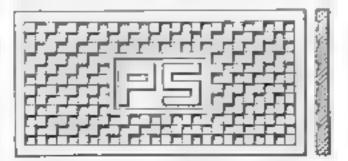
Your initials may be cut in or raised If to be raised, cut out the surface around them as far as the border to a depth of auf

Sandpaper the flat surfaces of the lex and finish with shellar, wax, of varnob. The wood can be stained, if you wish,

For the sake of a knife a well as your work, get a dual la rie As soon as it does not cut clean sturpen it Use a fink graf oristone with a fint surface, upon a hich a few drops of clean oil have been | Bugd If sharpered on a sing stone, the edge to likely to be rough,

For general use, the edge of the blade the his rest on the stone at an angle of about 40 degrees. Draw it from beel to part scross the stone from right to left, Mira the blade over and draw it across form left to right. The stroke is always against the cutting edge and not with it, as is the case when stropping the blade on leather. The beginning of a stroke from left to right is illustrated above.

Keep up the sharpening process until the edge is keen. This may not come to you at first, but after you have tried it a lew times you will see the advantage of taking this care in setting the edge. If



Suggestion for laying out the front of a how with initials in a pentral rec angle

the blade is too flat in relation to the stone, the edge will be too thin for strength in ordinary use. It is sometimes desirable, however, to sharpen with a thin edge when very light, thin cutting is to be done. On the other hand, if the blade in held at too great an angle, it will not cut properly, as the shoulder will strike the work before the edge when the knife is held in the natural manner for whittling

To insure good results, you should have a knife that fits your hand fairly well. It should have a large blade for rough or straight work and one or two small blades for the finer details. You cannot be too



h, par ne ection, for you cannot d Possits from a poerly rearra-

ind estent al in a kn fe with a fire ashty obat of in the hades, securately impered to a hard, high, and tough timper. The blades should be carefully found with truly tapered sides. Many knives on the market are of a low grade of steel, poorly tempered and ground, and have no value for whitting and carving work. Avoid three and select one of the high grade. American-made pocket-knives, which can be made as keen as a razor

GOOD knife will be sharp when bought and for a long time should require only an occasional touching up of the edge on an oilstone. Unless a pocketknife is permitted to get into very bad shape, it should rarely require grinding.

While the usual spear-shaped blades in the regular jack-knife are suitable for general whittling, it is useful for special carving to have a narrow, straight-edged, small blade with a long point, the back curving down to the straight edge. This is called a "Wharucliffe" or "sheep's toe blade." A so-called Sloyd or modeling blade usually has sides that do not begin to slope toward the edge until about half way across the blade. With its thick, beavy back, this also is known as a sabershaped or full-awaged blade, A clippoint blade is one that is similar to a Turkish sword or scimitar, the back half being hollow ground or concaved before reaching the point.

# How to Repair an Electric Iron

# When the Heating Element Burns Out, It Can Be Mended by Joining the Ends of the Broken Resistance Wire

"I WONDER what's wrong with the electric iron? It won't heat up."

How often this complaint is beard! Yet a modern electric iron is practically indestructible and hardly anything can go wrong with it that cannot be repaired quite easily by any handy man

When an iron falls to heat, the break in the electric circuit may be either in the cord or within the iron litself. It is well to test the iron with another cord, if one is available; otherwise examine the cord with care, especially near the attachment piece. Take the cover off the attachment piece and see if the wires are connected tightly with the terminals. If you have any further suspicion of the cord, test it by the means previously described in Popular Science Monthly ("How to Test and Repair the Cords of Household Electric Appli-

ances," July, 1925, page 92)

When you are certain that the difficulty is within the iron, the first step is to dismount it. This necessitates removing the parts that interfers with the exposure of the heating element. Figure I shows the initial step in removing the handle, Fig. 2, the removal of the terminal block. In some types of Irons the terminal block and handle need not be removed.

Next, take out the main assembly screws, which hold the top of the iron in

By Leroy S. Foltz

Professor of Electrical Engineering, Michigan Agricultural College



position. This will allow the top to be lifted off and the element to be exposed

An examination of the heating element will reveal the location of the trouble. In this case the element has burned "open," as shown in Fig. 3. It is necessary to connect these two ends in such a way that the joint will not melt when the current is applied. To accomplish this, unwind the wire ribbon each way to the other side of the element (Fig. 4). Clean

about 2 in. of each end thoroughly with a piece of emery or fine eandpaper.

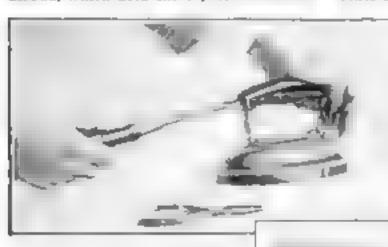
Now form one and into a flattened coil of two or three turns and insert the other end into it. Reduce the size of the turns and pull up the slack in the wire. With the pliers, flatten the coil firmly down on the inserted and of

the wire, as in Fig. 5. Be sure to have the coil flat so that projections will not wear holes through the adjacent mics. In order to prevent the joint from interfering with the wires on each side, it is well to insert a small sheet of mics under it, as in Fig. 5.

The element now may be tested by applying voltage to the terminals and noting how the joint performs. If it becomes excessively hot, it should be adjusted to give a larger and more uniform contact between the wires.

When the iron is reassembled, the pressure put upon the element will improve this contact. Because to have a little extra mica both above and below the joint—between the element and the top and bottom of the Iron.

In case the resistance wire has become so badry domaged that it cannot be repaired in this way, it will be best to discard it entirely and to purchase a new heating element. These come fastened between sheets of mica, ready for insertion.



# Steps in Fixing an Iron

These instructions where property is the street of the Thing on the residence of the control of the street of the boson of



Fig. 1. To discountile the overage from H is necessary to remove the handle. This is not required however with some types of irona that are so designed that the element can be uncovered quickly



Fig 5 above). When connected, the ends of the wire are flattened down with pliers

Fig. 2. Maying removed the

bondle, the next step is to unscrew

and detack the terminal block

Then econove the main assembly

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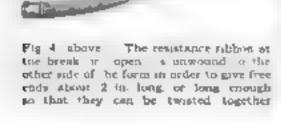
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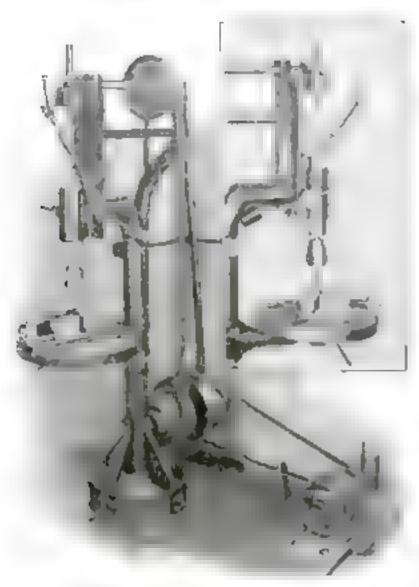
of any anner marke a conservat

port a to of the a seed non
of many police before removing it

Fig. 6 (at left). A small piece of mics is slipped beneath the completed joint



# Drill Press Built from Scrap



By Ray F. Kuns

Principal, Automotive Trades School, Cincinnati, Ohio.

RIGINALLY designed for a home workshop, the drill press illustrated looked so well when completed that it was placed in a shop, where it is giving complete natisfaction in constant service.

One of the most interesting things about this drill press is the fact that incorporated in it are seven ball bearings, all salvaged from automobiles. In fact, a great part of the material was taken from dismantied cars. With hundreds of thousands of automobiles being scrapped each year, there is an ever increasing field for the use of their parts in building up special garage, machine-shop, or homeworkshop equipment.

No attempt has been made to give detailed dimensions. The sucress of a piece of work of this kind depends largely on the ingenuity of the mechanic in making use of the parts at hand. The main part of the machining may be performed on an engine lather

The base BD is a heavy brake drum with four pieces of 3-in angle riveted to it for fest. A hub flange, which has been bored out to receive the pipe G, is bolted or riveted to the brake drum

The frame is built up by welding pipe together. G is a piece of 3-in. gas pipe. The curved arm F is a piece of 2-in. exhaust pipe, the curve being the original one. E also is a piece of anhaust pipe, about 134 in. The brace E' is not added until later

The table support must be planned before the frame is assembled on the base, unless a split support is devised in place

# Has Seven Ball Bearings Salvaged from Junked Automobiles

of the cast-iron tee, I. The pipe G is not turned in the lathe, but simply has any unusually rough spots knocked off with the file. The 3-in, cast-iron tee I has a 2-in, outlet for F'. It is chucked and bored so that it is a sliding fit on G. The two 1-in screws Z are used to lock the table at the desired height.

The block N is a piece of 1-in, steel large enough to receive the ball bearing selected for this point. It is welded to the post, after being bored on the lathe to take the ball bearing.

N' is another piece of 1in, stock and is bored to
carry the bearing supporting the other and of the
shaft that carries the lower
cone P and the tight and
loose pulleys M and M'.
N' is welded on a bracket
built up to the height of the
brake-drum base. RB is a

length of 14 by 2 in flat machinery steel, and the bar BP is \$10 by 6 in flat steel

The lower shaft O is made up from an axle shaft and has the ends machined to fit the bearings; the other parts are machined to care for the pulleys.

Both cones are the same size and are built up from 152-in, oak or other hard wood. The particular machine illustrated is provided with both a tight and come pulley. This allows for connection with a line shalt or individual motor, as shown in the photograph. The pulleys M and M' are 12 in, in diameter. They may be made from old brake drums.

The table C was made from an engine flywheel. It was faced off in the lathe and the edge turned down to 1 \(\frac{1}{2}\) in thickness. The end of the crankshaft X with the flange Y, which fits the flywheel, forms the table mounting

H IS a 2-in. cast-iron tee. If X is not large enough to permit boring the tee, it may be bushed by screwing short or close nipples into each of the ends and then the tee is chucked and bured to receive X as a sading fit. The length of F' will depend on the swing of the drill. It should bring the center of the table under the center of the drill bit. The screw in the 2-in tee locks the table in any desired position.

The building of the drill-press bend is, of course, the most difficult part. F' curries two ball bearings, one in either end. These in turn carry the shalt A. Another ball bearing in  $C^2$  carries the driven gear W. These three bearings must be in line. The plate D, which is a piece of steel plate  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ , by 6 by 19 in., is welded to the pipe frame.

F may be a piece of 2-in, pipe or tubing. A shoulder is provided when boring to allow the hall bearings to strike it when they are pressed in

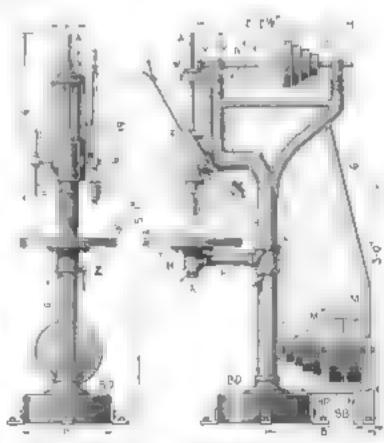
The spindle A is machined to assemble from the bottom of F so that it has a shoulder to take the thrust. Bull bearings are usually made to take a thrust in one direction only and this point should be considered in selecting and mounting these bearings.

THE rack J is acrewed to the part F'. The shaft S, which carries the pinion that actuates the rack, is carried by two blocks of steel, LL. One end of this shaft carries a plain lever bar marked R and the other and carries a ratchet gear. This gear is engaged and operated by the lever T, also salvaged from a car. The lever is balanced by the weight U.

G' is a piece of tubing with a bare to accommodate F' in a sliding fit and machined to allow the rack to project at the rear. It is supported by two strips of angle Iron. These strips, K, are welded to the tube G' and house the rack and rack pinten. They in turn support the blocks L and, when mounted to the plate D, support the entire lower part of the drill-press head

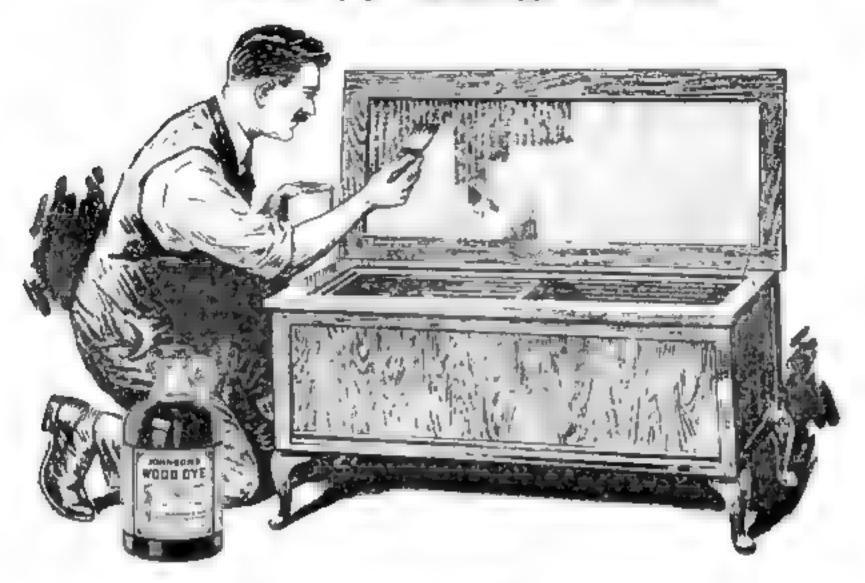
The gears are solvaged from a car. V is one of the little gears from the differential. It is a spider gear, and drives a side gear W. The ratio is about 2 to 1, which is usual practice. W will be found to have a collar-like flange on it, and this

Continued on page 1941.



Front and side views of assembled drill press made mainly of autorial recisimed from the automobile junk yard

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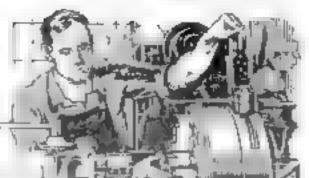
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# Better Shop Methods

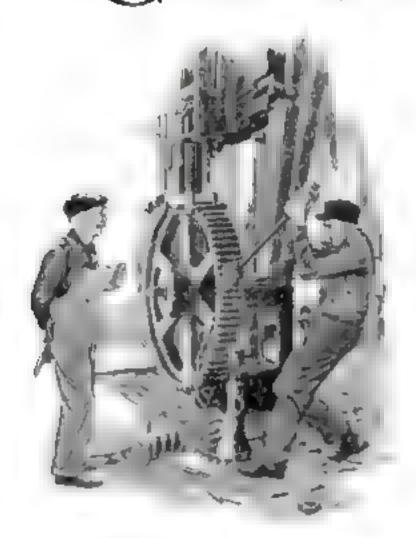
How Expert Mechanics Save Jime and Labor



# Chasing a Difficult Thread

# Old Bill Repairs a Pump and Renews a Gear

By James Ellis, Machine-Shop Superintendent



LD BILL put down the trade paper he was reading. He rarely found time to read anything for more than a few minutes before some one opened the door that separated his office from the noise of the shop.

"This pump I am working on—" began the machinist who had entered

Old B II amiled and nodded He knew the Job It was a duples steam pump that had been sent to the abop for a general repairing

"One of the water valve scate," the machinust went on, "bas come out of the casting, and the threads are all worn off."

Old Bill followed the mechanic out of the office, for he had promised to have that pump back in service on the following day. It was mid-afternoon, and here was something else to be done.

The pump was on a big radial drill press, having the seats faced off. The tools for facing the seats were something like an end mill, except that the teeth went entirely across the face. There was a pilot to go into the hots in the middle of the valve seat, and a shank to fit the drill-press spindle.

"I had them all done but this one," the machinist said, "and about the time I got the cutter in contact with it, I noticed that the seat turned. I stopped, and it came out with my fingers. The threads are gone from the mating as well."

. Old Bill naw that the brass seat had only the semblance of threads, and the casting had been attacked so much by rust and by the slight movement of the seat that it had no threads at all. And the pump must be delivered the next day?

Old Bill knew that he could build up the brass valve seat with a welding rod and rethread it again without much trouble, but to get some threads into the pump casting was another question. The cylinder and the frame were one casting, so chasing a thread in a lathe was out of the question. But when he measured the valve seat, he knew that he had no tap that was 4 ¼ in. in diameter

"How about reaming the hole and driving the valve seat in?" the machinut suggested.

"We might make a tap," ventured another mechanic, who had stopped to

"Some of them are made that way "

I promised to have this pump done in the morning, and we should not be able to make a tap in that time, even if we could find a piece of steel already annealed," Old Bill and, "I believe the best way will be to chase another thread and screw the valve seat back in."

One man opened his mouth, the other closed his eyes a trifle

Old Bull banded the valve seat to the mathinist on the job and said, "Get the welder to build up the thread right away." The mechanic reluctantly left on his mission, for he was anxious to hear the idea Old Bull had in mind.

WE WILL chase the thread here on this drill press," Old Bill told the machinist who remained. He smiled at the incredulous look of the machinist and continued, "Don't scowl sol. All you have to do is to make a boring-bar with a thread, and a guide with a threaded hole that you can bolt across the top opening."

Old Bill looked around the base of the drill press. There had accumulated a mass of bolts and clamps that were used to set up work. He selected a bar about 1 by 3 to and something like 2 ft. long.

"This will make the guide," he said as

be laid the plece over the top of the chamber. "Now get a threaded hole about here." He made a mark on the bar just over the worn hole. "I think that we had a 1½-inch tap with eight threads to the inch made for some special job. If you can find that, it will be fine. Then make a boring-bar to fit the threaded hole. You can turn a straight shank on it and hold it in the drill chuck. Hold the tool with a setacrew."

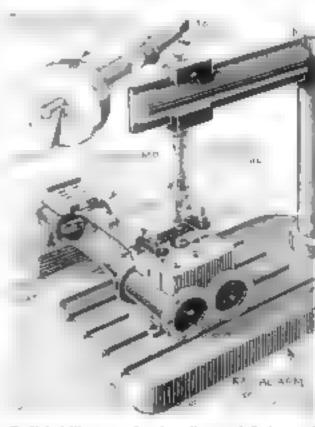
The machinist grasped most of the idea. Old Bill went on: "I forgot to say that you should hold the guide bar on the chamber with some of the stude that hold on the cover. They are right where you want them."

This was something new to the machinist, but he set to work to get the parts ready. The other machinist was back by this time, and after the idea had been explained to him, he started to make the boring-bar. With two men at it, the tools were soon well under way

Old Bill, resisting the lure of the article he had been reading, made the rounds of the shop and came to a gear about 4 ft.

Continued on bact 115.

MANY time-saving shop ideas are contained in the continuation of the Better Shop Methoda Department, which you will find on pages 112 to 128,



Radial drill art up for threading, and facing host with seeth neither radial not evenly spaced



Why Do Good Hardware Stores Everywhere Sell Starrett Tools



Calipers and Dividers

Compare Starrett Calipers and Dividers with other makes and you will begin to see why Starrett Tools are preferred by particular mechanics everywhere. You'll find them made from a fine quality steel, tough and nicely tempered. The legs are strong, the springs have just the right stiffness for rapid, easy work, yet holding a given size faithfully. Set a pair of Starrett Calipers or Dividers in the morning and they stay set all day. The adjustment is particularly

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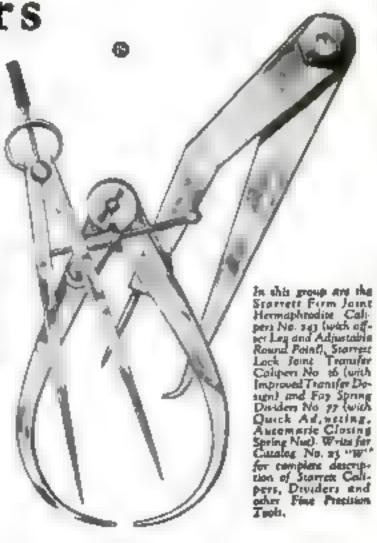
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# The Shipshape Home



How to repair shingle, composition, slate, and metal roofs—A simple "creeper"-Paintingroofs

How to Repair
Leaky Roofs

MANY a homeowner who takes pride in keeping his house shipshape is at a com-

plete loss when it comes to roofing rapairs. This is natural, because the roof is usually an inaccessible and awkward place to work. Yet, a little care given to your roof, whether it is shingle, composition, slate, tile, or metal, will repay you greatly

By looking after a roof from year to year, its life can be preserved surprisingly and, of course, the annoyance and often costly damage caused by leaks can be avoided.

There is nothing especially difficult in repairing a roof, provided you know how to go about it. If you have a shingled roof and it loaks, go into the attic and wherever thay ight shows through, drive small splinters of wood up into the cracks.

These will indicate the cracks when you are working on the outside. If no light in visible, note the approximate location of the tell-tale damp spots

Put your ladder up outside and est your "creeper" or roof scaffold in place. If you have no creeper, by all means make one, as it will be useful for years to come. In case of a roof fire it may aid greatly in reaching the flames.

Asmost any board that is as long as the roof from the enves to the ridge will serve as a creeper Nail cleate to it about 1 ft. apart. The upper end should have a hook

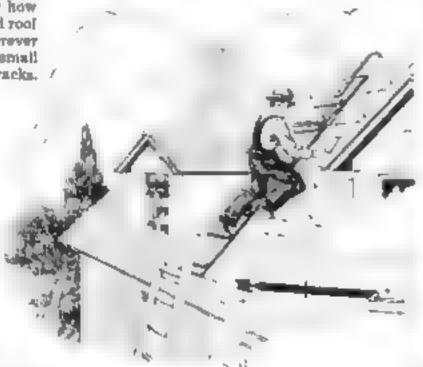
as shown; this can be purchased or forged from an iron bar. Built it securely to the creoper. After placing the book over the ridge, always test by pulling down sharply on the creeper before trusting your weight on it.

FiT new shingles into any places where the old shingles are out, nathing them in place. Where the shingles merely are split, elide pieces of tin or galvanized iron under them far enough so that the upper part is under the top course of shingles. Nail down all loose shingles and replace any badly damaged ones

A cost of good shargle paint will aid in preserving the roof. A very economical paint can be made by mining 5 gals, colored creosote shingle stain, 3 gals, old auto oil, and 2 qts. of Japan drier Mix more or less, according to the size of your roof, but use the same proportions. Brush on exactly as paint. By adding aniline dyes of the shade desired, almost any rolor, if not too light, can be obtained. I should not recommend this paint for shingled side walls, as it would remain tacky for some time.

If your roof is of the composition shingle type, mark the leaks as for wood shingles, or note their approximate positions and proceed in the same way, except that a small dab of roofing sement the color of the shingles should be applied over each nail. If you cannot obtain roofing cement of the right shade, mix asbestos fiber, which can be had from almost any plumber or steamfitter, with a paint of the proper color until a putty-like paste results. This filing for small holes and cracks will last for years and will remain flexible.

If the shingles have dried out or the surface has gone, there are a number of colored paints with an asphalt base that may be used to renew the life of the coof Under no circumstances use paints with



Using a creeper in expairing a shingled roof. A tool for removing broken elected

a lineed-oil base on a paper roof as such paint will destroy its weather-resistance.

If your roof is state or tile, an entirely different method of repair is necessary. Go over the surface of the roof carefully and remove all states that are cracked crosswise of the slate. Use the tool illustrated, which any blackwhith will make for a dollar or two, or which can be purchased from a hardware dealer. It is called a "ripper"

INSERT the working end under the broken slate and move it back and forth until the nail holding the slate in place is firmly scated in one of the hook-like notches. Then by jerking down sharply the nail can be cut. If it is too stubbornly set, the upper end of the handle may be hammered.

In the crack or joint directly under the sinte that has been removed, nail a piece of copper or soft brass about ½ in, wide and 4 in, long in such a way that the lower end will project 1 in, below the lower line of the course where the new state is to go. Then slide the new state

up even with the other sistes in this course and bend the copper clip up in book fashion. This will hold the siste permaneatly in place.

If a state must be cut, lay it along a stone step or a square piece of Iron and cut it with an old file or hatchet by using short, sharp blows. Holes can be punched with a sharp nail or punch. If any large amount of state must be cut, it is best to employ an experienced stater or to purchase a set of stater's tools, which consist of a hammer, ripper, and stake. The latter is a T-shaped, flat steel unvil

If your roof is tile, by all means get an experienced roofer. The roofs are difficult to repair because the tile must be laid to allow for expansion.

Metal roofs are perhaps the easiest for the amuteur to repair. Solder or cement all small holes or cracks and then paint them with a good grade of iron oude or red lead paint. If the roof is loose, fasten it down with large headed acrews and solder or cement over their surface.

To do a good job of soldering a metal roof, acrape the metal until dry and clean and use a good flux tenuriatic acid for galvanized roofing and rosin for tin roofing. Solder heavily with a clean, hot iron

If YOU wish to make your own paint for galvanised from, use the best red oxide paste and thin with pure boiled lineed oil to the proper consistency. Brush this with as

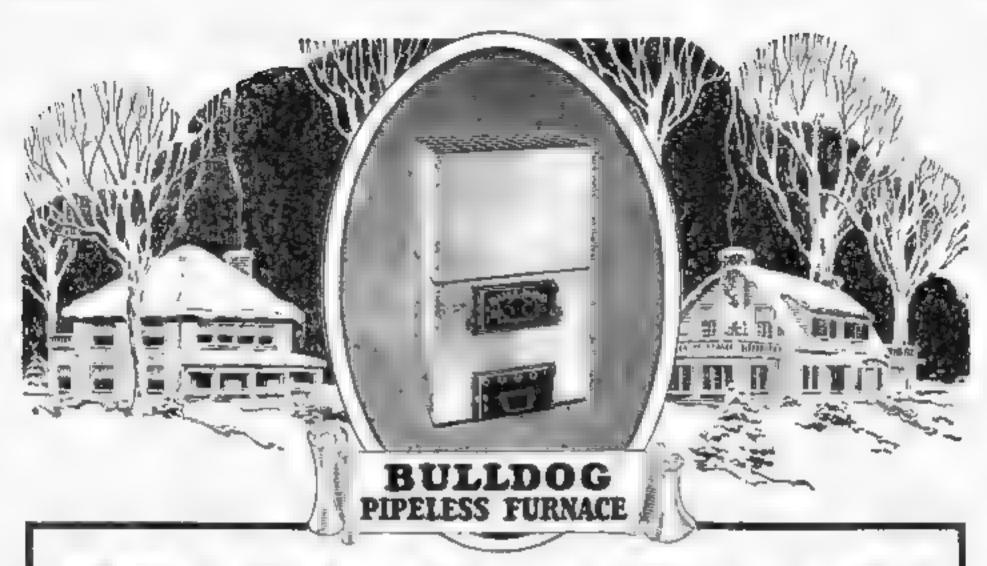
much care as if you were painting the house, and your roof will last for years.

When working on your roof, always fasten down all metalwork around the chimneys or dormers and be sure when painting valleys on a shingle roof to crowd the paint up under the edges of the shingles, as it is here that 90 per cent of the leaks in the valleys occur

If copper valleys have been used, an agreeable color can be obtained by painting the metal with a solution of vinegar and salt water. This turns the copper a bright green, which contrasts beautifully with the duller slate or chingled auriaces.—C. W. Humerra, Corry, Pa.

Polishing Furniture Professional furniture finishers generally are agreed that lemon-

oil polish is the most satisfactory for regular use. Another good polish that cannot barm the finest furniture is 1 pt. neutral oil and 2 heaping teaspoons whiting mixed. Add 1 gt. water and shake well. By adding a generous quantity of rottensions powder to this polish, it becomes an excellent abrance for improving oid, duster-acratched pianos.



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"I had a hot air furnace in our 7-room house before I got the Buildog and our house was always cold. With the Bulldog it only takes half as much coal and we had weather below zero, and the house was nice and warm in the morning when we got up. We never

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### Furnace Heats Seven Rooms Where Scove Heated One

"Your letter received asking about the Buildog furnace. We have had ours in about six weeks and so for it does all liabous B os claim for it. We have seven rooms, four on the first ito gard three on the second and it hears them fine. We find it takes a little more coal to heat the whole bruse than it did to heat one room with a stove using chestnut coal, "- J B Smith, IS Elm St. Somerville N J

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Buildog in 28 minutes? Don't out up with the old fashloned stove heat or some outworn furnace—when you can so easily get the greatest advance in account heating at an automatingly low price. The Bulldon burns almost any kind of fuel from hard coal to cheap acceptage. Keeps a wood fire over night. We have factory connections in both next and west and ship from the neserest point.

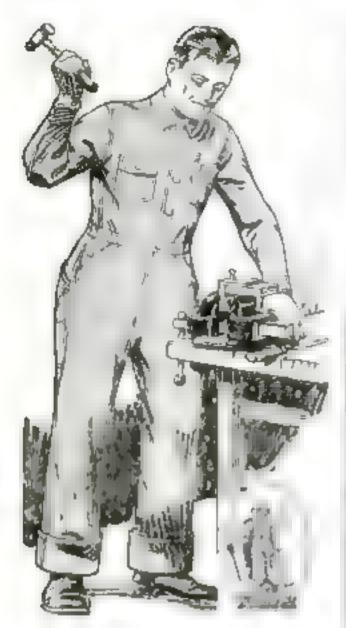
Learn how to have all the beat you want—where you want it—and eave money! Remember the Buildog is different - and better! Complete combustion of gases save 25% of your fuel bill. Exclusive Gable-Top Radiator receives off the direct rays of the fire. Exclusive oblong fire-pot is not only ideal for coal, but enables you to keep a wood fire over night. Remember—the Buildog is sent for free suspection — then small monthly payments at an amasingly low price! Send for Free Book TODAY!

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# Lee Union-Alls

Trenton, N. J. Minneapolis, Minn.





Lee Overalls and Work Shirts are other items in the famous Lee inc. They are quality built auto.

# Me Home Workshop

# Building a Tea Wagon Is a Fine Project for Leisure Hours

One of Many Things You Can Construct with the Aid of Home Workshop Blueprints

BEST results in building furniture, radio sets, workshop equipment, and the like for your home will come from following well worked out and fully detailed plans such as those contained in POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY'S series of blueprints.

If, for example, you wish to make a tea wagen such as the one disstrated, you can work without any definite plans, piecing

the parts together as you go along and tructing to luck that the essembly will be good looking when finished, or you can make a working drawing of your own, which is a time-consuming and rather difficult undertaking for the averare amateur woodworker, or you can obtain for 25 cents a blueprint with the complete drawings and a lab of materials showing the exact

size of each part. Merely to state these alternatives is sufficient to indirate which is the easiest and the one most certain to produce satisfactory results.

The truth is that the more experienced a mechanic is, the more certain is he to use a drawing to work from, whenever possible. Even if he wishes to change the size or shape or modify any of the details, he still wants to have a drawing that will

serve as the basis for the main construction. It gives him the necessary starting point for his work.

If you have not yet taken advantage of this service, why not try one or more of the blueprints? It may aid you in making a selection if you know that the most popular blueprints have proved to be the ten wagon No 13 the sewing table (No. 1), the amoking cabinet (No.

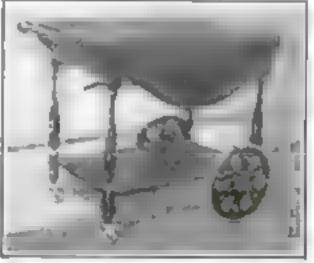
2), the kitchen cal set No 5, the workbench No. 15, and the coder chest (No. 17)

Unless you have a good bench and ample storage space for your tools, it will pay you to start by making the cabinet bench Not only does it provide a working top of generous size and the most rigid construction, but it contains acveral convenient drawers

and compartments for tools and

Among the other blueprints mentioned there is little to choose, except that the sewing table is the simplest and the smoking cabinet offers the most opportunity for elaboration in the way of inlaying, carving, or painting

In ordering any of these, please use the coupes below



A solid walnut tee wagon made for \$20 by H. Caldwell from Home Workshop Blueprint No. 13

# Complete List of Blueprints

ANY one of the blueprints listed helow can be obtained from Popular Science Monthly for 25 cents. The Editor will be glad to answer any specific questions relative to tools, material, or equipment.

Blueprint Service Dept Popular Science Monthly

250 Fourth Avenue, New York

GENTLEMEN:

Send me the blueprint, or blueprints, I have underlined below for which I inclose cents.

Will	den Fribelone		C	ents.
177560	Sewing Table Smoking Cubinet End Table Kitchen Cabinet Sharing Cabinet Actor Cabinet	Falls Feb Mat Apr May June July	72 22 22 21 22 22 22	25c 25c 25c 25c
10 11 12 13 14 13. 16 17	For h Swing Bench and Tilt Table Bor on Washer Tex Wagon Christmas Toys Workshop Bench Insaid Radio Cabinet Cedar Chest	Sept Oct Nov Dec Jan. Feb	22 22 22 23 23 23 23	25c 25c 25c 25c 25c 25c 25c 25c 25c 25c

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\$70 14 19 20 21 23 24 25 26 27 20 31 22 33 34 35 36 36 36 40 41 42 45	Phone Table and Stool Grandfutter a Clock Plat Top Deak Colonial Deak Colonial Deak Colonial Deak Colonial Deak Pergota Garage Gateling Table Cannes Sudang Outfit Baby a Crob and Pen K. chen Cabinet Table Put man Play Table Toy Tra Cart etc Tool Cabinet etc Sewing Cabinets Chinese Game Table Draing A rove Garden Trellines Simple Radio Cabinet R ab Bottom Chare Simple Radio Cabinet Shera on Table Sales Chart Orsk to Sheraton Style One Tube Radio Se Three Singe Amporter Pour Tube Receiver	Mar 20 Apr 21 Apr 21 Apr 21 Apr 21 Apr 22 Apr 23 May 21 June 23 June 24 May 24 May 24 May 24 May 24 Jane 25 June 25 Ju	25c 25c 25c 25c 25c 25c 25c 25c 25c 25c
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# Making Jelly for a Million Breakfast Tables

The HEREVER jellies and jams are made in huge copper kettles holding hundreds of pounds of bubbling, boiling fruit juices you will find Free Temperature Instruments being used to insure the uniform results essential to manufacturing food products on a large scale.

The day is past when manufacturers dare to trust to rule of thumb methods. to determine when the secthing mass in the copper kettles have reached the right temperature. Science, in the form of Freez Instruments for Indicating, Recording and Controlling Temperatures is used by the preservers to make it possible for them to put exactly the same quality jellies and jams on a million breakfast tables from the Atlantic to the Pacific; from the Gulf to our northern boundness

Home-made jellies and jams can be made clear and sparkling, of good color and firm enough to retain the shape of the mold if the housewife will take a teaf from the manufacturers note book of experience and use a Free Thermometer, especially designed for home jelly making.

#### MANUFACTURERS

Whether making steel or soup, paints or rubber goods, bread or perfumery, or any other products that go through heat treating processes in their manufacture, you need the Sixth Sense of Incustry Few Instruments for Indicating, Recording and Controlling Temperatures in your plant.

If your manufacturing problems require the indicating, recording or controlling of Temperature, there is a type and style of instrument in the 7000 Line of 8000 varieties. that will help you. Informative literature on any type of instrument will be sent you promptly on request, or our engineer will consult with you on the application of Some to your particular manufacturing problem.

## Taylor Instrument Companies

Main Office and Factory ROCHESTER, N. Y. U. S. A. Canadian Plant. Toror BUILDING, TORONTO



Two Office Thermometers An aid in promoting haman ethiciency

Houg Both Thermometers To enable you to get the most good from your bath

With Home Set Bake Oven Thermometer Candy Thermometer Sugar Meter The secret of accurate resolts in cooking.

Fices Wall Thermometers To help you maintain a remperature in your house conductive to good health.

Miller Quality Companies To show you the right way in untamiliar country.

Sone Pewer Thermometers A necessity in every borne.

Joan Starmogular Forecism the weather twenty four hours ahead with dependable accumey

Tyeor Hygramater To combre you to keep the humidity of the atmosphere in your home correct at all

Your dealer will show them to you. Ask us, an a postal, for booklets on any of the above-

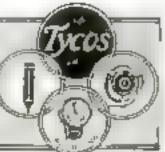


See Sphygmomanometer, Pocket and Office

Tow Urinalysis Gassware. For Fever Thermometers.

Bulletins on request.

SIXTH SENSE OF INDUSTRY



# SITONDS Thome Workshop Unique Boxing Doll Game from Saw Mill

-WHEREVER MEN DEPEND UPON CUTTING TOOLS MOST

to Bungalow

Simonda Circular Saws are the favorites in the big mills. Simonda Hand Saws are first choice among skilled corporators and other craftsmen. Both mile and craftumen choose Simonds Saws because they want perfect outting qualities in any saw they use. And they know that a Semenda Sew can only be produced by Simonds. They know, too, that a characteristic Simonda cutting edge in made possible only by using the specially processed steel, developed through nearly a century of experience. Ask your hardware or mill supply dealer for these saws or write us for eatalog

BIMONDS SAW & STEEL COMPANY Fitchburg, Mass.

"The Saw Makers" Established 1832 Branch Stores and Service Shops in Principal Cities



At left Diremby a pupier mache doll in rembe and insert ing one of the markets which are designed to register blows glass-headed pins, if cut

short, will serve as well. The lowest of the three photographs shows one of the targets shout to he inserted in a boxer's forebead. The gloves are made of putty and molded on the boxers' flata,

Practice and quickness of hand and eye are necessary to "down" the opposing boxing doll by punching home the three little buttons .- KENNETH B. MURRAY.

Those who have been following Edward &. de Lancey's serios of modelmaking articles will be sorry to know that illness has delayed temporarily the preparation of the concluding article.

# To Keep Rats from Brooder House

ROWN rate. which destroy a dishearteaing number of small chicks every season. make their nests under the wooden floors of brooder houses To keep the rate out, a satisfactory method is to remove the floor, being careful not to damage the boards, and remake it in sections similar to batten doors.

are operated by the two

contestants. Each tree to win a "knock-

out" by manipulating his boxer so that it

punches in each of the three buttons

store for 16 cents each, are dressed

in white tights and black trunks. Natis

with putty buttons molded on the beads

serve as the targets and indicators. Large

The dolla, as purchased from the variety

exhibited by the opposing doll pugilist

If the building to small, one door or section on each side will be sufficient, if large, make one for

each side and end, leaving that part occupied by the brooder stove solidly nailed to the floor timbers.

Nail one hoard securely at each side and



50LD F 002

A brooder house. showing raised section of floor and diagram of typecal terrangement of binged fooring end of the building and binge the variour sections to these border pieces. The sections then can be raised instantly and rate routed out and their nesta destroyed

Another advantage of baving the floor in sections is that when the house is not in use, they can be raised, thus keeping the ground dry and thereby preventing the decay of the foundation timbers and the floor. The cost need

not be more than the price of the hinges required, a little lumber, and a few nails. The work itself can be done in spare time, -J R. KOONTS, Bremen, Ind.



# The greatest improvement ever made in "B" Batteries

ABSOLUTELY new in construction-perfected through years of research, the new Eveready Layerbilt "B" Battery is as superior to the old type "B" Battery as a tube set is to a crystal.

Heretofore, all dry "B" Batteries have been made up of cylindrical cells -no one knew how to make them any other way. The new Eveready Layerbilt is made of flat layers of currentproducing elements compressed one against another, so that every cubic inch inside the battery case is completely filled with electricity-producing material. Layer-building heightens ethclearly by increasing the area of zinc plate and the quantity of active chemicals to which the plate is exposed,

After the most rigid laboratory tests, more than 30,000 of these new Eveready Layerbilt "B" Batteries were manufactured and tested by use under actual home-receiving conditions. These tests proved that this new battery is far superior to the famous Eveready Heavy-duty Battery No. 770, which up to now we have ranked as the longest lived "B" Battery obtainable On 4-tube sets, 16 mil drain, it lasts 15 % longer

On 5-tube sets, 20 mil drain, it lasts 30 % longer On 4-tube tets, 24 mil drain, it lasts 41 % longer On 1-tube sets, 30 mil drain, it lasts 52 % longer.

A STATE OF STATE

The new Laverbilt principle is such an enormous stride forward in radio battery economy that we will bring out new sizes and numbers in this Layerbilt form as fast as new machinery is installed. For the present, only the extra-large 45-volt size will be available.

Buy this new Eveready Layerbilt No. 486 for heavy drain service. It far exceeds the performance for which Eveready Radio Batteries always have been famous and is, we believe, by far the most economical source of "B" current obtainable

Manufactured and quaranteed by NATIONAL CARBON CO., INC. San Francisco Canalium National Carbon Co., Limited, Toronto, Optario

EVEREADY HOUR EVERY TUESDAY or B P. M. 7 Beginning Stell 2 | F.D. M. Austra Mighdard Time

Fire stell as in a security, tune in the "Everywhy"

S. J. B. orbits in the securities

WEAR SELL WEAR SELL WWI Install

WEAR SELL WEAR SELL WOO DESCRIPTION

WERE WEAR SELL WOO DESCRIPTION

WERE SELL WEAR SELL WOO DESCRIPTIONS

Radio Batteries

-they last longer

Self College Self and The College Self-self

sions, of course,

depend upon the

opening available.

In thu case the box

is 4 in. deep, 634

in, wide and long

enough to receive

the jack bandle, or

The box is constructed very alm-

ply of 28-gage galvanised from bent

up at the bottom

and end corners

and well riveted.

A 8/16-in. strip or

14 in



# Your Hammer

If you're particular about your tools

When you grip a Maydole you feel as if it was made specially for you.

No other hammer has its marvelous "hang". It's the result of eighty-two years of painstaking development.

And the Maydole has a strength and stamma that's worthy of its design. The head is of press-forged steel, tempered separately at each end for the particular work it is to perform. The handle of clear second-growth hickory, au-dried for years. It's made tight and it stays tight.

For real hammer service and estisfaction, make sure that "D. Maydole" is stamped on the head of every hammer you buy, whether it's a neal hammer, machinists' or any other type of hammer.

Your dealer will gladly show you the Maydole you need.

Write for free pooret handbook

THE DAVID MAYDOLE HAMMER CO. New York Norwich,



# Monitalian Smoll and

# Handy Toolbox for Your Car

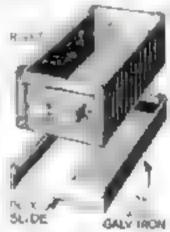
By H. T. Shrum

Instructor of Auto Machanics State Formal School, Ochhoch, Wis.

NY one who has toured the country much and has taken care of his car, doing the oiling and minor repairs himself, will appreciate the toolbox arrangement ellustrated, especially if it is possible to install a similar one in his own

For two years the writer had a amail sheet-metal box in which the most used tools were kept. So that it would be handy for changing a tire or to make some alight repair, it was kept on the floor board fust under the edge of the front sent.

When the spare tire was needed, all tools including the jack were available and it was not necessary for the occupant of the other front seat to move in order to get at the tool compartment under the



How the toolbox and shids are mede



the day under the front seal of an automobile

There were times, however, when the open tool box was in the way or the tools seemed unduly exposed to strangers when

the car was parked. For these reasons a box was made to slide under the front seat, after the block which closed up this space had been removed.

"hem" is folited over to strengthen and finish the top edge. A handle on each end is provided so that the box may be carried to the work after it has been withdrawn from the slide. The slide is built much like a box lid,

open at one and and with a bem turned on the edges to finish and strengthen them It is riveted at the corners and then screwed or tacked in place to guide the box under the seat and keep it in place. The tools may be kept from rattling by lining the box with carpet.

# The box dimen-

# Mailbox Supported by a Swinging Arm

MRAL mailboxes that can be swung to the side of the road have three advantages: They can be turned out of the way when the highway is being graded, they are not apt to be broken off by the passing of an extra large load of hay or grain, and in snowdrift time they can be swung to the most accessable point of approach.

The support illustrated is made of a place of 6-in, well casing 2 ft. long, with three circular notches in one end to serve as sents for the swinging arm. The casing is set in a concrete base with the bottom end open to allow for drainage. The arm is 11/4-in, well pipe, flattened where the box is bolted on and acrewed at the bottom into a discarded well cylinder, which is filled with concrete as a weight. A. C.





THE satisfaction you receive from your radio depends We Have Openings for a Few not on what it does once in a while—but night after More Ozarka Factory night and month after month. Whether you grin or cuss depends on the service behind your radio.

Ozarka radio instruments are only sold by trained factory representatives, men who not only specialize in radio but sell and service Ozarkas only. 3,100 of these men, trained directly under Ozarka engineers constitute a service force, unequalled elsewhere in radio today.

When you buy a radio you'll compare appearance, tone, volume and selectivity by having various instruments set up in your own home but—that isn't enough—compare the service behind each one.

Any Ozarka factory representative will set up an Ozarka in your home-he will not even operate it himself, but depend for his sale on what you yourself do. If you, by your own operating, do not bring in the distance, the volume and tone, you expect a radio to give, then do not buy the Ozarka. If you do buy it, you can rest assured, no matter what happens, a competent service man is at your call at all times. No Ozarka representative can seli Ozarka Instruments without giving Ozarka service. You are entitled to such service—demand itl

The Ozarka Representative knows every part, every wire of the Ozarka. In fact he completely assembles his own instruments. His training on installations, aerials, ground connections, operation and service comes directly under our own engineers who deeigned and perfected the Ozarka circuit.

That is why our book, "Ozarka Instruments No. 200," describing all models of Ozarka should be of particular interest to you. This book and the name of the Ozarka representative near you will be sent immediately at your request. Please give the name of your county. More Ozarka Factory Representatives

ZARKA Incorporated, is now entering its 4th. year. From a beginning with one engineer, one stenographer, one salesman — our present president, the Ozarka organization has grown to over 3100 people. There must be some good reason for this growth.

Ozarka instruments have made good—they have more than met competition. Ozarka representatives have made good not only because Ozarka. instruments were right, but because they have been willing to learn what Ozarka engineers were willing and capable to teach them-Ozarka unusual selesmanship and Ozarka service.

There are still openings for the right men in this organi-There are still openings for the right seen in the organi-sation: men who believe in the future of radio—men who are tired of working for some one else—men who want a business of their own. Prove yourself by sales and will-ingness to learn and exclusive territory will be given you. The man we want has lived in his community for some time. He has the respect of has fellow men because he has never—put anything over" just to make money. He may not have much money, but he is not broke and is, at least, whis to purchase one demonstrating instrument,

#### Check Coupon for FREE Selling Book



Radio offers a wonderful opportunity to men who are willing to start at the bettom and build. You need not know palesmanship, but will you learn what we will gladly know you? You may not know radio, but we can and will teach you if you will do your part. With such knowledge and will nearest to work, it doesn't seem promise that you cannot make good. Sign the coupon below, don't fail the give the name of your county. Better still we about your still write a letter tell us about your-celf and attach the coupon. If interested in our salesmen a plan sak for Courte Plan No 130 R.

120 Austin Avenue Chicago, Bissois

INCORPORATE
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120 Austin Avenue E. Chicago, Uliante

Gentlemen. Without obligation and book 'Operior Instruments No. 120 R and name or Caurles representative.

Addrson.

County ...

en contrar as a substance of the contrary Grationen I am greatly interested in the PREE book "The Ozarka Plan" whereby I can sell your radio metruments,

City .....

This and on a radio or tool advertisement significa the approval of the INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS. See page 19.



THE satisfaction you receive from your radio depends not on what it does once in a while-but night after night and month after month. Whether you gran or cuss depends on the service behind your radio.

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There are still openings for the right men in this organization—men who believe in the future of rado—men who are tired of walking for some one clee—men who want a business of their own. Prove you nell by sales and willingness to learn and exclusive territory will be given you. The man we want has lived in his community for some time. He has the respect of his fellow men because he has never "put anything over" just to make money. He may not have much money, but he is not broke and it, at least, able to purchase one demonstrating instrument.

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Radio offers a wonderful opportunity to men who are willing to start at the bottom and build. You need not know aslessosished, but will you learn what we will gladly teach you? You may not know yade, but we can and will teach you if you was do your part. With such knowledge and willingness to work it doesn't second willingness to work it doesn't second.



County .

possible that you cannot make good. Sign the coupon below, don't far to give the name of your county. Better et il write a letter, tell un about youreelf and attach the coupon. If interest-ed in our satesman's plan sek for Overlas Plan No. 120 R.

State.

30 Austin Avenus B Chicago, Illinois

Gentlemen: Without obligation send book "Quarks Instrumenta No. 120 R" and name or Operita representative.

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4 \*1 \*14 \* 4 \* 1\*\* Address. .. .... .. ........ City . .



120 Austin Avenus R Chicago, Illinois

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Ouarka Plan"	whereby I can sell	your radio	instruments,

Name.		F9 F (1991)
Address.	FF F33	City

This seal on a radio or tool advertisement signifies the approval of the INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS. See page 19,



TANK TRANS

Set your graph it a new xx notely one 2.2 the like six six of the was and to select pieces in each a mose great the upper surface of working to e-



# Preparing an End-Lap Joint

By Emanuel E. Ericson Voted Manual-Training Authority

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Sellege or himsedwal

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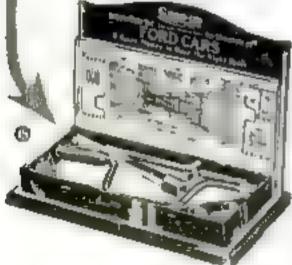
# A Selected Set

Snap.on

INTERCHANGEABLE SOCKET WRENCHES

# With Which You Can Repair

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What Car Do You Drive?

Snap-On Wrench Company, Mirs., Milwauker

Motor Tool Specialty Co., 14 E. Jackson Blvd., CHICAGO

Υ . . 1 1 s ar arpa con a mate e e ther so the the secon The a se on he had an tie vise i with a hore bund saw

4 Cat or the gaged been with a repsaw keeps of orther to off a break that is in he worke part of the swood

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Your Ford In Garage Style

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1- 6



VERHEATING junks more Fords than long service does. A boiling radiator is a danger signal. It means a power-sapped motor and thinned oil that leads to scored cylinders, burned-out bearings, and the scrap heap. Protect your sturdy little car with a Blackhawk Water Pump. It will keep your motor at the right heat for peak power and longest life.

Into Your Ford

The Blackhawk "Chief" outpumps all others because of its turbine-type impeller. Other features are its double bronze bearings with double grease lubricators, flanged drive pulley, and extra-husky construction.

A Blackhawk Pump is all-year protection. Ends boiling in summer, and prevents freezing in winter by briskly cit-culating the water and stopping evaporation of alcohol.

Your dealer can supply you with the "Chief" at \$7.50 (Western price \$8.00). Or write us direct.

BLACKHAWK MANUFACTURING COMPANY (Formerly American Grinder Mfg. Co.)

DEPARTMENT L

MILWAUKEE, WIS.



Turbing Head

This exclusive Blackhook turbine-type impeller deleter more mater at all speeds.



Here is the best pump at its prior on the smittet. Second only to the "Chief" in pumping power and has pump of its features Only \$5 00 (Western in \$3 50). Both pumps come complete with belaand both bracker.



Flanged Crankshaft Pulley

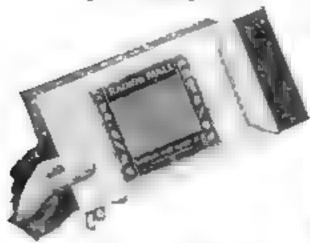
Keeps your Ford fan belt always on the job. In erestampes abte with old na ley. As steri abasturdy,

Only 75c

# BLACKHAWK

# This special insulation made to order for radio-

Now built into a line of low-lost parts



The first choice of thousands of successful set builders is Radion Panels -made of Radion, the insulating material built to order by our engineers for endio exclusively.

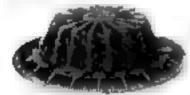
Now we announce new developments in radio parts made of this perfect insulation that practically reduces losses in reception to a minimum.

These parts have the wonderful Radson fixish, smooth and high polished. This finish eliminates those forces caused by moisture gathering on the surface of ordinary insulation, causing leakage paths. The high-resistant characteristics found only in Radion. Panels also mark these new parts.

You can now get Radion Sockets, Radion Dials, the new Radion Loud Bpesker Horn, Radion Tubing, Radion Binding Post Strine, Insulators, etc. And, of course. Radion Panels (made in black and Mahoganite) come cut in etandard sizes for whatever set you with to build Ask your dealer to show you Radion Panels and the new Radion parts.

#### Send for Bookiet "Building Your Own Set"

It gives wiring diagrams, front and year with the new Radion Built is Horn, ist of with the new Radion Bus? It Horn, let of parts and direct one for bentdeng popular or rules. Send roupon with O certa for your copy. Ansarcan Han. Remain Commany Dept F. 6. 11 Mercer St. New York City. Chicago Office. Conway. Building. Parific. Coopt. Agent. Goodyear Rubber Co., San Francisco.



Hew No. 10 4nch Rad on Cope Turang Dat built to conform to the

The Supreme Insulation

AMERICAN HARD RUBBER COMPANY Dept. F-6, 11 Mercer St. New York City-

Please and me your booklet. Holld og Your for which I enclose 10 cents in Michigan pro-

Neme

Address

# Morkshop Workshop

# How to Repair and Adjust an Auto Clutch of the Single-Plate Type

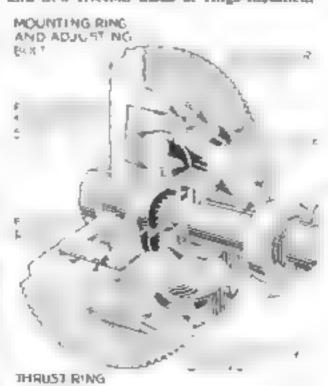
ANY cars have what is commonly referred to as the single-plate clutch. This single plate is fastened on the forward end of the chitch or transmission drive shaft, power being transmitted to it from the flywheel. It rides between two friction surfaces or clutch facings.

While similar in action and handling to the multiple-disk clutch, the care and adjustment of this clutch are not quite the same. The multiple-dark clutch in some instances is not adjustable and in other cases is adjustable by putting it under the arbor press and pressure the end driving plate down, after which a split collar is moved forward a notch. In

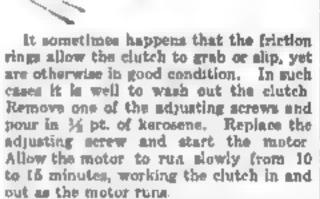
other cases the multiple duk clutch in adjusted by taking up on three or more bolts, which compress the clutch springs.

The single-plate clutch is adjusted by loosening two setscrews to be found on the clutch cover, which is boited to the flywheel. The two adjusting screws are easily recognized, since they are set in slate. When the screws have been loosened and the clutch has been disengaged by depressing the foot lever and the adjusting ring inside, the clutch is moved 16 in around to the right or clockwise by tapping either one of the seiscrews. After moving them this amount, they are locked in position

If the clutch previously has been adjusted until no further slot motion is possible, it will be found in most cases that new holes for the setscrews have appeared within the slots. A time finally comes, however, when it is no longer possible to adjust the clutch, and, unless the shipping is due to glased friction rings, the job will have to be dismantled and new friction dusks or rings installed,



Cutaway view of flywheel and single-plate clutch showing fraction range and adjusting bales



Drive the car on a steep grade or blocks so as to raise the front of it higher than the rear. Turn the flywheel until the adjusting acrew is on top, remove it and turn the hole down so that the oil may drain out. If possible, allow the car to rest in that position oversight.

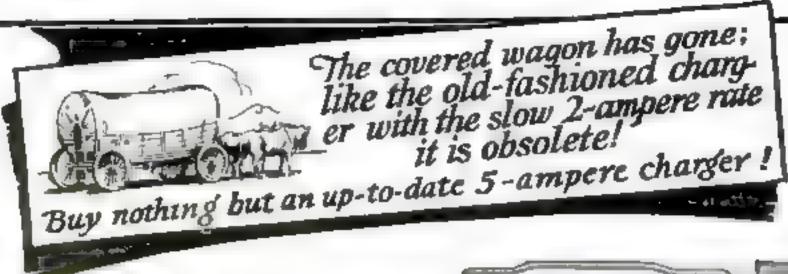
If it is found that the clutch still grabs. a small amount of lubricating oil may be equirted on the plate and friction disks. Use just enough to moisten the friction ducks. The latter method of treating a clutch may be used to relieve grabbing when it is not possible to wash it out thoroughly

If it is found necessary to reline the clutch, which in this case is merely installing the new clutch friction disksthey are not fastened as are the multipleduk clutch facings—the first step is pulling the transmission. The method of proceeding in this work was outlined in an article on relining clutch disks in the May issue of Popular Science Monthly

When the transmission is pulled the clutch is left in the flywheel. To facilitate the work a block about 134 in. high and 4 in lung is used to block out the throw-out yoke. After the cap screws holding the clutch assembly to the flywheel have been removed, the clutch assembly will come away easily. Before removing it, however, prick punch somidentification marks on the cover and flywheel to insure proper reassembly

in all clutch described and reassembly work the most difficult part is compressing the spring. Facilities at hand will determine the method to be used. The

(Continued on page 198



# The New Improved 5 AMP: A & B GOLD SEAL SIQUENT SIQUEN



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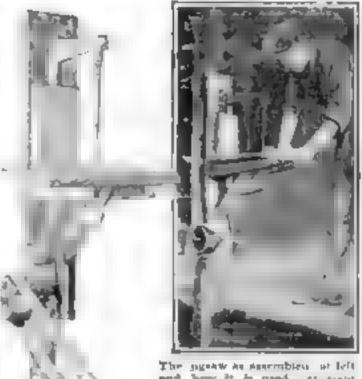
INDIANAPOLIS, U.S.A.

# A Simple Jigsaw Driven by Power

THILE making a wooden pattern recently I found a jignaw was indispensable, so I built the maw illustrated. Only after having but it to use did I realize how much time such a machine will save in a small shop.

The jig frame or saw carrier is built of straight-grained hard wood bolted together. It can move up and down between vertical guides in the main frame. The main frame, which is designed to be sttached to any convenient post, carries a table; this should be about 2 ft square, supported on brackets exactly at right angles to the back board and, if necessary, reinforced with braces underneath, as shown in the photographs.

A short piece of shafting with a trank at one end and a pulley at the other runs in two bearings fastened. at the lower end of the back board



and how it is used at right

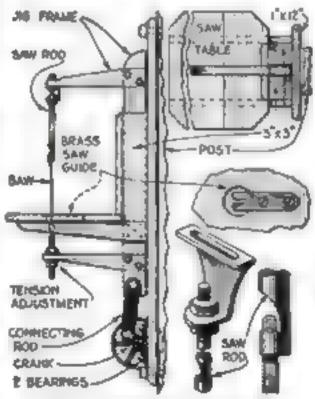
with the jig frame. A small strip of bram is embedded in the table top to net as a guide for the saw blade. It prevents the saw from bending and breaking if the work is pushed

A short connecting rod connects the crank

against the blade too violently. At the upper end of the jig frame is fastened a heavy piece of sheet metal cut and bent as shown in detail. The glot in this piece allows the saw blace to be adjusted so that it will be perpendicular with the table. To this metal bracket and to the lower arm of the ng frame are bolted threaded rods, each one being cut with a backsaw, as shown, to receive and hold the end of the any blade. An ordi-

The table top should be sandpapered and varnished or oxled so that the work will alide freely, and the remainder of the machine should be painted. The pulley may be helted to a small electric motor or to any convenient mource of power that will run the saw at a high speed. JONAS J BYBERG.

nary beavy coping-any blade is used

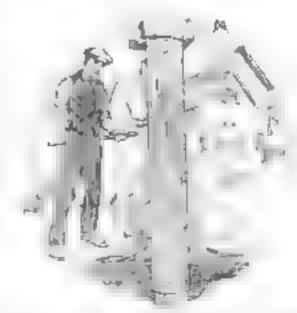


Hide view of machine, plan of saw table. and details of assy guide and factorings

## How to Steam or Boil Long Strips of Wood

HOW to steam or boil long stripe of wood to get them into condition for bending is sometimes a puzzling problem. One simple solution is illustrated.

From a junkman obtain an old steam oiler tube or even a galvanized-iron rainwater conductor pipe, which will answer well enough if the seams and joints are water-tight. Close one end with a round wooden plug. Stand this end in a shallow hole in the ground and pack the earth around it firmly enough to hold it upright. Put a little water in the pipe if the strips are to be steamed; fill it, if they are to be boiled. Insert the wood, place a flat stone on top of the tube, and build a fire around the base. There will be no danger of an explosion, as a small amount of pressure will raise the stone on top.-JAMES E. NOBLE, Toronto, Can.



Speaming agrice of wood that are to be bent

# Balkite Radio Power Units the ideal power supply for any radio set

PORTHT PARTIETY

The Balance Battery Charger.
The mair popular battery charges on the market. It can be used while the radio set is in operation of the battery should be low you goere y ten on the charger and operate the set. Charating cute 2. I amperes. Operates from 11d 120 Av. 60 cycle surrent. Special model for 50 cycle surrent.

Price \$19.50 Wast of Rockins, \$20 Slightly higher to Canada



The Balkite Trickle Charger

Charges both 4 and 6 woll wadto "A" betteries at about 5 amperes. Usable in 3 wayer (1) As a regular charger with a row capacity storage battery for section of 2. With storage battery sets of 12 with storage battery sets of 12 with storage battery tubes, so that if used during operation it need be used at an about time. (3 As a "trickle" of continuous charger for storage battery sets of as many as 6 tubes, lines 5 4 in. lung. 2% in. wide, 5 in. high. Operates from 110-120 AC 60 cycle current.

Low especity batteries especially adapted for use with this charges up being affered by practically all leading battery manufacturers this fail.

Reputable manufacturers are also offering this fall for use with this charger special switches which turn on the latter when you turn on torn off the charger when you turn on your set. This makes the current supply for both "A" and "B" circuits suttomatic in operation.

Proce \$10 West of Rockies, \$10.50 Shighely higher in Countr Balkite Radio Power Units are the ideal power supply for any radio set. They simplify and improve radio reception. They reduce the amount of attention you must give your set. With their use your current supply is always exactly what is required for each circuit.

For the "A" circuit there are the Balkite Chargers, Because of its obvious advantages the Balkite Battery Charger is the most popular charger on the market. Entirely noiseless—it is the only charger commonly used while the set is in operation.

For sets of smaller "A" current requirements—any dry cell set or sets of few storage battery tubes—there is the Balkite Trickle Charger. With a low capacity storage battery it enables owners of sets now using dry calls to make a most economical installation.

For the "B" circuit there is Balkite "B"—the outstanding development in radio. It eliminates "B" batteries entirely and supplies plats current from the light socket. It fits any set of 5 tubes or less. For sets of six tubes or more there is Balkite "B" I I, the same popular model offered last year.

### Noiseless—No bulbs—Permanent

All Bulkite Radio Power Units are based on the same principle. All are entirely noiseless in operation. They have no moving parts, no bulbs, and nothing to adjust, break or get out of order. They cannot deteriorate through use or dissist—each is a permanent piece of equipment with nothing to replace. They require no other attention than the infrequent addition of water. They do not interfere with your set or your neighbor's. Their current consumption is remarkably low. They require no changes or additions to your set. They constitute the most advanced power equipment on the market, one that is economical, unfailing in operation, and eliminates the possibility of run-down betteries.

Manufactured by FANSTEEL PRODUCTS COMPANY, Inc.
North Chicago, Illinois







Balkete "B"

Eliminates "B" batteries. Supplies plate; urrent from the light socket, Operates with either storage battery or dry call tubes. Keeps "B" circult seways operating at manimum efficiency, for with its use the plate carrent supply to never tow. Requires no changes or additions to your set. No bulbs—nothing to replace. Requires no attention other than adding water about once a year.

A new model, designed in serve any set of Stubes or Jens. Birs 6's as, Jone. 6 in. high, 1's as, wide. Occur pies about turns space as 45 volt dry 15 hauers. Operates from 110-120 AC 60 cycle current.

Price #35 Highely higher in Counds



Ballate "B" II

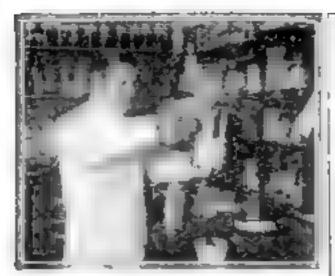
The most outstanding developtment in Radio instruction. Same as the new Sulkite 'B' but will fit any get including those of 10 tuber or more. Current expectly 40 milliamperies at 90 volts. Size 9 in, high, 6 h in, wide, 7 h in, deep. Operates from 110-120 AC 60 cycle current. Special model for 50 cycles.

Price \$55 Eightly higher in Counds

The Unipower, manufactural by the Gould Storage Battery Company, as equipted with a special Balkits Radio Power Unit.

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# Home Workshop

# Easy Way to Build a Cornice

IVING- and dining-rooms often are enhanced greatly by the addition of cove cornices. As ordinarily built, with the molding put up in single lengths, a high degree of skill is required to obtain . good results, but by modifying the design to permit of splicing, the job may be simplified.

Figures given here are for the use of 8in cove molding made from rough stock i , by 8 in., but the principles of construction are the same for narrower

molding

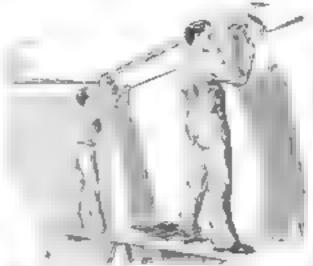
Measure out from the wall plates 11 in and strike lines by chalking a string, stretching it tightly between the given points and twenging it against the ceiling Strike other lines 214 in, from these running parallel to the criling joists, or about 814 in. from the wall plates, and carefully remove the plaster between the lines and the walls by cutting and chipping out with a cold chinel. With a

compass saw cut off the laths to the line.

Now cut a pine "two by four" 6 in longer than the width of the room and slip it up through the opening thus made. Nan the ends to the plates with the crown edge up and then mail to it all the loose lath ends. If the backing joint in

the corner can be removed, it will serve in place of a new place. The purpose of this joist in to offer support for the upper member and cove of the cornice

Plane straight one edge of four pieces of 1 by \$ in. 848 (surfaced four sides; that is, finished all over) stock of the wood chosen for the cornice and, of course, corresponding with the rest of the trim of the room. On the face side gage a line I in, from the jointed edges. Mater these pieces around the ceiling, keeping the



straight edges on the chalk lines. Use eightpenny finishing nails, and keep as many as possible behind the gaged mark, where the overlapping cove will cover. Scrape out any harmon marks that appear outside of the line

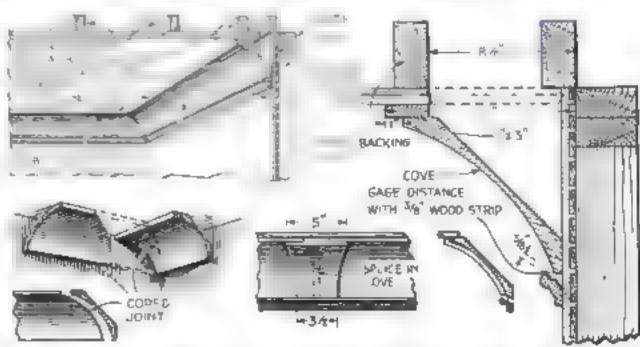
By means of two sticks measure the

length of the room 6 in, below the ceiling and cut pieces of cove molding 1/4 in. shorter than the exact measurement. The upper edges may be out back upper edge to the 1



the ceiling and the lower edges to thu studdang. This allows of pulling the nails for roadjustment before the cove is nailed up solidly afterward. To find the stude, tap the wails lightly and locate one stud positively by driving nails through the plaster, where they will hide behind the corbles. Then measure points 16 in. apart.

Next build a miter box shout 8 in. wide and 8 in, deep, by nailing sides of I-in, stock on a bottom of 2-in material, (Continued on page 107),



How the corner is applied: a cross section showing the backing joist, the ceiling strip, the cover molding and the perture molding, and details of a copied corner joint and a central splice



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P. 5 9-25

# Drives Machines Out of the Rut

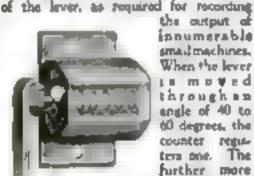
THE common run of machines make commonplace records. But see those records on Veeder Counters, and you see the place for improvement!

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You get new "leads" to improved design, from the indications of productiongains on

# COUNTERS

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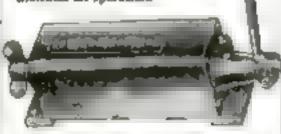
the output of innumerable smad machines. When the lever to moved through an angle of 40 to 60 degrees, the tounter requi further more

the lever is moved, the higher the number requirered. A complete revolution of the lever registers ten. This counter can be adapted to no and of counting purposes, by regu-

\$2.00. (Cut marky full stee.) Small Resolution Counter, also \$2.00.

The Set-Back Rotary Ratchet

Counter below is for machines such as presses and meta-stateping asschines where a reciprocating movement indicates an operation.



Regaters one for each throw of the lever and sets back to 2010 from any legate by turning knots once round. Supplied with from four to ten figure-wheels, as recurred. Price with four figures, as illustrated. \$1 .50 subject to discount. (Cut less than by site.) Set-back Revolution Counter of similar model, \$10.00 (list).

Write us about that counting problem of yours or see how it's solved in the 80-page Vender booklet; copy free.

The Veeder Mfg.Co. 44 Sargeant St., Hartford, Cons.

# Me Monkshiop

# New Polychrome Finishes

How to Decorate with Colored Bronze Powders Applied by Means of a Cheap Garden Spray By William T. Weld

Y THE application of polychrome finishes that require perhaps less skill than any other method of dnishing, you can beautify and repuvenate many small pieces of furniture, picture frames, metal objects, lighting fixtures and other articles. Such a finish will cover up cracks, chipped or tarnished surfaces, and all sorts of blemishes.

The lower of the two accompanying illustrations shows a picture frame, two smali electric lampa, a clock, a call bell, a piece from a dresser set, a tray and a vase that have been refinished in polychrome and are now quite attractive.

Polychrome means tinted with many colors; it is the finish now given to numerous floor and bridge lamps, mirror

(ra.nes and novel-The finish can be sprayed on with a garden or plant spray of the type having a glass container, usually to be purchased at seed stores for about 30 cents Several sprays make for a little faster work, but only one need be bought provid-

ing that several extra containers are obtained. These cost about 10 cents

The bronze powders may be had in a large number of different colors, but gold. plyer, blue, green, red, and statuary bronze will be found to produce about all the variety necessary. These powers are put up in 1-on packages and cost about 25 cents un ounce. Most paint shope carry them in stock.

Several small brushes will be needed. The bronning liquid (of the varnish, not "banana oll" type) costs shout 50 cents for half a pint. A complete outfit should cost no more than a couple of dollars and with it you can do considerable work.

Perhaps there is a picture you wished to frame, but have not done so because of the cost. Almost every home has old framed pictures stored away in the attic or basement. These are often in pretty good shape and need only a little repair work to make them quite presentable.

First remove the o'd picture and the glass from the frame and wash the frame thoroughly with strong soap and water. Lee an old toothbrush to clean around the corners and the rassed places, if there are any. Buy 10 cents' worth of dental plaster of Paris at any drug-store. Mix about a teaspoonful with a little water until a stiff paste is formed After wetting the surface upon which this is to be applied, take a small knife and build

up each chipped place until it matches the rest of the surface. If the planter becomes hard or sets before you have finished, you may cut or scrape it until the desired shape is obtained.

After all defects have been remedied in this manner, go over the patched places with steel wool or fine sandpaper. Now dust off the entire surface and wips clean with a cloth moistened with turpentine or benzins. Give each patch a cost or two of the branzing liquid or shelled or varnish. You now are ready to apply the colored bronzes,

If you want only one color, simply mix enough of the powder with the liquid to make it about like thin paint. The proportion of 1/4 oz. (a level tempoonful) of

powder to 8 tablespoonfule of liquid w i, be found quite natialectory After stirring this theroughly it may be brushed on the



foreying the base of an electric lamp and a group of objects finished in polychrome

To produce the mottled polychrome effect, however, the spray should be used. Mix your color in the same proportions and place the frame on an old paper or stand it on edge and hang a paper behind it.

Your own taste will have to guide you in planning your color scheme. If you wish certain raised portions to be of one color and the sunken partiess of another, simply spray the entire surface with the color you desire the raised portion to ba. Let this dry for about 30 minutes and then apply the second color. While this is still wet, take a pad made from several layers of cheesecloth and wipe off the entire surface. This will remove the fresh color from the raised surface and at the same time expose your first color-

For a mottled effect spray on one color (Continued on page 106)

# The late of the la

#### Unique "Butterfly" Travels up and down Kite String

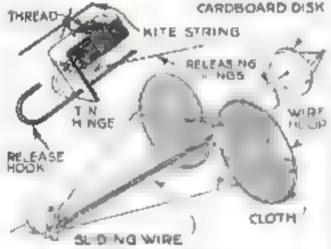
KITE-FLIERS will find ammement in constructing this novel "butterfly" It is carried up a kite string by the wind to a point near the Kite where a cardboard flisk is located. Upon striking the distal the wings of the butterfly collapse and it slides to the ground.

The body, of light wood shout P aquare and his long, is mortised to a block in thick and I in square. frame for each wing which is about 9 in in diameter is flatened to the block by means of piece of light tin secured by eigar-box male, so that it will fold back

and minted with thick starch.

At the end of the body a bent piece of tin with two holes in it is fastened by wrapping

early The wings are covered with cloth



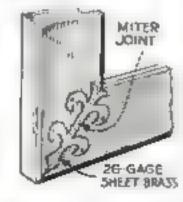
When the butterfly strikes the cardboard disk the wings colleges and it sodes back to earth

with thread and amouring with glue. A hole is drilled in the wooden wing block to correspond to the lower bole in this tin clip A piece of stiff wire runs through these holes, one end terminating in a book as shown. The other end projects about 10 in, beyond the block and ends in a rightangle bend. This is the end that goes toward the kite.

The kite string passes through a small acroweys fastened at each and of the body A string tied to the outside of each wing ends in a loop. When the butterfly is set for a flight upward, this loop is exught by the hook on the straight wire. The unward flight of the butterfly is stopped by a heavy cardboard disk, 3 in. in dismeter, which is fastened on the kite string near the kite and braced withstiff wires. - EDWING. GETTINS

#### Metal Corner Pieces Conceal Cracks in Picture Frames

ARGE picture La frames often become unsightly because the mitered joints crack open. If the frame is not molded too elaborately, the ininta can be concealed with ornsmental corner nieces cut from



No. 26 gage sheet brass or copper. These are fastened in place by means of small escutcheon pins. The metal may be colored or left bright, as desired - W J. E.



# Here's an Ad

# that wins men by its fairness Don't buy yet-wait till the 10-day tube we send you proves its case

GENTLEMEN.

Palmolive Shaving Cream is today the leader in its field. Yet we urse men not to buy it before they try it. Our whole case rests on a 10-day tube that we send, free, for a test, On that basis we have won the world to this new creation. Men by the millions are flocking to it. Its success is a business sensution.

#### Give us ONE chance

We realize you are probably wedded to another shaving cream,

But, as expert soop-makers (we make Palmolive Soap, you know, the world a leading toilet scap), we know a fair comparison 80 times in 100 will win you.

Paknolive Shaving Cream in a unique creation. There is no other like it It embodies the four great essentials 1000-enex expressed as their supreme desires in a shaving cream plus a fifth, strong bubbles, the most important of all

60 years of soop and skin study stand behind it.

130 formulas were tested and discarded before the right one came.

10 days of its delights, we believe, will win you to our side-

Now as a courtesy to us, will you mail the coupon and accept those 10 shaves free?

#### 5 New Joys

These you'll find these new shaving joys, these comforts unknown before

- 1 Multiplies itself in lather 250 times.
- 2 Softens the beard in one minute.
- 3 Maintains its creamy fullness for 10 minutes on the face.
- 4 Strong bubbles hold the hairs erect for cutting.
- 5 Pulm and olive oils bring one fine after-effects.

To add the final touch to shaving largery we have created Palmotive After Shaving Tule—cape vally for men. Doesn't above Leaves the skin amount and fresh, and gives that well-groomed look. Try the sample we are sending free with the tube of Shaving Cream.

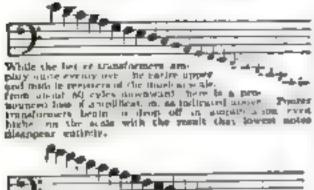


#### 10 SHAVES FREE and a can of Palmolive After Shaving Talc

Simply insert your name and address and mail to Dept. B-1458, The Palmolive Company (Del. Corp.), 3702 iron Street, Chicago, 18L

Residents of Wiscomia should address The Palmoline Company (Wis. Corp.), Milwankee, Wis.

# What becomes of the bassnotes in your set?





#### Four Great Improvements

Full amplification of those boss notes hitherto largely "lost"! Greater clarity on all signals! Improved reception of distant programs! Better volume control!

These are the four advantages achieved by this latest Thordarson Autoformer. development — the Thordarson has succeeded in utilizing, for the benefit of your radio set, the same principle used in the line amplifiers adopted by the more recent high-powered broadcasting stations. The excellent quality of these stations (due to perfect amplification) offera conclusive proof of Autoformer effectiveness.

Unconditionally Guaranteed

# Prade-Mark Registers

## All Frequency Amplifier

Autoformer amplification in for those who arek the finest reproduction of programs to be ha It may lo used with any set in place of the rigular audio transformer hack u. Full

directions, with diagrams, for bolding a Thordarson Autoformer Amphiler are supplied with each instrument. Or

Write for the Autoformer Hook-up Bulletto-Just Out! THORDARSON ELECTRIC MANUFACTURING CO Chicago USA

# DIME

#### Neat Desk or Table Stand for Large Dictionary





CROSS-WORD puzzles caused the unabridged dictionary to become better appreciated as a reference book for home use. Its main drawback is its cumbersome size, but that can be minimised by constructing the table stand lliustrated. The dictionary then may be consulted without leaving the deak or table .-- J. P.

#### New Polychrome Finishes

(Continued from page 194)

and then another until the desired result is obtained. Gold or silver first, then blue, green, and red is a good order.

In using the aprays and bronzing liquid in this manner you do not need to wait until each separate color in dry. The only precaution to take is to avoid too much liquid at one time, otherwise the gurface will become streaked.

You will be delighted with the way the apray of one color blends with another. The best part of applying this kind of finish is that you can't spoil it. Should you get on too much of any one color, simply tone it down by apraying on a little gold or silver.

If you have several small articles of one kind to finish, place them close together while spraying.

If you plan to do considerable work, it will be found economical to buy some shellac or ordinary varnish in place of the bronzing liquid. The varnuh should be thinned with turpentine and the shellac, if necessary, with sleebol.

If you desire a rough surface similar to that on much of the commercial polychrome work, a very simple method is as follows: With a brush apply a very heavy coat of what is known as paste wood filler. Do this to the surfaces you want left rough and let it dry for about 30 minutes. Tap this lightly with a stiff brush until it is quite rough. Let it dry for several days, then sandpaper it very lightly to remove the sharp tips. Let this harden for a week, apply a cost of shellar or varnish, then spray so desired.

Household articles on which this colored brouse finish is appropriate are

electric fixtures, gas fixtures, shelf brackwall registers, door-bells, open plumbing, radiators, spice cans, bread and cake boxes, candle-sticks, mirror frames, metal waste baskets, and book racks.

#### Mats of Corn Husks

(Continued from page 94)

braids back and forth instead of around-Be sure all the buck ends are on the same ade, which is to be the top. They should not be cut off except sufficiently to reduce them all to the same length. The resulting mut will last almost a lifetime. If dried out whenever it gets wet.

While these look well in their natural color, they are more attractive if colored. This can be done either before or after making. Pretty effects may be obtained by using several colors alternately when braiding the strands. To color husks, let them stand in ordinary clothes dye for alx bours or more.

The husks can be made almost pure white by washing them in good strong soap and water in a washing machine. If this is done before dyeing, the colors will be brighter. Be sure, however, to wash out all the soap, if you intend using dyes.

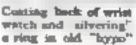
Rugs, mate, and table mats can be made by the same method, except that the busks should be used singly or split into small shreds. All the ends in this case should be cut off when dry.

A newing basket may be made by winding tightly made braids, with all the ends cut off, around a form of round or square sticks. Sew the braid together as the work progresses. The turns go alternately inside and outside the sticks, as shown. The lid is stiffened with heavy wire reinforcement and has a tamel or ring in the center to serve as a handle. These baskets look best if varnished. -RALPH ALLWINE, Shelby, Ohio.

#### Improving Cheap Jewelry

ALTROUGH heavily gold- or allverplated in front, some grades of jewelry soon wear down to the brass base on the back. Wrist watches, rings, and other pieces of this kind are upt to leave a black deposit on the skin. The tarnish





by coating the

may be pre-

vented, however,

back with transparent shellae or varnish. Cheap brans jewelry can be improved in appearance and wearing qualities by suspending it overnight in old, much used "hypo" solution, obtained from your local photographer. The jewelry becomes coated with the silver dissolved in the hypofrom photo films and papers.—K. B. M.

#### The Residence Thomas Republic

#### Easy Way to Build a Cornice (Continued from page 102)

and sawing through both sides at angles of 46 degrees. Cut four pieces of cove malding 6 in longer than half the remaining sides of the room, and miter back one end of each to get the profile of the curve

as a guide for cutting

Cut the curve with a coping-saw held in a plane parallel with the top of the molding; or a narrow, fine-toothed cross-cut saw may be used. With a sharp chisel trim the cut toward the back to make certain that only the surface edges will bear against the mating mold that already is up.

HOLD one piece in position against the ceiling, tacking if necessary to remove kinks, to test the fit with the other cove. If the joint is poor, ecribe with a pair of dividers and cut again, or trim the high points with a block plane. When a first-class fit is attained, tack in position and mark the other and at the center of the wall

Fit a length to the opposite molding in the same way and nail up solidly. Finish the remaining wall in the same way

Cut two blocks of 2 by 6 in. stock 8 in. lang. Taper these from a width of 6 in on one end to 8 \(^4\) in. on the other, curving the edge inward for the sake of neatness. Cut a cardboard pattern to fit the curve of the cove, and use it to lay off the edges by which the back of the block may be chiscled. After careful fitting, curve the front face or, if desired, curve a leaf on each for further ornamentation, and nail up with sixpenny finishing nails. Fit similar blocks in the centers of the side coves.

Put up the picture molding in four pieces, since the joints are easier made and the lengths may be sprung into place, exerting great pressure at the joints, sufficient to close them in spite of small irregularities. As a gage, hold a \$\frac{1}{2}\sigma^2

If THE builder feels disposed to put up full-length coves, he should leave the ends of the first pieces a trifle loose, so that pressure from the next piece will spring it to shape against its joint curve. It is also well with such large moldings to put up each piece in succession, so that only one joint is cut on the und of all but the last piece, allowing of a little "give and take" for fitting. Or, the pieces may be put up full length without special care being taken with the corner joints, these being covered with ernamental blocks.

If lead wires in loom are tapped from the electric wires and run behind the cove, suitable light fixtures can be put in the corners, hiding the joints and aiding the illumination of the room. In the latter case, however, city ordinances probably will regular official inspection.—E. M. L.

"HOW to Cover Cracked Plaster with Wallboard," by Edwin M. Love, is one of many helpful articles for home owners scheduled for the October Home Workshop.

# Attachments that give your motor more uses

WHY not equip your motor for drilling, grinding, polishing, and buffing? The Goodell-Pratt small motor attachments make it easy. Just fit any of them on the shaft and the motor is ready to go to work.



No. 757 Drill Chuck: Pits motors with In-inch shaft. Similar to No. 761, but smaller. Holds round shank drills from 0 to 5 32 inch. Length 3)6 inches. Price, \$2.00.

Fits motors with Minch shaft. Enables you to drill in iron or steel. Three hardened steel paws hold round shank drills from 0 to 14 inch in diameter. Length over all, 4% inches.



Carles Contract of the contrac

No. 762

Saw Arbor and Buffing Spindle: Has a shank that can be fitted on a 53 mch shaft. Arbor takes grinding, polishing, and buffing wheels, wire brushes, etc., with 15 mch bole. Flanges open 1 inch. The tapered spindle on the end of the arbor has a deep, clean thread for handling the great variety of wood-centered wheels. Length, 514 inches. Price, \$3.00,

Saw Arbor No. 758: Sunilar to No. 762 above, but smaller and without the tapered spindle. The shank fits #4-inch shaft and the arbor will take saws or wheels with @ 34-inch hole. Opening between florges, 12 inch. Length over all, 354 inches. Price, \$1.50.

Buffing Spindless Have a clean, deep, tapered thread for holding wood-centered wheels. They are made with both right and left hand threads. The shank is made to fit a 14-inch shaft. Length,

No. 759. Spindle with R. H. threads, Price, \$1.00.

No. 760. Spindle with L. H. threads, Price, \$1.00.

Write for Catalog No. 15

See all the other of the famous 1500 Good Tools that Goodell-Pratt make. All are shown in the big general catalog. Write for a copy—It's free.

GOODELL-PRATT COMPANY, GREENFIELD, MASS, U. & A.

314 inches.

Makers of Mr. Panch

# GOODELL-PRATT

#### Can one tobacco satisfy a man with 45 pipes?

You might imagine that the law of averages would require a man with 45 pipes to amore a variety of tobaccos.

Evidently, it doesn't work that way, for here is a pipe commonwear who after vainly trying every tobecco his tobeccount could mention, finally got around to Edgeworth, The result u, his humidor is now "Edge-worth-sed."

Mr. Songenblick makes application for a life membership in the Edgeworth Club. All la favor say "Aye." But first read his letter:

Lacus & Sec. Co. Richmond, Va. Gentlement

When a man hap 45 pipes he certainly is up against it for an al-round voluces. But first about my pipes. There are I Dunk lie. 8 Comoys, 4 Hill s. 6 Knywoodles, 2 Petersons 2 Call s and the usua macrachaum calabash corneab, ris. Some were sweet from the start others remained obdersts and butter despite the fact that I went every American brand and every English brand I could get or my lobaccould could measing. Paner prices! Hang the price. I wanted pipe exclaination. The beaute I tried failed; the mistures I made failed because the tobacco verkel.

I saw the ads written by Edgeworth smukers out they tounded to good to be true and to be but to see how less had it might be. We it a praise enough when you kn within my office humanor has been E gewenthand. Now my good potent tasts better and my less always to the property of the had pipes taste wood.

It you we got a life membership question med we, It's no King Ber of the Faccine and I hank m a quadied Respectfully yours.

Ira J. Sonneablick, et us send you free

samples of Edgeworth so that you may put if to the pape test. If you like the mmpies. you'll like l Igeworth wherever and whenever you buy it, for it never changes in qual-

EDGEWORTH Write your nameandad dress to Lacus & Brather Commany, 10-I South 21st Street, Richmond, Va.

PLUG SLIE

Edgeworth is sold in various sizes to suit the needs and means of all purchasers. Buth Edgeworth Plug Slice and Edgeworth Ready-Rubbed are pucked in small pocket size packages, in handsome humidors hold-

ing a pound, and also in several bandy inbetween succe,

We'll be grateful for the name and address of your tobacco dealer, too, if you care to add them.

To Retail Tobacco Merchants: If your sobber cannot supply you with Edgeworth, Larus & Brother Company will gladly send you prepaid by parcel post a one- or twodozen carron of any size of Edgeworth Plug Slice or Edgeworth Ready-Rubbed for the same price you would pay the jobber.

#### Home Workshop

Canvas Strip Used as Campers' Shoot-the-Chute



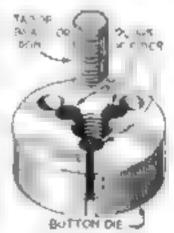
THIS is perhaps the cheepest, lightest, and most easily transported shoot-thechute that the camper can make—simply a length of heavy canvas about 2 ft. wide provided with a grommet in each corner One end is attached to a tree limb and the other end to two posts, or anchored to the bottom by means of heavy rocks.

#### Adapting a Die to Thread Hard Rubber and Fiber

IN RADIO and other work it is difficult to cut clean threads with an ordinary die on rods of hard rubber, fiber, and similar materials. The crumbling of the threads can be overcome by modifying the die as shown in the illustration.

First run a thread on a rod of brass or soft from and then file three flats on it to make It nearly triangular in cross section, This is to serve temporarily as a

Plug the clearance holes in the die with the same material that is to be threaded and case the improvised



Die Ectof with pluga

tap to clear out the die. This gives the due the appearance of a plain threaded hole, except for the difference in color between the filling material and the steel The clearance-hole plugs serve to support the threads as they are cut.-W. J. E

#### Drill Press Cheaply Built

(Continued from page 82)

should be machined down to fit into the ball bearing selected for this point. In order to machine this year, it must be annealed. This may be done by heating to a cherry red and holding it at that temperature for a time, after which it is allowed to cool very alowly. It is likely that the gear will need to be bushed and a new key provided.

The gear W carries a fixed key that

allows the keyway in A to slide freely over it. The ball bearing that carries W is larger than the others and requires a larger piece of tubing to mount it. G is the same dismeter as G. It has feet welded to it to support it on D The shaft A is made from a propeller shaft and the shaft B from an axle shaft.

The ball bearings that support the shaft B are mounted in steel blocks QQ. These are turned in the lathe to fit into the pipes PP, which are split and pro-

vided with bolts for elamping

The author purposely has refrained from going into minuto detail with reference to part sizes. A great deal of satisfaction comes to the builder of a piece of equipment of this nature in knowing that he has incorporated some of his own ideas. It is a good plan to gather together every possible part that might work into a projected machine and see how they will lend themselves to the plan. The most intricate parts should receive first consideration. Each part used will be found to have a definite influence on other parts and on the design of the entire machine.

The chuck provided for this machine le of the conventional design. It is driven by a 16-horsepower motor having a speed of 1800 revolutions a minute and carrying a 3-in. pulley. This gives a serviceable

range of speeds.

#### How to Repair a Clutch

(Continued from page 148)

garage or arbor press is the usual method, but the ingenious owner-driver can improvise a jack, vise, or pry arrangement that will do the work

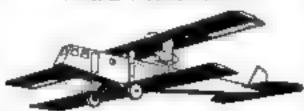
Where equipment is limited for handling this particular job, some mechanica use a couple of long stude threaded to fit the flywheel rim and thus by assembling the clutch in the flywheel they are able to draw the cover plate down and at the same time compress the spring.—R.F K.

#### Light Wire Holder Clamps Ink Bottle on Drafting Table



ALTHOUGH various ink-bottle holders are at the disposal of a draftaman, I have found the device illustrated to be especially satisfactory. It is made of a single piece of spring brank wire bent as shown. The loop passes over the neck of the bottle and rests enugly against the shoulder .- A. C. SELETSKY.

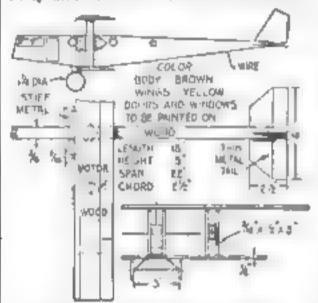
Toy Aerial Express Cruiser Made with a Pocket-Knife



BUILT for carrying many passengers, an aerial express crusser is a giant sirplane. This toy model of one is, therefore, larger than the three airplane models proviously described in this series, but it is on the same scale and in correct

proportion to them.

The body is whittled from a piece of clear white pine or other soft wood % by 2 by 17 in. The upper wing is 1/2 by 23/2 by 22 in.; the lower, 1/4 by 21/4 by 16 in. Each of the two motors is whittled from a wooden block 14 by 2 by 2 in. and is supported by two strips \$/16 by 34 by \$ in, as shown. The distance between the body and the motor on each side is 3 in.



Side, top, and front views of the fourth in a series of resiletic toy simplement

It will be noted that the two small strips that support each motor also brace the upper wing, and two similar strips are used to attach the center of the upper wing to the body.

The landing-gear, tail members, and propeller, as in preceding models, are made of thin sheet metal. The wheels are 8/16 by 1 1/4 in. wooden disks.

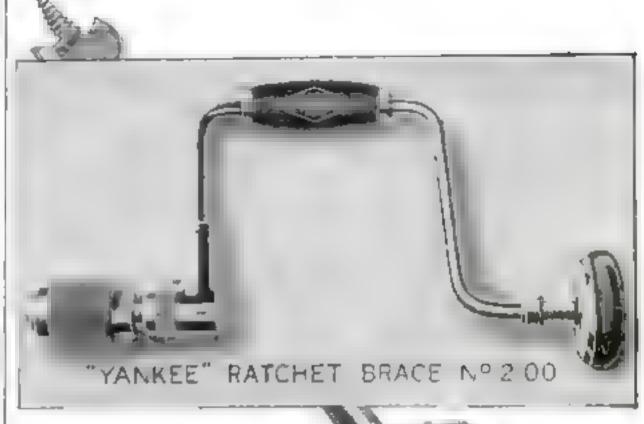
The next toy in this series will be a transatlantic air-duer .- D. W. C.

#### Adjustable Float for Fishing

BY BEING free to this adjustable float allows the fisherman to reel in his line compietely when through fishing. It is merely a large cork with a GLASS 14-in, hele through the centur, bushed at each end with a large glass bead. The fishline runs through the When you



are ready to cast, simply push a small wire paper clip over the line at about the point at which you wish the float to remain.-L. B R.



#### Any bit stays tight in this chuck

Here, at last is an efficient bus-brace chuck. Slip into it any shape but (round, aquare, any taper), and the bit is held in a vise-like grip.

Saves time by centering bits accurately, and locking and releasing them instantly. Bal bear ings give chuck the easy action in your hand.

With it you can do every kind of boring pitwithin the scope of a hit-brace

#### "YANKEE" Ratchet Bit-Brace No. 2100

A touch on the cosy-acting Ratchet Shifter gives you a powerful ratchet that works without needing a hand to prevent chuck from turning Ratchet in bronze-encased against dust and moisture

"Yankee" introduces for the first time hard rubber Brace handles. Won't warp, shrink, had or crack. A patiented method preventa excentive play in oweco handle.

Finished beautifully in keeping with its perfect meetianism. See it today in the "Lankee" Counter. Demonstrator, at your dealer's.

Made in four mass-8-, 10-, 12 , and 14 meh. Chuck holds rounds up to 34-inch; 14-toch Brace holds up to 55-meh square.

#### Dealers everywhere sell "Yankee" Tools

"Yenhee" on the tool you buy means the utmost in quality, efficiency and durability

Write for FREE "Yankee" Tool Book

NORTH BROS. MrG. CO., Philadelphia, U.S.A.

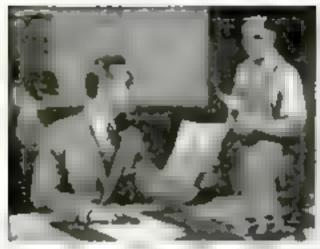


Try Thin Test

Put Auger Bit Into chuck if "Yans ee" Brace Bore deep cuts tough wood. Then pud apward with all Steur strength. Bit chack,

### YANKEE TOOLS

Make Better mechanics



#### Promoted Over goot ntancy Brings 200% Rose

"When I entolled for LaSalle training in Higher Accountancy," writes J. L. Trude.l, a Michigan man, "I was doing the simplest kind of clerical work. I had had no previous bookkeeping experience. Before completing half the course—within a period of about eight months-three promotions brought me to be assurant to the Chief Accountant. Within another year I was given entire charge of accounting, over about thirty five assistants. The first of the year I was promoted to be Director of Advertising, with present earnings nearly 200 per cent more than when I first enrolled. I am very grateful for LaSalle training.

Nothing surprising about Tradell's advancement During only six mon his mean many are 1746 Lara, in members reported definite severy to trees to the large of the way of the way 74%.

There are non-tier whom I make an audit requestry juste a year. We ten h. U. that a Tano one made. The less trees as \$75 a day and super sen. The cien is a further employer of some ago. I would far him at one i(ma at \$100 a month. I know of no transfer that pays he large dividends as LeSalie transfer."

#### You Have the Same Good Opportunity

In it worth two capts and two minutes of your time to learn in detail of the operationation that would be yours in the field of Accountage of

All this (clotmation together with an autime of the steps by which you may quick v fit you sell to lake advantage of such optorish tire is clearly selforth a Labalia s 64 page book. Accountancy the Protession that Page, a book of labalia c exemptance to the man who is surjustly considering Accountance. COUNTRACY SE & CHIEFF

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Your start toward a bigger as are to an hear you as the point of your pences. For the sake of a brighter future—ACT

LASALLE EXTENSION UNIVERSITY The World's Largest Sections Train Dont. 963-HR

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Higher Accountancy Proliting for positions to Auditor Companies. Cartified Public Accountant, Cost Acc

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Olav Dujrai of LLS. Discontinued at Law

☐ Industrial Manage Modern Forementing DPersonnel and Employ-ment Management Differing and Finners

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GC P A. Courbing Sections English Oceanovici Speciety

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#### are Marylyow Smolil

#### Fitting up an Unfinished Attic

Continued from page 91

In the same way level another joint near the center of the room, having first leveled one end with the end of the first. Intermediate jouts then may be lined by spanning the first two with the straight-edge, as in Fig. 2. Unless the joints all are planed to straight-edges, or have equal amounts of crown, it is useless to attempt to obtain levels from the center of any joint. It is extremely important to bring all joist ends into the same plane

To prevent capting of the floor jouts, fit pieces of 2 by 10 in. stock between all bearing ends. They may be placed in a direct line or staggered (Fig. 2). If a apan in 8 ft. or more, a center course of herring-bone bridging is required. The length of each piece from the obtuse angle, or "short point" of one end to the scute angle or "long point" of the other is the hypotenues of a right triangle with a base equal to the distance between the joists and the side 714 in., while the angle cut ie, of course, an acute angle of that triangle. If the joists are spaced evenly, one piece should be a pattern for all.

Strike a chalk line to guide by, and nall the bottom ends of the pieces as lilustrated at the bottom of Fig. 2. Do not nail the upper ends at this stage

Nothing but vertically grained flooring should be used, and preferably the lengths should reach across all joists, climinating

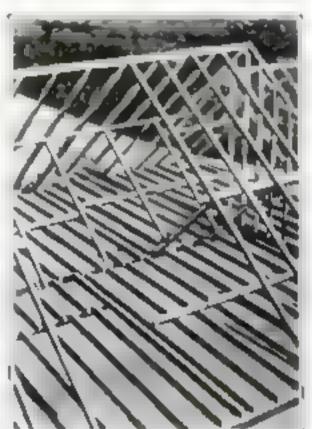


Fig. 4. Blough framing and ceiling joint lityout showing the roof braces to be removed

joints. If joints are necessary, make them on the joists, cutting with a fine-toothed saw and beveling under slightly to insure a tight fit on top. Take care, if the flooring is surfaced on the under side, not to nail a board upside down. The right side, as shown in Fig. 2, is farther from the tongue and groove than is the wrong side. Also, the upper lips are longer than the lower, that the joints between boards may come tight on top. A board upside down is evidenced by the surface being lower than its mates, and its stubborn refusal to nail up closely to the first board

Lay the first board to a straight line, nailing through from the face, as the partition plate covers it. Blind hall the following boards, using eightpenny wire box nails, and working from one and to the other. If firm tapping with the side of the hammer and subsequent nailing do

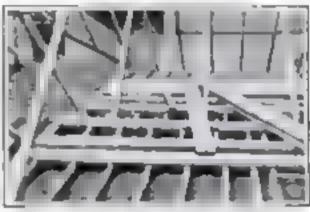


Fig. 5. The floor beams are laid temper artly acress the celling joints to form a platform

not force a board into place, use a scrap of flooring as a buffer, striking heavy blows with the haromer or a hand ax All splinters on the tongue should be removed carefully. To avoid loose and creaking boards, drive the nails firmly home, and if this cannot be done without hammer marking, use a nail set for the last blow or two. Sometimes a hummer dent can be taken out by moutening the bruleed spot, thus swelling the crushed fibers. The outer ands of the flooring need not be smoothly cut.

When the center of the room is reached, the joints then being brought into alinement, nail the upper ends of the bridging. The flooring then may be completed.

If it is desired to surface the floor, it may be scraped smooth at this time provided it is covered immediately to prevent marring during later construction. The advantage in scraping it at this stage in the absence of walls, which makes it master to smooth the extreme margins.

How to continue from this point will be told in the second article of the series in next month's POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY

#### Novel Violin Bridge

SINCE adding a weight such as a mute to the bridge of a violin softens or deadens the tone, it occurred to me that removing weight would have the opposite effect. A violin bridge, therefore, was

cut out as shown, leaving it atrong enough to support the strings, but with no superfluous wood. All the edges were rounded to give it a neater appearance and also to lessen



Violin bridge

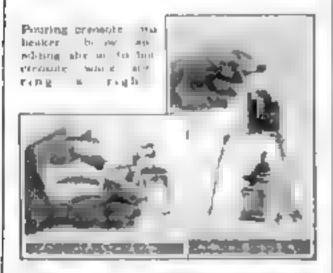
the original the weight. One-third bridge was removed. The result was a noticeable increase and improvement in the tone .- J. H DOWNIE.



HOW often have you wished for a water-resisting cement that would join glass, metal, and wood, or a combination of these substances, tightly and firmly and would not give way under hard usage? Such a coment is described below

When fastened together by it, articles can be placed in water for months without any injurious effects. Aquariums can be cemented with it, and the glass ades will not require any outside support. It will hold glass by the edges alone and at the same time resist the action of the water. Broken glass or porcelain can be mended with it, metals can be joined together, and metal can be attached to wood. This is of special value in resetting tool handles.

The cement must be prepared in either a porcelain dish or in a beaker that can be heated. Make only a small quantity at



one time, for very little is required to do considerable work

Crecate and dry flake shellar are required. Just pour enough crecate into the heaker to cover the bottom of the dub. Heat over a small flame such as an alcohol lamp and add the shellar gradually while stirring the mixture. Add enough shellar to the hot crecate to make a very thick, syrupy solution. Allow this to cool, when it should be so hard that it is difficult to make a deep impression in it with a fingernal. The adhesive power will be slightly greater by having the mixture still thicker and harder, but then it is slightly more difficult to work with.

In order to use this cement the parts to be joined must be heated to a temperature sufficient to melt the mixture. The cement is applied hot by means of the stirring rod used in mixing the chemicals.

The hot cament can be applied to the parts to be mended, even if they are only slightly warm, but then the joints must be heated over an alcohol flame so that the cement runs freely and enters and spreads uniformly. The parts to be mended will not be tight unless the joints are heated sufficiently to melt the musture. The thinnest film, if properly applied, will hold as well or better than a thick blob of the cement that will not adhere to the mended parts.



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#### Berther Sing Wathouths

(Continued from page 84)

#### Kinks that Make My Work Easier

By E. C. Fellows

Y SHOP work is made easier by a few inexpensive machine accessories and took and some simple shortcuts. Pour examples are given below, not so much because they are out of the ordinary as because they will suggest similar and perhaps better expedients.

Time is saved on shaper work by using a set of hold-downs made as shown in Fig. 1. On one side of a piece of angle iron, just double the length of the vise

jaws, I planed an angle of about 114 deg. as indicated. The angle iron then was cut in half to make a pair of holddowns. It is better to have the side next the vise jawn shorter than the other

To aid in clamping tapered work in the shaper vice, I prepared a swivel block to use on one side of the taper, using it in connection with the holddowns. The swivel blocks are made of cold rolled or machinery steel. One block has a circular projection that fits into a corresponding seat in the opposing block. The blocks have a %- or 1-in. space between their inner parallel faces. The dimensions of the blocks and the hold-downs may be varied.

One day I needed a few thumb-screws in a hurry and, as there was none in stock of the right size, decided to make them.

method I followed was not only quick and small washer. The two finished faces would have been delayed while awaiting the arrival of purchased acrews of the correct size. An ordinary washer and a fillister-head machine screw were used as shown in Fig. 2 to make each thumbscrew. The washer was cut in half and soldered into the alot; the projecting ears then were filed round. This triade is thumb-screw of good appearance that served the purpose quite as well as a commercial thumb-screw. In the figure are shown variations of this idea to suit different styles of machine acrews and

Figure 3 illustrates a tool that saves much time in centering work in a lathe. It is a holder for a combination drill and countersink of the conventional kind. The helder is made from a piece of coldrolled or machinery steel 114 in. in dumeter, with a hole drilled and reamed in both ends. The holes are made to accommodate two sizes of drills corresponding to the sizes in general use. A setacrew is used to lock the drill in place, In drilling the holes it is important that

they should be in line with each other and true to size. The anda of the holes are chamfered abghtly to fit the lathe center and the outside is knurled to provide a hand grip on the tool while it to its use

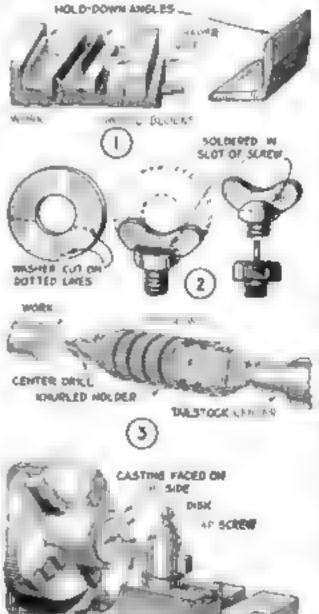
Turning and finishing a thin disk or washer in a lathe is not always an assy task and some machintata make a poor job of it or spott a few before they turn out a good one. When I have a fob of this kind, I proceed as follows: If the disk is made of sheet steel or iron. which is the usual and by far the most economical way, I first face one side of it. Then I find a round easting of suitable diameter and chuck it in the lathe as seen in Fig. 4. Next, I face off one mide and drill and tap a hole in the center for a bost or especiew I then clamp the disk on

DISAC AP SCREW the casting by means of a capacrew and a

cheap, but saved the time that the work abut each other. By taking light cuts with a sharp pointed tool, I reduce the metal to the right thickness and then finish the outside diameter

If the made diameter is to be finished to a specified size, the disk can be held to the casting with three small screws on the outside. Remove the central screw after tightening up the outside screws and proceed to turn the inside diameter Remove the sharp edges with a file, and the piece in finished.

By this method I have made washere 1/64 in, thick that were true and parallel in thickness



Hold downs and a center drill holder swethods of making thumb-acteus and thin washers

#### Better Shop Methods

#### Old Bill Says—

THE right man can make a good job out of any job.

Back gears should be used only when more power is required to pull a heavy cut, or when the speed must be reduced to cut exceptionally hard or tough materials.

One way to avoid getting a square deal is by not giring a Equare deal yourstelf.

Before beginning to lay out a piece of work, it is necessary to have a definite idea of what the drawing means, a full knowledge of the operations through which the work must pass, and some



Old Bill, muchineshop foremen

idea of what is to be expected of the job when finished and returned to its shop.

Keep thinking about the next move you are to make; learn to think shead.

Use a handle on a file when filing in the lathe.

When melting bubblet, stir in some roein or oil. This will purify and thin the metal, and all foreign matter will come to the top.

Initiative means doing the right thing at the right time without being told.

Any machinist can become a master of his craft by constant application and study. Magazines, books, night schools, and correspondence schools all help.

#### Universal Test Indicator



CERTAIN shortcomings of the ordinary test indicator are met by the one illustrated above. The rod running through the shank of the tool can be adjusted to suit the work at hand and locked in position by a knurled screw. This is vital. on difficult work where the center-punch mark to be indicated in far back from the front of the work. Since the indicator rod must be 18 in, from the point in some kinds of my work, it can be seen that the standard indicator could not be uned

A detachable cone-shaped point is used to indicate a hole. It is attached to the rod with a screw. Collars, springs, and two 1/2-in, balls keep the indicating rod tightly in place against the ball seat .-Hugo Ljungquier, Philadelphia, Pa.



#### The telephone door

More people enter our homes and offices by telephone than in person. Through the telephone door, traveling by wire, comes a stream of people from the outside world on social and business missions. Important agreements or appointments are made, yet the callers remain but a few seconds or minutes and with a "good-bye" are gone. We go out through our telephone doors constantly to ask or give information, buy or sell things, make personal calls and on dozens of other errands.

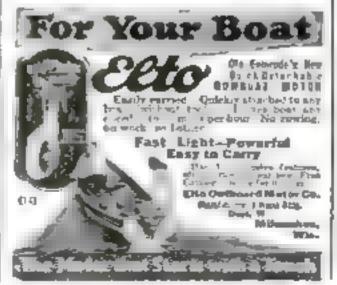
None of the relations of life is more dependent upon cooperation and mutual consideration than these daily millions of telephone journeys. It is the telephone company's part to furnish the means of calling and to place courteous and intelligent employees at the service of the public. Good service is then assured when there is a full measure of co-operation between users.

Only by mutual care and consideration can everyone enjoy the full pleasures and benefits of calling. Telephone courtesy is for the good of all who use the telephone door.

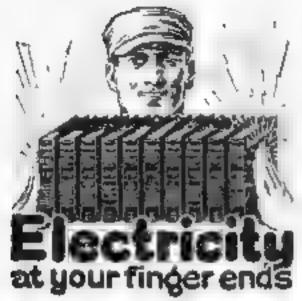
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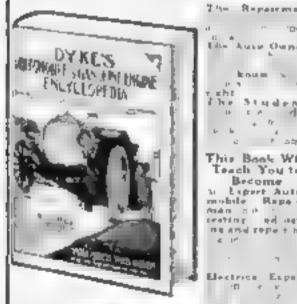
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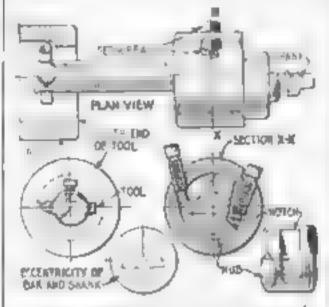
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#### Special Lathe Boring Tool Has Running Adjustment

EASE of adjustment is the special feature of the lathe boring tool illustrated. It is not necessary to stop the work to withdraw the boring head so as to set the tool out from the bar.

One end of the shank is tapered to fit the tailstock spindle. The other end is provided with a hub, which is about 34 in. off center. It is fitted with a corresponding alceve, which is a unug fit. The bar



Without withdrawing this buring her from) the work, the tool may be set either in or out

extending from the cleave is of the conventional type and has a cutting tool held with a setscrew.

Two setscrews pass through the sleeve and bear against inclined seats in the hub-With a sucket wrench on each petacrew, it is possible to release one screw and tighten the other. This rotates the toolbar and, as the hub is accentric, movement in one direction places the cutting edge farther out from the center within the 14-in. hmit.-G. A. L.

#### Foot Lever Feed for Rapid Work on Small Drill Press

PRIESS.

MANUFACwork on high-speed drilling machines often can bu handled more quickly if a foot- work lever feed in attached to the spindle. The general arrangement of such a pedal is illustrated

The pedal arm is attached to the base of the machine by means of the

cievis marked I, made from 16 by 116-in. iron and fastened with countermink head screws. The pedul itself is bent in the form of an S about 8 or 10 m. from the fulcrum. It is connected with the drill spindle by means of a rod of suitable length with ball or knuckle joints at each end

\*MLXXLE

JOINT

The handle used for hand feeding should be set horizontally and fitted with a spring to raise it when pressure on the pedal is released .- F. J. WILHELM.



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#### Deiter Shop Methods

#### Chasing a Difficult Thread

(Continued from page 84)

in diameter that had come in to have some missing teeth replaced. He nodded approval when he saw 1 in, study being screwed in with a 2-ft. pipe-wrench.

"I am glad to see that you are getting them in tight enough to stay," he mid-

Laten, the machinist, kept on with his work. Old Bill wandered on. When he came back a few minutes later, the last stud had been acrewed in and sawed off The machinist had begun to chip them.

As Old Bill approached he was chalking the ends of the study and, with dividers set from good teeth, specing off the ends of the teeth, always specing from a good

taoth.

"That is the best way to make them accurate, Bob," Old Bill said. "Get a thin piece of sheet from and make a template so that you can get the curves of the teeth about right. Hold the sheet on the side of some of the good teeth and scribe the outline so that you can cut it to the shape of the teeth. There is one other thing that you can do

"Clean out several of the good teeth and cast a babbitt imprint of them that you can use to try on your study to be sure there are no high spots to pound every time the wheel goes over Clamp a board on each aids of the teeth and fill up about three teeth with babbitt, and have a web to connect three teeth. Then you can use these babbitt teeth to 'spot in' the new teeth."

"I had been wondering how I was going to get them just right," Laten said.

"You will not be able to get them just right," Old Bill replied; "but you can get them pretty nearly so by using all three of these methods."

OLD BILL could tell by the group gathered about the big radial that the thread-outting job was about to commones. He went over to watch the proceedings.

"I thought I would bere the hole round with a flat tool before outling the thread,"

the machinist explained

"That is a good idea; it will give you a better chance to set your threading tool "

The drill had a tapping attachment, so the cutting of the thread was not so bard as it might seem. The thread tool was set for a light cut. It was run down alowly the first time. Old Bill beld out a hand.

"Now, in bringing it up again, be careful that you do not spail the thread you have started," he said. "Do not let the screw have to push up the whole weight of the apindle, but help it out with the feed lever."

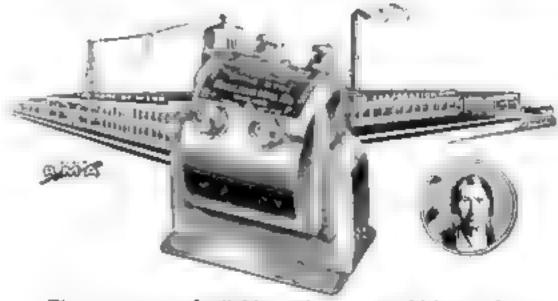
About four cuts down produced a satis(actory thread. The welder's helper had already brought in the seat that had been built up, and one of the machinists had taken it to a lathe to turn it off and chase the new thread

Old Bill felt the depression that sometimes comes from a hard day's plugging about the shop rise from his shoulders. He knew that the pump would be delivered on time!

A smile illumined his face as he returned to the magazine.



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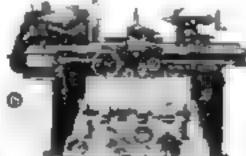
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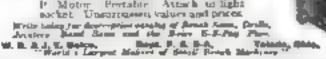
#### It's Easy to Build Things!

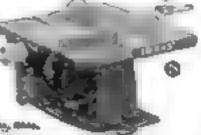
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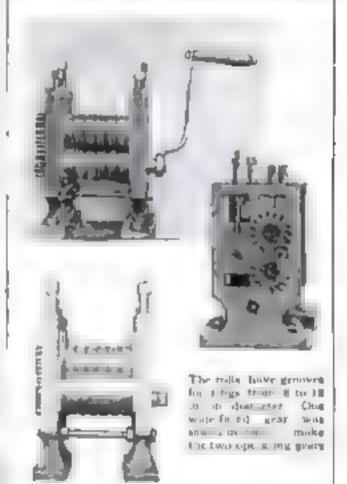


#### Neiter Shap Methods

#### Roller for Reclaiming Railway Air-Brake Expander Rings

To RECLAIM railway air-brake ex-pander rings, I made the roller illustrated. With it I found that I could reroll the rings for less than half what they cost new It is possible to roll 700 in eight hours.

The rings, which are used in the brake cylinder of the railway air-brake equipment to hold the packing leather against



the walls of the cylinder when brakes are applied, become unserviceable by getting out of round. As they are very low priced, any method of truing them up must allow all the work to be done in one operation.

Finally I hit upon the idea of rolling them, but the rolls on the market were too soft to stand up. I had some wide structural steel plates forged to shape in the blacksmith shop and machined to size Five grooves were provided in each of the tool-eteel forming rolls. The idier roll is blank.—Arcuse Skinner, Chicago, Ill.

#### Special Tool Cuts Awkward Holes in Furnace Walls

N ORDER to install a heating coll in an old hot-air furnace. I had to cut two circular holen in the furnace wall as well as in the outside shell, & in. away. It was out of the question to do a nest job with a chinel, so I forged a special drill from an 8-in, piece of \$1-in, tool steel. After shaping up this steel as illustrated, I drilled a

hole into which to insert the centering point. This I had noft suldered in place after the drill had been hardened. As the drill was turned on this centering point, the cutting edge, which was ground like a small chusel, made a clean rircular bole very quickly.-HUGH L. COPPMAN. Denver, Colo.





#### Better Shop Methods

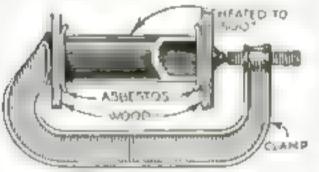
Unusual Ways of Reclaiming Spoiled Machine-Shop Work

By Charles Kugler



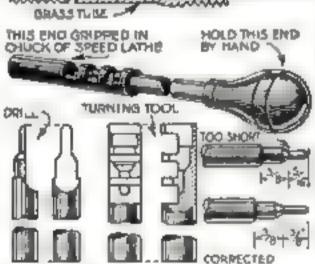
SPOILED work in machine-shops runs into millions of dollars annually, yet only a small percentage of it is reclaimed Few are the shops that do not have to contend with this problem. The mechanic who never spoiled a job is rare Indeed. Between the planning and the completion of a job, no matter how skilled the individual worker may be, there is always a chance for misunderstanding and arrors.

Doctoring a spoiled job is not always practicable nor even advisable, even in cases where there is no hazard involved other than the reputation of the shop.



STEEL TUBE - SPREADER



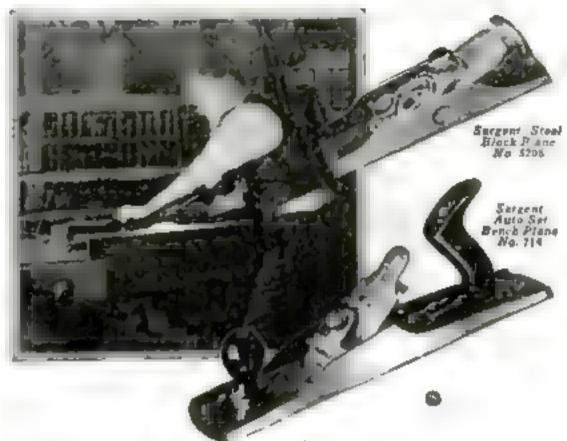


Method of shrinking a steel bushing, expending a beam tube, and re-turning small brass rock

At the same time, a great deal of incorrect work could be rectified so that it would function in every way as well as if made properly in the first place. Every effort to eliminate waste in this direction is worthy of consideration. If the error is the result of wrong specifications or

(Continued on page 118)

#### PLANES



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I ADDRESS

#### Reclaiming Spoiled Work

Continued from page 117)

incorrect dimensions on a drawing furmaked by a customer, it may be permissible to suggest a means of saving the job in the customer's interest.

in many cases the reclaiming of a piece of work calls for considerable study and ingenuity and in any event the cost must not be greater than that of producing a new piece, unless time is the most important consideration. The following examples demonstrate what can be done to save work that at first glance seemed to be bredeemable.

Six bushings like the one shown were bored and reamed on a turret lathe. The axis of the turret was not in line with the inthe so that the reamer, which was not in a floating holder, made the hole .010 in. over size. The general opinion was that nothing could be done to save the bushings.

One of the machinists and that he would like to tackle the job, as it was something he had been up against before, so the foreman let him have a try at it. The bushings were placed in a gas furnace and heated to about 1500 deg. A hot bushing then was put quickly in a clamp between two wooden blocks and two sheets of ashestos, as shown. The whole comb nation was quenched in water. The first bushing quenched shrunk about ,015 in. in the hale. In the others a decrease of from .012 to .015 in was obtained. This was sufficient to allow the boles to be finished with a hand reamer, after which the bushings were turned and faced. The secret of this simple trick is to prevent the water from coming in contact with the hole.

IN ANOTHER instance I once employed a simple means to save a lot of pieces made from brass tubing. The error in this case consisted of cutting the thread under size, the resust of the mechanic's having been given a wrong gage to work by. As the loside diameter was not important, it was apparent that if the tube could be expanded about 1/82 in., the thread might be recut. I turned a machine-steel plug of the shape shown After being pack-hardened, this was driven into the tubing a distance equal to the length of thread. No difficulty was experienced in expanding the outside diameter so that the threads could be finished with a hand die to the proper size. Every piece was passed by the inspector. This simple kink got the foreman of a large screw-machine department out of possibly serious trouble. Incldentally, this is an example of work that was saved with small chance of embarrassment to any one, as there was no sucrifice in the quality of the finished pie ces.

Another job I had to reclaim was a lot of brase rods turned on the small and 1/16 in, too short. It should have been 35 in. instead of 5/16 m. as shown on the preceding page. The error was not discovered until the rods were assembled into tools and ready to ship.

(Continued on page 116)

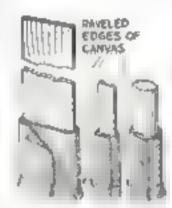
#### Better Shop Methods

#### Small Brushes for Shop Use Made Quickly and Cheaply

FOR years we have used emergency brushes made as shown. There are hundreds of times when a mechanic needs a brush for a little job, as for putting a finish on a neglected spot, gluing, shellacking a gasket, and the like. It takes time

to hunt up a bristle brush and then perhaps the brush is too large or needs cleuning.

Just take a strip of old awning cloth, ravel it out until the threads are long enough to make a suttable brush, and wrap the doth three or four times around

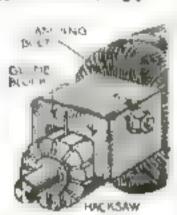


a strip of vencer from a berry box or a small twig or stick. After use the brush is thrown away.

These symple little brushes have saved me many a dollar, so that I make up a batch at a time and keep them on hand for our automobile mechanics.- JOHN R. Donge, Normal, 111.

#### Undercutting Commutator Mica

MICA between the segments of a motor commutator can be cut down to a uniform depth with the tool illustrated. This is simply a saw blade fixed in a hardwood block, which is made with two guiding edges on one face so as to fit the commutator anugly. A transverse bolt



through the block clamps the naw in its slot The saw is adjusted to protrude just far enough to cut grooves of the desired depth and the block guides it so as to fallow each groove exactly. -G. A. LUBRA.

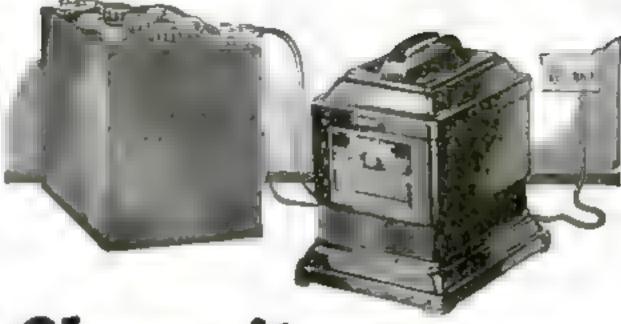
Wooden guide für saw

#### Reclaiming Spoiled Work

(Continued from your 144)

I made a form-turning tool as shown, which was used in a speed lathe. The tool was placed in the chuck of the lathe and the rods were inserted into it by hand, and turned back the required 1/16 m. As the over-all length was not important. a decrease of 1/16 in. in the length in no way affected the quality of the tool

To make the forming tool I first turned un a flat drill or cannon drill as il ustrated. The dimensions of this drill corresponded to the finished dimensions of the piece. This was given the proper clearance for cutting and then hardened and tempered. It was used in the ordinary way to form the corresponding shape in the forming tool.



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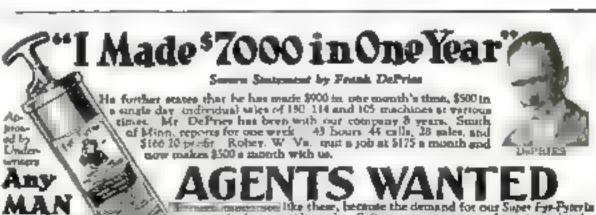


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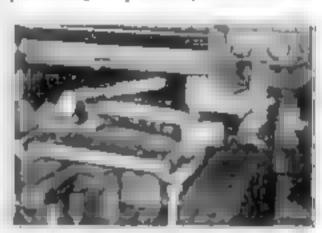
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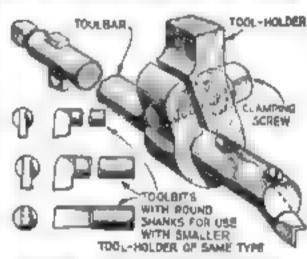
#### Defer Shop Mathods

#### Tool-Holders and Toolbits for Planing, Shaping, and Slotting

FORGED toom for aletting and for cutting keyways in holes often may be replaced profitably by the type of tools lustrated These tools are more efficient than the forged tool and at the same time considerably cheaper, since only the artual cotter is made of high-priced alloy steel. Cutters are readily made up in stock and may be ground systematically and accurately by the tool grinder

Cutters of various forms for unusual places may be provided, such as on the





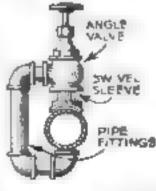
Tool horder toolber and toolbits. The white errow points to a roughing tool ready for the

planer job illustrated, where a broad-nose tool I in, wide is used for finishing the left side of the rectangular slot in the casting. A roughing-out tool is shown gripped in the holder, and the broad-nose finisher le lying on top of the casting to the left of the finished vertical wall of the slot.

The round shank permits the tool-setting to be corrected and allows the use of the cutter in any angular position desired. Another feature is that the abanks or special round toolbars may be made extra long to suit varying lengths and conditions of work .- O. S. MARSHALL

#### Emergency Repair for Pipe Line

ABROKEN A water, gas, air, or steam pape may be repaired temporarily by the use of a clamp made as shown from an angle valve, two nipples, two elbows, and a short length of pipe. The pipe us a loose fit, so that turning the valve



forces it against the fiber or other packing material used over the hole. These parts later can be returned to stock.—F. N. C.

#### The Power in Your Eyes

(Continued from page 25)

of mics, containing no wire, but lined on the made and outside by strips of lead of aluminum foil. This made a type of condenser, and more favorable results were obtained. Then be submerged the cylinder in a glass vessel containing paratin oil, so as to do away with any radiant heat effect, and even under these conditions the cylinder moved when the gaze was directed steadily at it

Mr. Beall says that he never "learned" to train wild animals; that he developed a natural ability. Doctor Russ' experiments make it seem highly probable that this natural ability is in reality the possession of an exceptional amount of electric eye power. They may serve to explain also the marvelous power exerted. over other men by the glance of great leaders such as Nupoleon, and the demoralizing effect on his ring opponents of the famed "hypnotic eye" of John L. Sullivan.

Later experiments made by Doctor Russ have shown that there is a great difference in the interacty of the eye power of various individuals. The average glance at the wire coil produced a movement of 15 degrees. On the other hand a brilliant actress, a woman of extraordinary personality and charm, was able to turn the indicator 60 degrees-a sixth of a complete circle. A famous flying man, an "ace" in the World War, did as

IN MY talk with Mr. Beall he remarked that if ever dangerous animals are ailowed to realize their superior strength, the trainer is lost. Men with 25 or 30 years of experience as trainers have been killed by animals they had worked with for years. Why? Doctor Russ' experiments again furnish a possible answer. The gaze of a mun who had been warned by his oculist that a cateract was forming on one of his eyes was able to move the indicator only a few degrees Another man, under 30 but in the early stage of palsy of the spinal nerves, could make no more than a trivial impression on the instrument.

In view of these experiments, is it not quite possible that the sudden disasters that sometimes and the careers of experienced animal trainers are caused by some physical decline that results in a lessening of the electric power of the

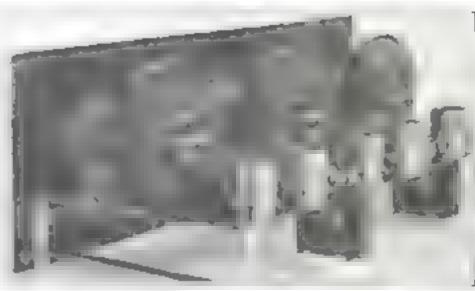
That actual though invisible rays of electricity shoot out from our eyes, exerting influence over men and beasts in moportion to their atrength, is a startling conclusion. Perhaps the "electric eye" is not a thoroughly proved fact, but Doctor Russ' experiments, so carefully performed and so conscientiously checked, take it out of the field of superstitious fancy and into the domain of scientific research. This electric quality of the human gaze, if actual and understood, might be made to serve very useful ends in many fields of human endeavor. For more definite conclusions about it we must await the results of the advanced research work of Doctor Russ and other

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Increased Selectivity. Erla Ralicon. Creloids have no a K up quality of their own. Hence only signals flowing in the antenna circuit are amplified. Static is greatly reduced for this reason

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#### Here Are the Rules in Our Great \$10,000 Contest

This Month's "What's Wrong" Pictures Appear on Pages 32 and 33

- Every month for four months, beginning in Every month for four months, beginning in the large state of the Ap to the March as a state of a st
- There are four committee monthly committee cach decant account of the two distributions of the two distributions of the two distributions of the cache and the cache are placed as a constraint of the cache and the cache are placed as a cache and the cache are cache as a cache and the cache are cache as a cache and the cache are cache as a cache are cache as a cache and the cache are cache and the c
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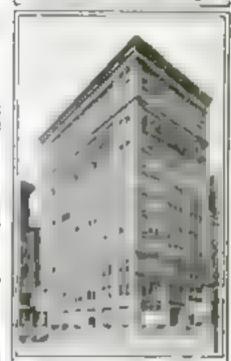
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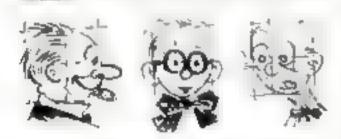
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#### Cracks in the Earth Menace American Cities

L. ROBERTS IF . W. Au. T

usals are becoming larger while the continents are being compressed so that the land areas are rusing as the sea front retreats. The contours of the limited States show thus.

It is believed that the shores of the American continent once were connected with Africa, or at least were separated only by a narrow strait. Since the Attantic has been colarged the plateaus in the western states and the mountain ranges all have been raised considera dy These movements always have been connected with venance activities. The fund areas have been fau ted by condensational waves caused by the falling to of arge areas of the sea floor by gravitabongl waves caused by landsades near faults in the rock masses, and by stationary waves set up by local deformations caused by landshdes and similar movements. All, of these have been in operation along the Pacific coast earthquake

Arizona, Kansas, Oklahoma and Arkansas are the seats of frequent earth quake shocks. Quakes, of more or less severity, are felt in those states annually The whole valley of the Manuscippi is undoubtedly intuated on a line of facts, constituting an earthquake zone. Alabarna and Tennemee have earthquake records showing that the earth's crust in those states is not strong. The Virginias are on a somer bac of weakness are this s e can be traced along the Atlante coast to Canada and Newfoundlano There is a pronounced fault in the warner if the coast of Maine which appears to be connected with faults running tast New York.

The St. Lawrence, the Great Lakes, and a series of lakes and waterways running through Munitoha, Alberta, and Saskatchewan and through the Mackenzie Valley to the Arctic these form a great line of faulting along which most of the earthquakes experienced in North America are felt.

#### Clinic by Long Distance

WillLE they looked at a photograph thrown on a screen, representing the heartbeat of a patient, 1500 doctors at Atlantic City recently listened to a Chicago physician's diagnosis coming over 1000 miles of telephone wires. The first long distance medical clime was a dramatic demonstration of how distance soon will be practically meaningless in the diagnosis of disease.

The patient's beart was examined with a stethoscope. By means of a new apparatus developed by Dr. H. B. Williams of Columbia I miversity and the Bell Telephone laboratories, a chart of his heartbeat, called a "stethogram," was made This was sent to Chicago in seven minutes by the new method of sending pictures by wire

Doctor James Greer of Chicago made a diagnoss and, when the stethogram was thrown on the screen in Atlantic City, gave the diagnosis over the telephone. It was amplified so that all could hear it



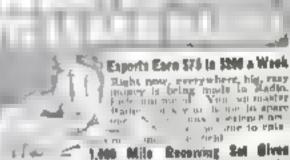
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#### "It's a High Pressure Job"

(Continued from page 57)

not half the risk those chaps up there are takin' every day. If it was a risky job, how do you suppose they put them two hig vehicle tunnels under the Hudson River without losin' a man? Tueive hundred sandhogs worked on that job, an' I was one o' them. Never less than 390 of us at work at once, an' the only two men killed on the job was not sandhogs. One fell down a shaft an' the other got caught in the works of a pump. How many hig buildings kill as few ironworkers on that?

"QURE, there's risks, but nothing like what they used to be. When they started the very first try at a tunnel under the Hudson, more'n 50 years ago, the tunnel caved an' 20 men was drowned That was before they knew how to work the air like they do now.

"Y" see, down in the calsson or out at the tunnel headin', the trick is to keep the cuttin' edges covered with the stuff you're workin' in-mud or clay or whatever it is If your caisson is level an' your air pressure is right, you don't have no trouble. You've got to have air enough to equalize the water pressure and not enough to blow out the mud. You're diggin' from the middle toward the edges all the time, and shovin' the caisson down or the tunnel beadin' across as fast as you can get to the edges. Now, if your mud blows out, you've got a blowout, and the air alone can't hold the water back, unless you can get more pressure in a big hurry, an' you can't always do that.

"There's always plenty of bogs of bay and bags of clay handy, to plug up any hole where the air is escapin'. You can tell by the sound when the leak begins. An' sometimes, when there ain't enough of that sort of stuff to plug the hole, there's other ways. I mind me once—it was in the Pennsylvania tunnel-when Red Kelly, that was workin' alongside o' me, sat in a blowhole to stop it while we got up the bay bags! It's a good thing

most sandhogs ain't skinny.

"THERE ain't much danger if the bom keeps his head. There was a blowout one night in the Manhattan Bridge caisson. There was eight of us inside, workin' in about 35 pounds of air. pretty near 80 feet down; Jimmy Durkin, Jimmy Appleby, an' myself an' five Sweden. The air chamber was about 10 feet above our heads, an' there was a ladder to the shaft openin'. The shaft would only take in one man at a time. One gide of the causeon rested on loose silt, an' needed watchin' all the time.

"Well, we was near the end o' the shift when one o' the Swedes hollered, 'Look at dati' We looked, an' the silt was crambha'. Next we knew, it blew out like an explosion an' the water rushed in Four o' them Swedes made a rush for the ladder, an' we might all have been drowned if the other Swede hadn't picked up a pick handle and whacked em over the head. Then we got out, one at a time, with water up to our waists before the last one went up the ladder.

(Continued on page 126)

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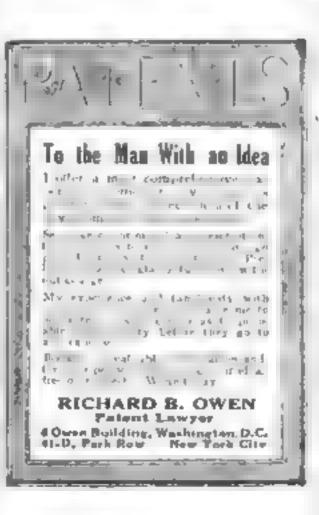
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#### "It's a High Pressure Job"

(Continued from page 121)

"If the pumps don't stop there'll always be air enough to breathe if you can keep your head above water. Jimmy Sullivan, that I was tellin' you about, told me of a blowout when they was buildin' the Forth bridge, in Scotland. Him an' the other miners was trapped an' the air-lock door jammed. They had just five inches of space between the water and the floor of the lock, just enough to keep their noses clear while they hung on an' wasted for help.

"You just got to remember that the water'll only rise so high if all the edges are under water, like when you put a tumbler upside down into a dish of water One night, in the Long Island tunnel, there was a blowaut an' when the men got into the lock there was one missin' It looked like be was a goner, but when they got the hole plugged—they had to send a diver down to do it-an' pumped the water out, there he was. He'd found a place up at the top o' the tunnel where he could hang on, an' he'd hung on.

"TUNNEL work is more ticklish than causen work, to my thinkin'. pressures min't so high, but there's more danger of a blowout. In a calmon, if it's level, the water pressure's the same all around the edges; but in a tunnel it's higher at the bottom than at the top You can see that, can't you? Take the vehicle tunnel. That's nearly 30 feet from top to bottom. That means the pressure at the bottom is some 13 pounds more'n it is at the top. Now, you've got to bave air enough to equalize that hottom pressure, an' overhead you've got only a thin diver of mud between you an' the river. There's where the danger of blowouts comes. Where the bottom of the rivers a ft they put down a clay that get | O ar 21 feet thick, an' dredge it at afterwards, to bold the air in an' the which is a constant to the court of show happen the car to was a do that

That's how the furniest accident that ever happened to a sandhog came about They was puttin' the first sulway tunnel across from Manhattan to Brooklyn, an' the Brooklyn end was just a little ways out from the pierhead line, at Joralemon Street. It was all soft mud, with piles stickin' down through it, an' one day she b.rw out with a bang.

"ALL the gang that was workin' in the headin' made the air lock but one, when the water rushed in. Dick Creedon was mosin, an' they was a solemn gang that filed out o' the air lock to report to the super. Creedon's side partner, Jimmy O'Connor, had been killed in an accident in the tunnel only a few days before, an' now Dick was gone.

"But when they got to the super's office, there was Dick Creedon, huggin' the stove! Some of 'em thought first it was Dick's ghost. What happened was 1414

"The air had caught Dick and blown him right through the river bottom. I was talkin' s while ago about a sandhog havin' no place to fall to. Well, there is

discounted on page 127)



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#### "It's a High Pressure Job"

(Continued from page 126)

one way he can fall, an' that's up. That's the way Dick Creedon fell, up.

"Right up through the mud, 10 feet of it, and 80 feet of water, an' he kept on goin'. I didn't see it, but I've heard him tell about it, many's the time, The water squirted up like a fountain, 10 feet or so above the aurface, with Dick balanced on top of it like one of these balls you see in a shootin' gallery, whirlin' around an' yellin' at the top of his voice. Then he fell off the fountain an' into the East River, an' a boutman picked him up.

"I don't know where Dick is now, Last I heard he was fired off a job in Buffalo hecause the newspapers printed that story about him, an' be had to spend so much time bein' a hero he didn't have no time to work. But he wasn't the only one that had the same experience. Paddy Egan was blown up through the Thames the same way, on the Blackwall tunnel job. I heard of another that was caught the same way, in one o' the East River jobs. An' many's the time a sandhog has been jammed up against the roof of the tunnel an' held there by the air, in a blowout

"NO, IT ain't the water I'm most afraid of: it's fire. Everything burns so fast under the compressed air. There's glways a high pressure water hose handy, but there's Just as likely as not to be dynamite or giant powder in the tunnel or cuisson. That happened in the Pennsylvania tunnel, when one o' the watchmen lit a cigarette too close to a bale of hay. It took some courage to go in there with the hose and douse that fire, with half a ton of dynamite in the air lock, but It was a gang of sandhogs that done it

'It ain't a bad job, as I was tellin' you. You get a chance to travel an' see the world, for there ain't so many experienced sandhogs an' we go from one job to another-from one country to another, for that matter. I was workin' in the power tunnels up in the mountains near Mexico City when they had that last revolution down there, the time Carranza was killed That was right near where we was workin', an' the revolutionists tried to blow up the tunnels. They did blow up a couple of 'em."

Paddy Ryan spat into the West Street gutter again and once more cocked his eye aloft.

"There's a lot in the paper, now, about this evolution business," be east, ruminatively. "I was thinkin', if them lads up there is descended from monkeys, then one o' my granddaddies must 'a' been a mole."

PIECES of percelain containing microacopic apacks of gold were recently given to Dr. George F. Kunz, a mineralogist of New York City, by Dr. H. Nagaoks, of Toxio. They were fragments of the flask in which the Japanese scientist claims to have changed mercury into gold by disintegrating atoms of quicksilver in a tremendously powerful electric field. In more than 200 experiments, be declared, this method of changing mercury into gold was successful



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#### Birth of the Airplane

(Continued from page 27)

sections, and joining these on the machine. "He's making a tent," thought the pamer-by: "fishing trip down river, I Chess. H

The brothers built a shed camp de luxe for the second season at Kitty Hawk As before, Orville officiated as chef and in this domestic field he fairly rivaled his brother at the sewing-machine. Orville put mathematics into his kitchen. The canned goods stood on their shelves in the select order of soldiers at dress parade, The eggs were in a rack, visible and countable. There was a gasoline cookstove

Unfortunately, this luxury and efficlency were somewhat blighted by bosts of masquitoes. They were foiled only by smudges that choked the experimenters. Another vexation had to do with the division of labor in dish-washing. There was a camp mate, not Wilbur, who left all of this chore to the cook, keeping the latter busy in the kitchen to the neglect of his serial activity

OCTAVE CHANUTE visited the camp, saw the brothers' second-year tryouts and complimented them, saying they were ahead of the world in the gliding art. But they, without admitting it to any one, were deeply discouraged. They knew their machine was no improvement on the first one; in fact, it behaved worse. They had more evidence that the classic air tables were incorrect. The mystery of the skr seemed insoluble. At this time Wilbur agreed with the presumism of Prof. Simon Newcomb as to the possibility of the airplane, and even went further than that eminent astronomer by asying.

"Man won't be flying for a thousand Years!"

Wilbur, in his depressed mood, was only exaggerating by 998 years.

Skeeters, beat, no ice, liquid butter, spoiled beeisteak, and a cantankerous gilder-you can understand how the brothern felt

For an address to be made by him that fall before a scientific group in Chicago, Wilbur included criticism of the classic air tables. Meanwhile, at home, Orville rigged an air tunnel with a fan driven by a homemade two-cylinder gus engine. He found the classic figures right! He let Wilbur know in a hurry and the latter toned down his criticism, lest be should mislead the distinguished scientists of Chicago. The scrupulous brothers were planning more censorship of the address in its printed form, when they found they were right in the first place and really had nothing to retract! Orville only had verified with his air tunnel a few of the old figures and these few had chanced to be about right, while the majority were RWEY OF

SAVANTS had spent vast sums in the effort to measure air pressure. The Wrights now succeeded with an outfit that cost about 15 dollars. Their fan was on an emery-wheel shaft, their tunnel was of wood, 16 inches square and eight feet

(Continued on page 129)



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#### Birth of the Airplane

(Continued from segr 124)

long. Bits of old backsaw blades and other junk lying round their shop contributed to the make-up of the testing devices. The air tables that they made in the winter of 1901-2 were applied in all their later construction of aerial vehicles.

If we should estimate the first-found warping principle as one-quarter of the flying secret, we may give 50 per cent of the credit to the zerodynamic research of the Wrights. The final 25-per-cent element will be told of as it came, last.

AGAIN Wilbur toiled at the sewing-machine in the back yard of the Dayton home. A new glider, third model, embodying the newly discovered laws of air pressure, was taken to Kitty Hawk in the late summer of 1902. Rather, the parts were taken, and the machine assembled in camp. Amid adentific observation in his dlary, Orville found time to record the life and death history of a mouse that invaded his kitchen. The brothers were never too husy to notice everything about them. A mouse, a resorback pig in camp, the antice of children, pleased them. The quiet young men laughed quietly at many things, including their own mishaps. Rarely if ever did they lose their even, good temper

The new glider, 305 square feet in wing area and weighing 115 pounds, had its virtues and also some alarming faults. The operator, who lay on his stomach as usual, clutching the controls, had to shimmy quickly to shift his weight and avoid a wreck. There was peril daspite plenty of sand to fall ou. The brothers knew that Lilienthal and Pilcher had been killed by falling from heights no more than that of a shade tree. At this time Orville did take a drop from about 25 feet up, which partly smashed the glider.

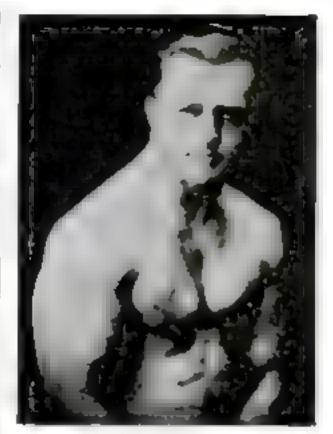
A verticul tail was a new feature of this year's machine. That tail—what was wrong with it? Somehow it did not act as it should. It was rigid, you know. Now some one may chortle an easy enswer Look at all nature. Is a dog's tail rigid, or does it was? But the flying machine would not have gone far if it had been based on soology. Too many dreamers copied bird shapes.

HOWEVER all that may be, the fact in that on the night of October 2, 1902, Orville could not sleep. Doubtless it was stuffy among the ceiling beams of the camp shed where he had along a bed of canvas. A great thought came to him Let that tail be movable? Although he did not know it that night, as he moved restlessly on the canvas, the invention of the airplane was in effect completed. This was the solution of the last 25 per cent of the problem of six conquest.

Orville did have in mind the object of the movable vertical tail, or rudder. It was to counteract the speed of the high or turned-up wing, and thus aid in the maintenance of sidewise balance. A rudder it was, but not to steer with; its job being to keep equilibrium.

The minds of the brothers were geared in beautiful harmony. As Wilbur

(Continued on page 130)



Earle E. Lindarman The Muscle Builder

#### MUSHY MUSCLES

When you looked in the introc this morning, did an amount of a real man stare you in the face? Cheet be now so a best mud-past? Shoulders at oped less a tired did back horse? Arms like rages with knots on the end? Neck ecrawity as an old or with Legs thin as pipe-stems? Muscles and and flabby? How can you expect to amount to anything if your body is the comething the cast diagond to? Musby muscles—

#### They Are My Meat

no thousands upon thousands of my pupils will tell you. I take them as they tome weak and flabby. Then I start wishing I make your muscles hard as steel. I make your cheet hig and deep. I give you sees and arms that full your clothes. Your fetends worst know you. I full you a the pep and ambition. When you wake up is the morning you opered not of hed full of fire and pep. Heing on your wild cate in the way you feel, You are ready for a full day a work. You just thell; with etcality.

#### I Am the Muscle Builder

That a what they call me. Why? Because I take the insish out of mountes? When you think of manife, think of me. I build strong bridge. Just any hand of election wint do. A but of other fellows thought they could do it themselves. They most brind they were wrong. This is my just. I've that they purels develop. I know it a mood. In fact, I don't promise results. I guarantee them. In thirty days I will put one facts of muscles on Your arm. I will put two inches on your cheet at the same time. But that's just a starter to show what I can do. I'll put muscle up and down your back. I'll build a wall of arm of ar und your bread backet that will stop a battering tami. I'll strengther every muscle in and ar and your with organic. I'll make a he-man, up-and-at-em-insure out of you. Sounds good, ch! I but a darn right it a good. It a wanderful. Remember I guarantee it. I use on. Let's get good right now. Don't lose a minute.

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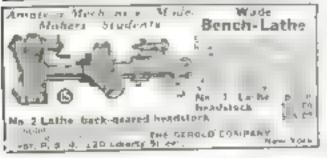
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#### Birth of the Airplane

a surrand for m page 1 0)

had developed the other's hinged wings into the warping principle through the medium of a twisted box, so now he accepted and improved upon Orville's movable rudder. He said they should connect rudder and wings so as to warp and wag, as it were, simultaneously with one control. Within two days the brothers began to rig up a movable rudder connected by wires with the warping control. And at last they had the thrill of riding the air with a success unprecedented Never before had man thus balanced himself in the atmosphere. Never had a glider behaved so tractably, responsive to its belm

FIERE were flights beyond 600 feet in 35-mile breezes. Within a fortnight the number of trips amounted to something around 700. Fore and aft balance had been rather easy from the start. Now that , lateral balance and steerability had been secured, what remained? Only to equip the glider with engine and propeller.

The birth of the sirplane should really be dated in October, 1902, matend of more than a year later when the first power flight occurred. That glider embudged all basic principles of air navi-

Refore leaving camp in the latter part of that October, the Wrights started plans for a power machine and also sketched an application for a patent. The patent was simed to secure the honors of priority in a scientific achievement, for the brothera did not foresce commercial value in their Invention.

During the following winter at home they built a crude four-cylinder gas engine. They designed it, had aluminum castings made in a local foundry, did the muchining in their own shop. As evidence of crudity, it developed about 12 horsepower and weighed 20 pounds to the horsepower. The homemade engine let out such a tornado roar that scared neighbors rushed into the shop to see what was up, and the gas fumes sickened Charley Taylor, the sole and faithful employee of the Wrights.

IT WAS a harder job to design propellers. but after due mental wrestling, the brothers saw they could do it from the formulas of their air tables. They obtained a screw efficiency of 66 per cent, which was about a third better than any one before had realized. The wing span of the power biplane was 40 feet, its area 510 square feet, with 48 square feet more given to a duplex wing in front. The total weight of the machine, with either of the 145-pound brothers abourd (lying face down, hands on forward controls, hips harpeosed for other work), was 750 pounds.

This is the propeer machine that Orville Wright purposes to send to an English

In March, 1903, nine months before this airplane took off at Kitty Bawk, the Wrights applied for a patent on their basic discoveries.

On the fourth sejourn in a sandy desert

Con: unes an page 131)

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Welte for Catolog & FREE Finlary Engineers Chy, Ma.

#### Birth of the Airplane

Consumed from page 130,

within sight and sound of the thundering Atlantic, the inventors had many little adventures. These they recorded in home letters with comical appreciation, amost to the dwarfing of their high objective " There was a midnight buttle with a tar- i paper roof in a gale. Orville invented a French-drip coffee-pot to save the use of eggs. A carbide can was converted into a wood stove. As medical advice to Charley. Taylor, who wrote from Dayton that he suffered from unsteady legs, Orville suggested bracing his legs with the trust system employed in his biplane,

T THIS time Wilbur was 36 and Or-A ville 32. Both were of slender, athletic build. The elder stood 5 feet 101, inches, or a trifle less than two inches above his brother. They were both smooth shaven and both had graylah blue eyes.

The propeller shalts twisted under strain of the first engine test at Kitty Hawk. In the next test the propeller sprockets came loose.

Things looked dark when a third accident-a bit of metal broken out of a new shaft-occurred in late November. Now the power machine was again helpless, before ever it had been tried in the mir-

Four miles through deep sand, lugging two suitesses filled mostly with metalgear, hiked Orville to Kitty Hawk. He took a boat to Elizabeth City and then a northbound train. When he arrived in Dayton he hadn't five cents left for carfore. Weighted down with those suitcases, he walked 114 mues to his home.

It took a week to obtain new shafts of apring steel, and Orville hustled back to Kitty Hawk with them. Thank beaven, the hooden was over. The power plant stood the Saturday test with engine arour, screws abeeding

Wilbur was first of mankind to fly in a power machine, on Monday, Decemher 14, three days before the official, accepted date for that event. To be sure, his time was but 34 seconds and his distance 105 feet, and the hop ended in a partial wreck,

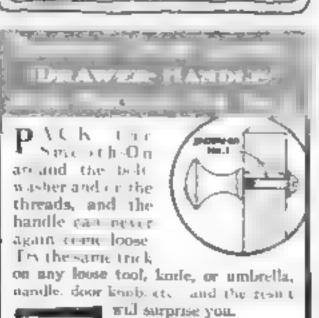
ORVILLE went up first on the commemorated December 17, 1903, remaining about 12 seconds in the air, but not much exceeding his brother's previous distance. Wilbur now followed in a similar flight. Orville had another turn of short duration. Then, just at noon, Wilhur stepped forward for the fourth and last flight.

It was a cold, dull day. Whitecaps were visible on the near-by Atlantic and ice was forming in Albemarie Sound. The aviators were chilly, having no specia. garments for their work. Doubtless the five spectators—three men of the government life-saving station, a lumber buyer, and a 16-year-old boy-were also cold and wished to have the affair over. Even the muse of history, we may imagine, got impatient and had to blow on her stylusholding fingers to keep them warm.

Wilhur hastened to obuge. He covered a ground distance of 852 feet in 59 seconds. whereupon Clio said, "So that's that," and the meeting adjourned sine die







Write For

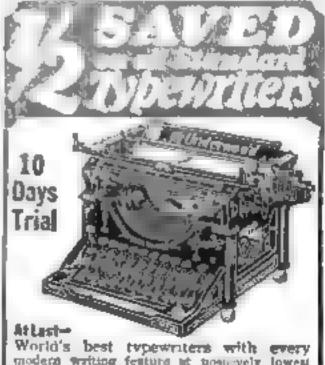
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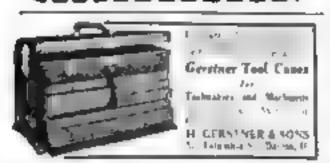
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#### Poisons in "Bootleg Booze"

(Contrased from Sam 42)

public in disposed to resort to liquor of seemingly known and recent origin, under the impression that its local origin makes it cafe and pure.

"The almost inconceivable conditions under which moonahing is manufactured are responsible largely for its dangerous character. The moonshiner has no scruples regarding the fate of the ultimate consumers. He has no conception of the proper facilities with which to work or the time needed for producing a drinkable product. He lets his mash ferment in unclean barrels, washtube, and other similar receptucies, in dark, musty cellars, or in the open woods. Under such conditions the development of wild yearts or unwholesome fermentations becomes inevitable. The vessels used become unspeakably filthy and ill-amelling after repeated use without cleaning, and the unprotected fermenting musture attracts animal life of every description."

"The old-time distiller of the South would view with contempt the monashiner of today," Linder added to the "This artist knew that he above. must discard the beads and tails of his distillation-the first and final 'runs' which passed through his still.

"THE moonshiner of today uses heads, tails, and everything, and sells it as it stands. He refuses to discard anything that makes volume. Poisons pay good profits.

"Another danger lies in the haste with which the stuff is placed on the market Whisiry should be allowed to age. In bre-prohibition days the aging process covered from one to eight years, while the liquor rested in wooden barrels with the insides charred.

"Sometimes an appearance of age in given by putting concentrated lyn in the mash, to hasten fermentation. More than once government agents have found as high as 200 empty lye cans in a single place. Lye is very poissnous."

Extracts from reports of prohibition agents in various states abed considerable light on the almost unspeakable conditions under which liquor is manufactured.

"Moonshiners are dipping water from the North Canadian River," reports Director Millard F Meadows, of Oklahoma, "below the point at which the city sewage is dumped into the stream. The water is used in souring the mash."

"Most of the whisky," reports Director Duily of that made in Mississippi, "In made from rotten grain, black strap molames, shorts, chops, and the like. Old cang, tea-kettles, coffee-pots, and oil barrels are used as cookers. The insides of these vessels are unspeakably fifthy, All kinds of bugs gather on the stunking stuff and finally drown in the spirits."

Texas, Colorado, and Minnesota sent in similar reports.

Near Homer, Ohio, raiders found a stock of whisky buried in stable manure, and the makers frankly stated that this was their method of aging their product.

These are merely a few extracts from reports selected at random from the government files. There are thousands of others.

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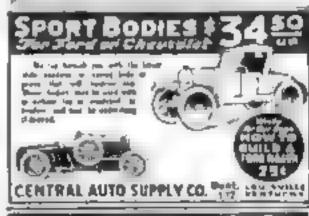


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#### He Has Staged More Battles than Napoleon

(Continued from page 45)

bet that she doesn't mention how it happened. The stars earn their hig salaries. "Bravest of all of them are Gloria Swanson and Henry B. Walthall.

"In one picture it was my job-and incidentally it was the toughest job of my whole career-to blow an entire dirt trench over Waithall. That he was to be buried under 10 or 12 feet of earth didn't seem to worry him. 'Shm,' he said, 'can you do it?"

" 'Easy,' I replied, the cold shivers

funning up my apine

'Then shoot' said Wn thall.

"The shot went off, and it took exactly six minutes for 10 men to dig Walthall out from under that pile of dirt. When they dragged him into the air once more, he was a little white around the gills and a little out of breath, but his 'Great work, Shm,' meant far more to me than the magnificent thrill the test pictures showed next day.

"AND Gloria Swapson—God bless ber is the gamest little woman I ever have known. No doubles for her in explosive acenes, nor temperament. She is just a great little trouper who wholeheartedly would eat a dozen sticks of dynamite if it were necessary for a scene."

A wood fire will not photograph, hence, A was one of Hoffman's jobs to concect a chemical that would give every appearance of roaring flames. The remarkable part of it is that he found one that would burn without damage. Give him your finest piece of tapestry or antique furniture and he will not it all ablaze with this chemical, then return it to you unscratched. Or he can set a roomful of elaborate furnishings aftre, lot it burn a while, then ext against the fire, and you rannot trace a single effect of the flames. even on the most delicate of wallpaper

The mysterious chemical will fiame just so long without burning. A second longer and the whole works is ruined Consequently, this sort of shooting uemands split-second timing on the part of both Hoffman and the cameraman

Dynamite has the same sort of temperament as a tiger. It is docule for just so long, then, like the big cat, it is likely to do the unexpected. So it is not ease to lose respect for dynamite. It isn't a toy and men who handle dynamite daily as a business are very careful of their safety

Has Hoffman ever been burned? Yes. It happened the way all accidents OCCUL

LADY LUCK, like all women, is fickle.
The moment a man deserts his chosen. profession, Miss Fortune begins vamping him. Witness the lion-tamer who was poisoned by a pet kitten's scratch, and the steeple-jack who fell downstairs and broke his leg. Add to them Hoffman, who was asked to hold a lighting torch (a flare that lights scenes in night movies when electricity is not available). It exploded in his face and peeled off most of his skin. That Hoffman is with us today is due to a wealth of vitality and a pai who parted with great patches of akin.



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Calculator

#### How to Build a Wave Trap

(Continued from page 74)

causing most of the trouble.

If, on the other hand, several stations are interfering with the one you want to receive, the parallel connection may prove more useful; for when the wave trap is booked up in this fashion, it is tuned to the station you want to receive and signals from all stations on other waves are cut down in strength

It is desirable to mount the wave trap a foot or more from the receiver so that the magnetic coupling between the coils in the wave trap and the receiver will be at a maximum.

Tuning the wave trap is very simple. When it is connected in series, the receiver itself is tuned first to the wave of the interfering station, and then the dial on the wave trap is turned slowly until the signal drappears or is as weak as possible. Then the receiver is retuned to the wave of the desired station. Tuning the wave trap in the parallel connection is exactly the reverse. The desired station is first tuned in on the receiver and then the wave-trap dial is adjusted until the interfering signals are cut down as much as possible.

NOW for the adjustment of coil A If you have too many turns in this coil when the wave trap is used in the series connection, the wave trap will be too effective; that is, it will cut down the signal strength of the station you want to receive, besides oliminating the undesired one

In the parallel connection, on the other hand, too few turns make the wave trap very effective at the expense of the signal strength of the station you desire to receive, while a large number of turns in coil A reduces the effectiveness of the wave trap.

#### Recent Publications

Romanos in Science, by Beaste I. Miller, Ph.D., professor of mathematics in Rockford College. A collection of lectures on various scientific topics.

Ancient Hunters and Their Modern Representatives, by W. J. Sollas, Sc.D., professor of Geology and Paleontology at Oxford University. Third edition of a popular work on archeology. Historiated. The Macmillan Company.

The Story of Copper, by Watson Davis, C.E. An interesting, non-technical blatory of the first of the useful metals. The Century Co.

The Kinetic Theory of Grass, by Eugene Bloch, R. P. Dutton & Co.

The Planning, Erection and Operation of Modern Open Hearth Steel Works, by Hubert Hermanns. D. Van Nostrand Company

The Elements of Machine Design, by S. J. Berard, Brown University, and E. O Waters, Sheffield Scientific School (Yale), D. Van Nostrand Company

Space and Time, by Carl Benedicks, formerly professor of physics at the University of Stockholm. Discussion of the ideas of space and time as developed by Einstein from an experimental physicist's standpoint. B. P. Dutton & Co.



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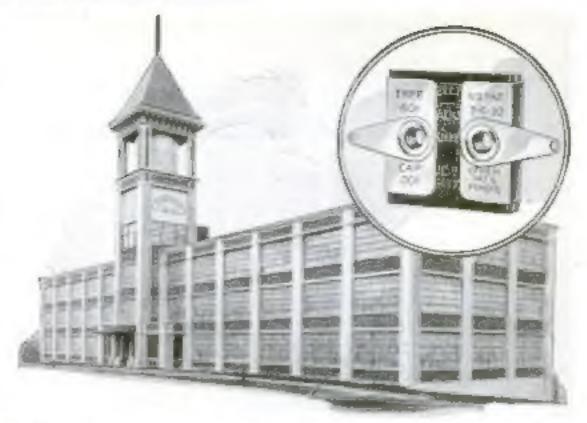
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#### Here Are Correct Answers to Questions on Page 69

- 1. They are forced up by atmospheric pressure. When you suck on the straw, that makes a partial vacuum in your mouth and in the upper part of the straw. Instantly the pressure of the air outside forces some of the liquid into your mouth, just as it does with any kind of a suction
- 2. To prevent the breaking of their ear drums. The part of the ear back of the dram communicates by means of a tube with the throat. If the mouth is open, the air wave from the fired gun goes in through the throat as well as into the ear-Its push against the outside of the drum will be neutralized by an equal push against the inside.
- 3. Several kinds are known. The commonest is made by dissolving a little co-balt chloride in water. This makes a light pink solution. Writing made with it is invisible so long as it is damp. When you heat it and dry it out, it turns blue and can be read. Let it stand a while and it will take up moisture again from the air, turn light pink and disappear. This may be repeated many times.
- Nearly 1,600,000 miles; about 18½ miles a second.
- 5. The waves wear down the rocks and break them up. The fine dust that is produced is carried out to sea by the water and in deposited on the bottom, but the coarser particles stay on the beach and make the sand.
- 6. Places in which the sun is cooler and does not give out quite so much heat and light. They are believed to be caused by great whirling storms in the surface layers of the sun. Some of them are large enough for five or six spheres like the earth to be dropped inside the whirling center of the storm.
- Hydrogen peroxide sets free an especially active kind of oxygen. This active oxygen combines chemically with the colored substances in the hair and turns them into other compounds that are colorless or light yellow.
- 8. If there were any air inside the bulb the hot tungsten in the filament would combine with the oxygen of the air and burn up, just as a cotton thread would burn up in a hot furnace.
- 9. By means of a blanket of fut that almost entirely surrounds the body. It is this fat or blubber that provides much of the oil we get from whales.
- 10. Because it is only when it is hot that it emits the continual atream of electrons needed to operate the vacuum This ability of hot metallic wires to emit electrons in a vacuum is what scientists call "thermionic emission."
- 11. A kind of eucalyptus, or blue-gum, which grown in Australia. Individual trees of this species have been known to grow 400 feet tall.
- 12. This is another effect of the chemical discharged by your adrenal glands. This chemical makes all the tiny blood vessels in the skin and in the surface layers of the body contract so that most of the blood is squeezed out of them. Of course, this has the effect of making your face seem whiter.



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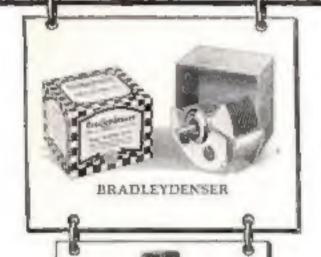
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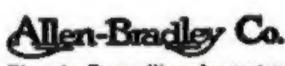
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# COLGATE

#### softens the beard at the base



#### YESTERDAY~

Many men have been good or great or both, in spite of whiskers that were as needless as four-wheel brakes on a wheelbarrow.

It is well, therefore, to approach the old plush album in a spirit of reverence. Behind Uncle Zacharlah's bewildering begonias there may have been genial -pulses that never got the publicity they

Imagine now your own radiance would be dimmed if a tangled mass of whiskers made you look like a partial eclipse.

Formunately there is no longer any reason why a man should permit a basketful of furniture stuffing to make him seem what he is not,

Colgare's Rapid-Shave Cream has made shaving so easy, and has taken disconsfort our of it so thoroughly, that whiskers have ceased to crowd into society, and few of them continue to accumulate icicles.

A clean shave daily has become a business as well as a soc al requirement.



#### TODAY~

Colgate's Rapid-Shave Cream makes a wonderful lather for easy and comfortable shaving.

It emulsifies the oily coating upon each hair of the beard, permitting moisture to penetrate and soften it at the base, where the razor's work is done.

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